

AXM - E0404

Designing and Creating Virtual Worlds

Agenda

- 0920 - 0940: Group 4 & 5 present the news and we discuss
- 0940 - 1010: Lecture on Immersion and Presence in VR
- 1015 - 1040: Lecture on Storytelling
- 1045 - 1100: Lecture on Storyboarding for VR
- 1105 - 1140: Discussing your assignments
- 1140 - 1200: Mozilla Hubs example from previous years

Flinga exercise: <https://edu.flinga.fi/s/ECFPC6B>

Frameworks (Derived from Mel Slater)

- Immersion

- Presence:

Place Illusion (PI)

Plausibility

- Coherence

Immersion

“the extent to which a computerized system is capable of offering to the user the illusion of reality at once being:

- Inclusive: Extent to which the physical reality is shut out
- Vast: Range of sensory modalities
- Surrounding: What is the field-of-view
- Vivid: Resolution, fidelity, variety of energy

Slater et.al (2009): Objective property of a system that supports natural sensorimotor contingencies

Presence

“the qualia of having a sensation of being in a real place”

&

“in spite of the sure knowledge that you are not there” (Slater et. al, 2009)



Image credits: BeatSaber

Presence

“the qualia of having a sensation of being in a real place”

&

“in spite of the sure knowledge that you are not there” (Slater, 2009)

Presence characterised by:

- Place illusion: feeling of being in a place - relates more to the VR environment
- &
- Plausibility: whether what is happening is actually happening (Slater, 2009)

Coherence

Context and set of rules within the simulation defining the validity of the experience (Skarbez et. al, 2017)



Image credits: Skarbez et. al

Coherence

Context and set of rules within the simulation defining the validity of the experience (Skarbez et. al, 2017)

- Virtual Human Behaviour or NPCs (non-player characters)
- Virtual body: avatar
- Physical Interactions: intuitively and “realistic” or “believable”
- Scenario: environment

Slater et al's study: Positive Illusions of Self



Time (as an aspect of presence)

Different mechanisms for manipulating time in VR:

- Time dilation
- Parallel Realities: time varying virtual worlds
- Non-linear narratives
- Time travel

Time dilation



Slater et.al's study: Time travel in VR



Other definitions

Immersion:

- “a psychological state characterized by perceiving oneself to be enveloped by, included in, and interacting with an environment that provides a continuous stream of stimuli and experiences” (Witmer and Singer, 1998)
- “the degree which the range of sensory channel is engaged by the virtual simulation” (Kim and Biocca, 2018)

Other definitions

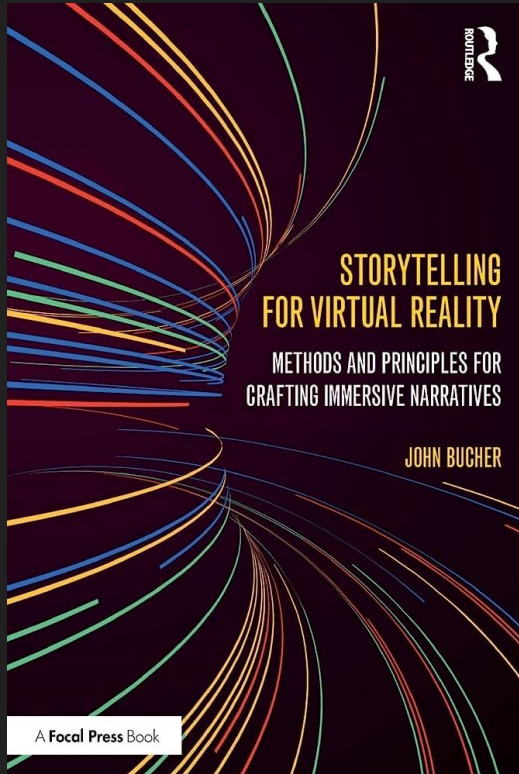
Presence:

- “the extent to which one feels present in the mediated environment” (Yang et al., 2021)
- “the subjective perception of being in a particular place, even if situated physically somewhere else” (Jaalama et al., 2021)
- “the subjective feeling of the user of physically being in the virtual environment rather than in the place where the body is located” (Rauscher, 2021)

Frameworks

- Immersion
- Presence:
 - Place Illusion (PI)
 - Plausibility
- Coherence

Storytelling for Virtual Reality - John Bucher



- Principles for storytelling.
- How stories can be structured, created, and told in immersive virtual spaces.



Storytelling for Virtual Reality - Bucher

- First-time VR users often have a visceral reaction wherein the medium could dominate more than the narrative itself.
- Engaging with users is more of a dialogue or a dance than an experience forced upon them.
- Emotional journey.

Storytelling for Virtual Reality - Bucher

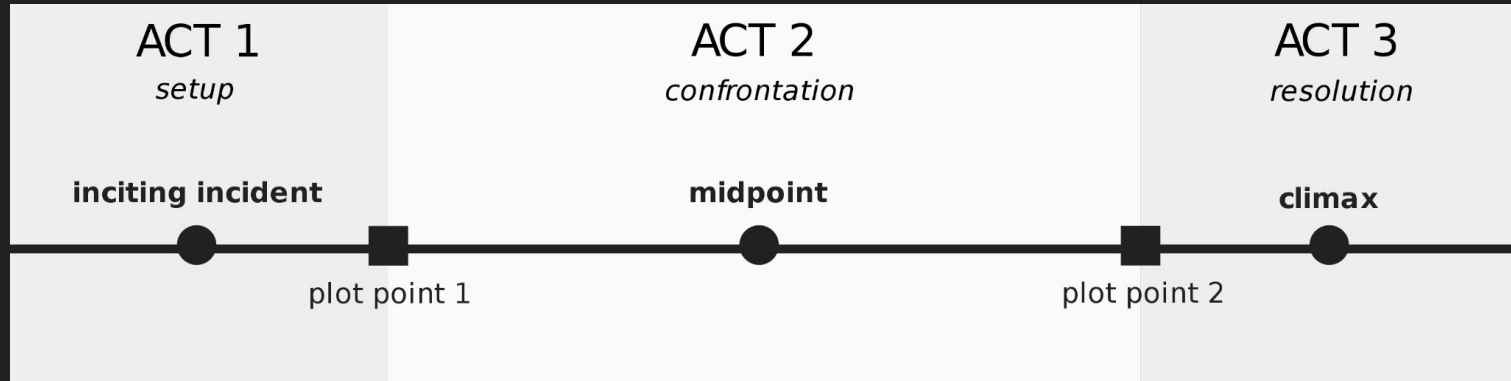
- Chris Milk: VR the ultimate empathy machine (?)
- Characters, avatars, and social aspects



BeAnotherLab - Gender Swap experiment

Storytelling for Virtual Reality - Bucher

- Three-act structure still relevant.
- Environment
- Every element in the VR world should have a purpose.



Storytelling for Virtual Reality - Bucher

- Opting in and out at any moment.
- Considerations for a variety of reactions.
- Metaphors and room for imagination as opposed to being literal.

Storyboarding?

A visual representation of a sequence of actions broken into individual panels.



Frames (Animation and Films)

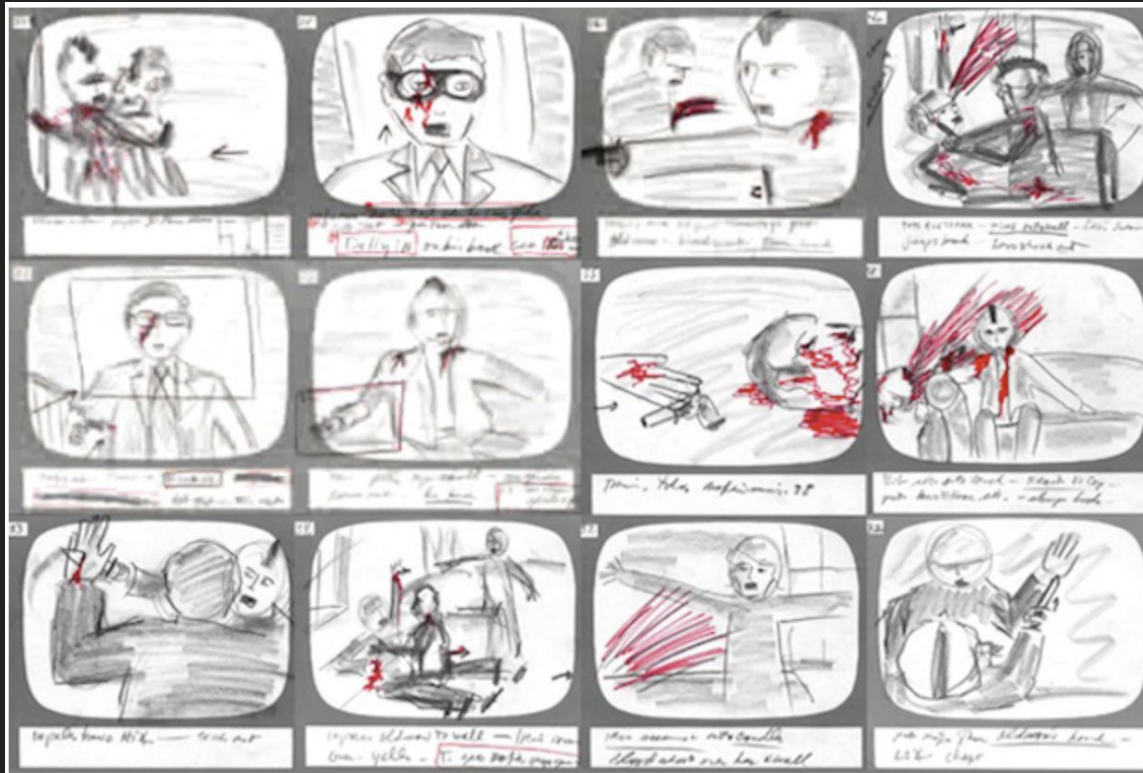


Frames (Animation and Films)

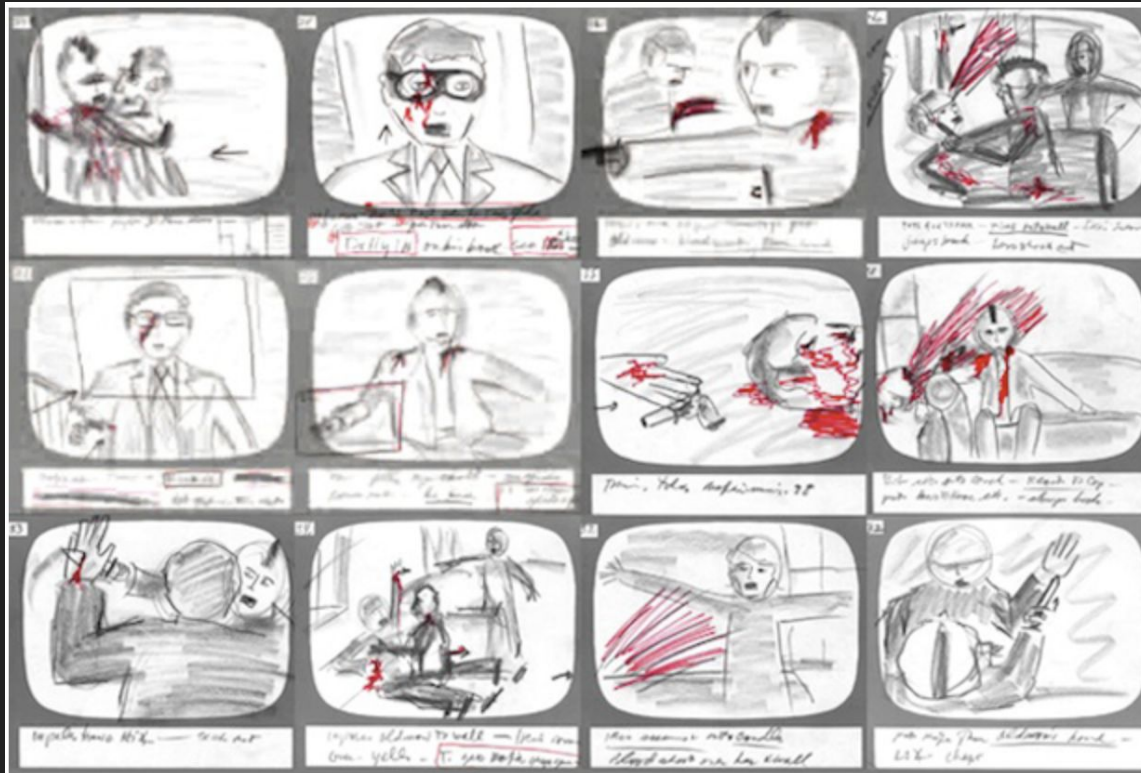


Disney - Three Little Pigs (1933)

Frames (Animation and Films)



Frames (Animation and Films)

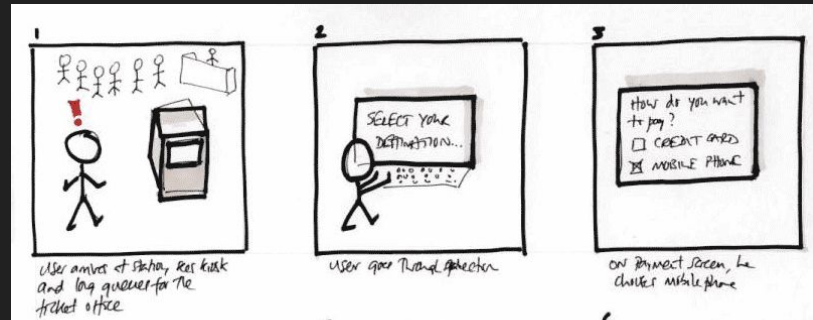


Taxi Driver (1976) -
Martin Scorsese



Where else?

- Theatre
- Businesses
- Software systems
- Scientific research



ATTENTION

Where are you visible? How do you rise above the noise?

INTEREST

What piques the customer's interest? How? Why?

DESIRE

Are you connecting with an important problem scenario?

Games



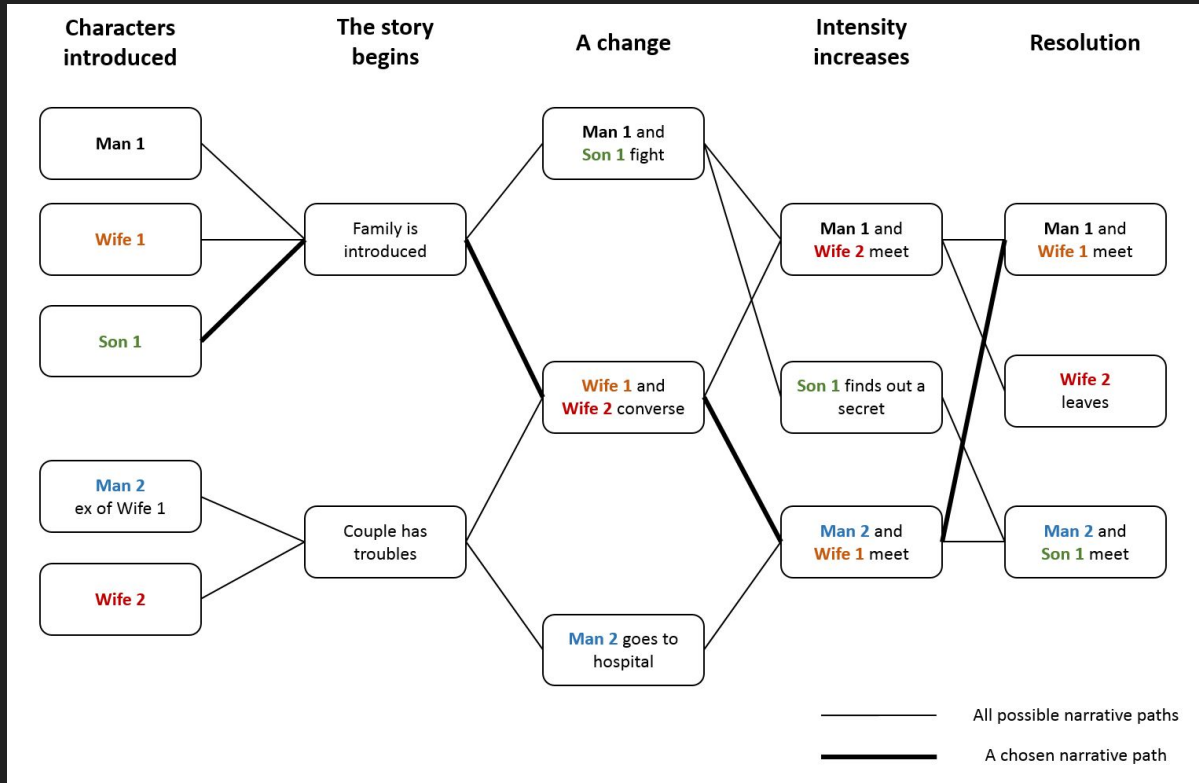
Games



BioShock Infinite (2013) -
Irrational Games

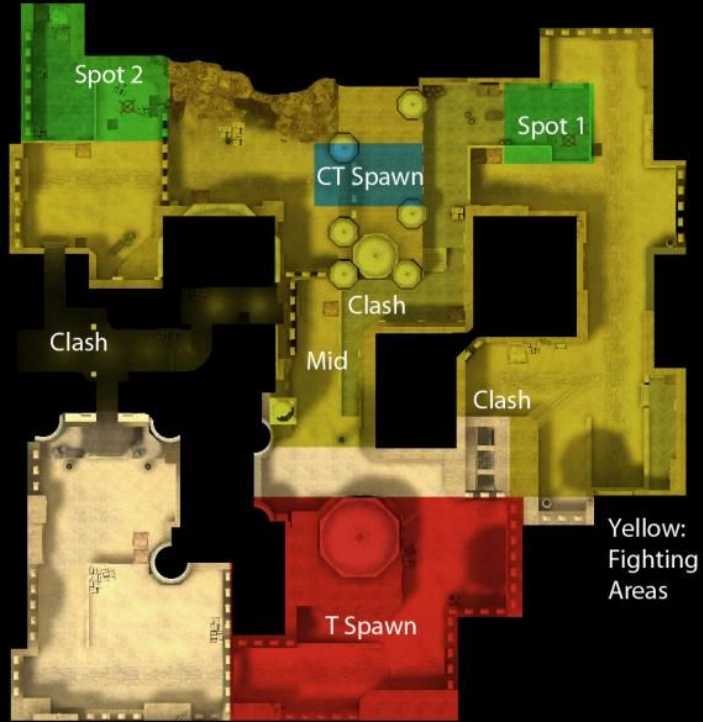


Games

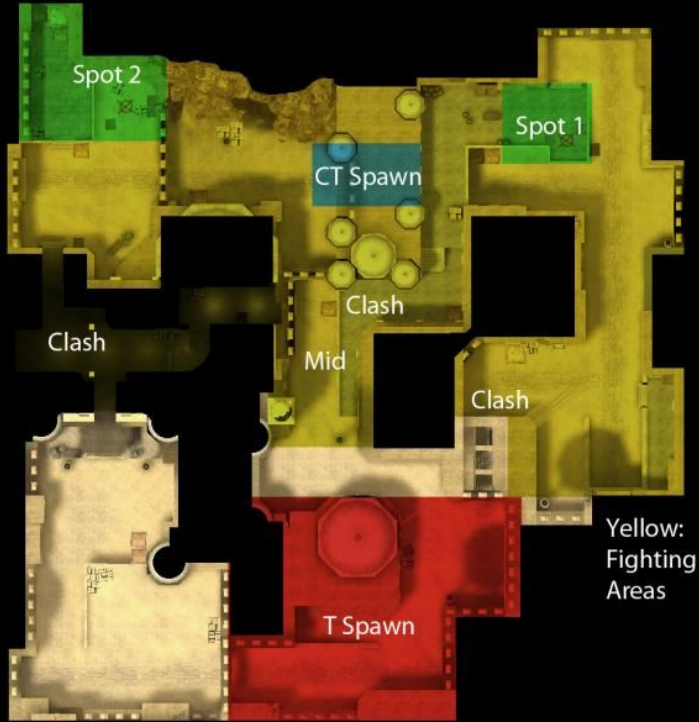


Adventure games with
branching storylines

Overview - Mapping?



Overview - Mapping



Overview - Mapping



Everyday Vrealities -

Timo Wright & Co

<https://vimeo.com/757079424>

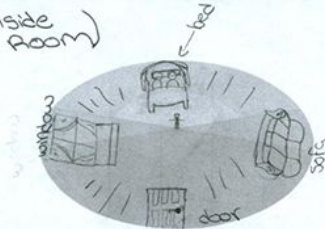
What about VR?

- Considering a First-Person (FP) camera view with higher Field of View (FOV).
- Sense of presence, i.e “actually being there”.
- User’s agency: take into consideration the “uncanny valley”.

What about VR?

The Unknown war? Storyboards

(Inside A Room)



The user will be located in a room. Children are sleeping (3:00am)

(Inside A Room)



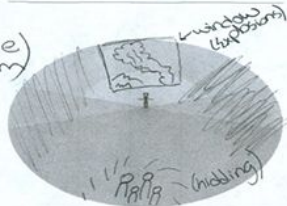
A high weird sound wakes up the children.

(Inside A Room)



children were crying and scared of that sound

(inside A Room)



The user will be located in front of the window and will see the explosions when the user turns back, they will see the Family hiding

(outside)



The user will be located outside, will see people running from the airstrike

(outside)



User will see some children talking about war and what they felt.

The unknown war

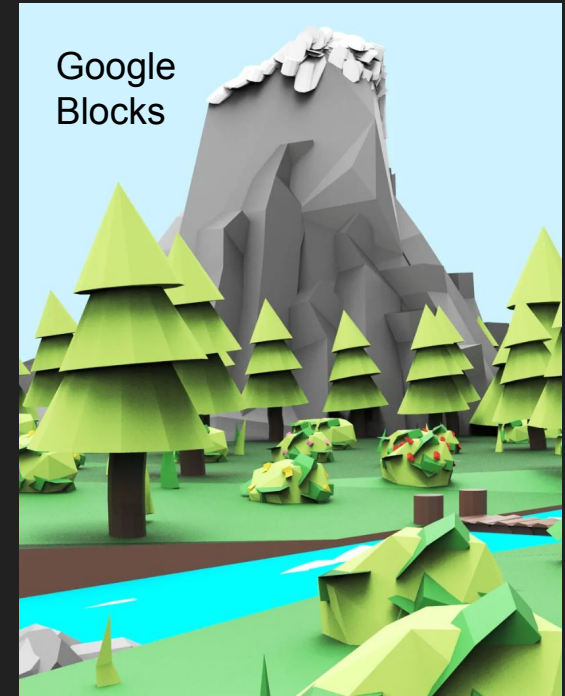
By Loyal Al Shaba

<http://www.layalalshaba.com/rtd>

A''

Aalto University

Sketching in VR



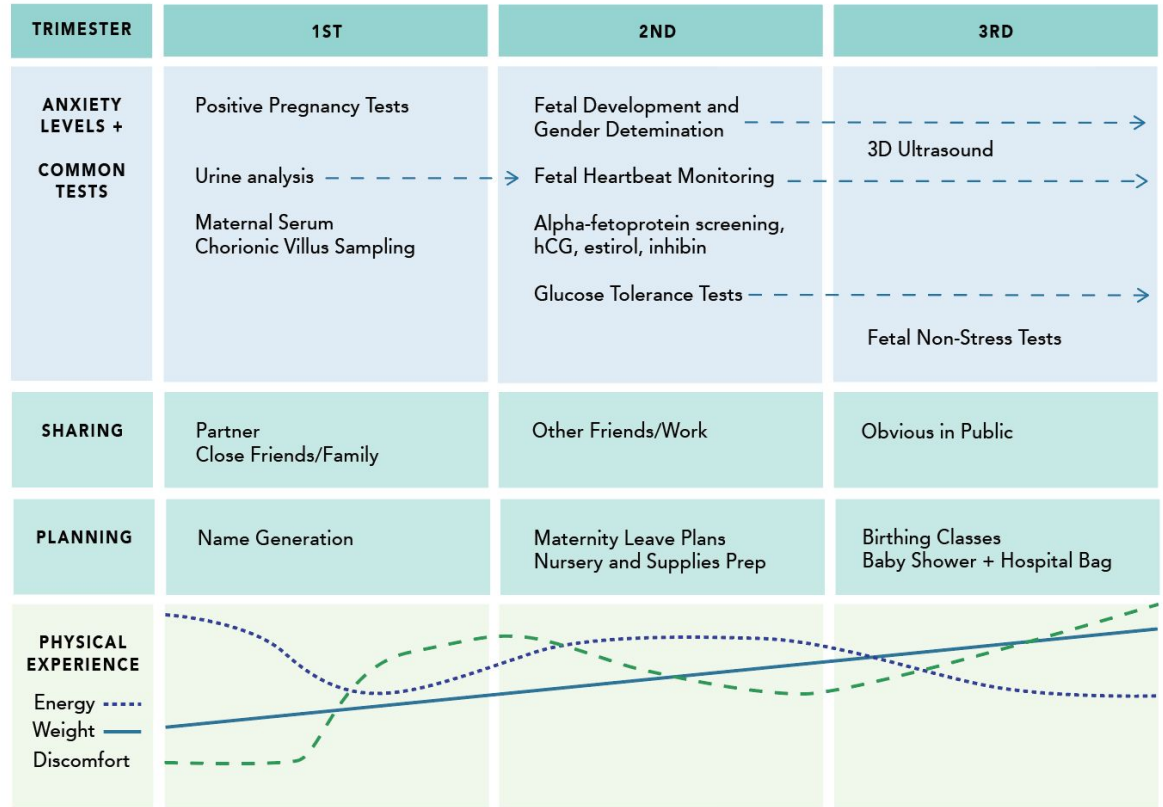
Benefits of storyboarding

- Visualizing your design and gaining better insight.
- Iterative planning from the perspective of a user.
- Anchored vision for your whole team.
- Potentially identifying weaknesses in your design.

UX mapping

Visualization of an end-to-end experience that a “generic” person goes through in order to accomplish a goal.

EXPERIENCE MAP Example (Pregnancy)



UX mapping

DMH

Pop-up VR
Museum



Maija

70-80 years old
Interested in art, music
and cultural heritage



Assignment 2 - Create a Storyboard

Create a sketch of a map/overview of your virtual world. Based on it, start designing a storyboard by identifying prominent sequences of scenes within your story. Take into consideration where a user may begin and end their experience as well as a series of branching set of possible narratives between these points.

