## GIS-E3010 Least-Squares Methods in Geoscience

Lecture 5, activation 2

## Exterior orientation

The error equation (linearized model) is

$$
\left[\begin{array}{l}
v_{x} \\
v_{y}
\end{array}\right]=\left[\begin{array}{lllll}
\frac{\partial f_{x}}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial f_{x}}{\partial \varphi} & \frac{\partial f_{x}}{\partial \kappa} & \frac{\partial f_{x}}{\partial X_{0}} & \frac{\partial f_{x}}{\partial Y_{0}} \\
\frac{\partial f_{x}}{\partial Z_{0}} \\
\frac{\partial f_{y}}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial f_{y}}{\partial \varphi} & \frac{\partial f_{y}}{\partial \kappa} & \frac{\partial f_{y}}{\partial X_{0}} & \frac{\partial f_{y}}{\partial Y_{0}}
\end{array} \frac{\partial f_{y}}{\partial Z_{0}}\right][]-\left[\begin{array}{l}
x-f_{x}^{0} \\
y-f_{y}^{0}
\end{array}\right]
$$

$$
v=A x-y
$$

What is the content of the vector $x$ (the empty vector above)? How should you interpret these parameters?

Let's assume that we have two known points which have been identified from images (this is not enough to make solution). However, write (symbolically) the contents of a matrix $A$ and a vector $y$ in such case. Add a subindex to $x$ and $y$ indicating the number of corresponding observation), e.g. for the first corresponding point, $y$ is

$$
y=\left[\begin{array}{l}
x_{1}-f_{x 1}^{0} \\
y_{1}-f_{y 1}^{0}
\end{array}\right]
$$

Solution:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x=\left[\begin{array}{l}
d \omega \\
d \varphi \\
d \kappa \\
d X_{0} \\
d Y_{0} \\
d Z_{0}
\end{array}\right] \quad \begin{array}{l}
\text { Interpretation is that this is a solution vector i.e. we'll get corrections to initial values of } \\
\text { unknown parameters }
\end{array} \\
& A=\left[\begin{array}{lllll}
\frac{\partial f_{x 1}}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial f_{x 1}}{\partial \varphi} & \frac{\partial f_{x 1}}{\partial \kappa} & \frac{\partial f_{x 1}}{\partial X_{0}} & \frac{\partial f_{x 1}}{\partial Y_{0}} \\
\frac{\partial f_{x 1}}{\partial Z_{y 1}} \\
\frac{\partial f_{y 1}}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial f_{y 1}}{\partial \varphi} & \frac{\partial f_{y 1}}{\partial \kappa} & \frac{\partial f_{y 1}}{\partial X_{0}} & \frac{\partial f_{y 1}}{\partial Y_{0}} \\
\frac{\partial f_{y 1}}{\partial Z_{0}} \\
\frac{\partial f_{x 2}}{\partial \varphi} & \frac{\partial f_{x 2}}{\partial \kappa} & \frac{\partial f_{x 2}}{\partial X_{0}} & \frac{\partial f_{x 2}}{\partial Y_{0}} & \frac{\partial f_{x 2}}{\partial Z_{0}} \\
\frac{\partial f_{y 2}}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial f_{y 2}}{\partial \varphi} & \frac{\partial f_{y 2}}{\partial \kappa} & \frac{\partial f_{y 2}}{\partial X_{0}} & \frac{\partial f_{y 2}}{\partial Y_{0}} \\
\frac{\partial f_{y 2}}{\partial Z_{0}}
\end{array}\right] \\
& y=\left[\begin{array}{llll}
x_{1}-f_{x 1}^{0} \\
y_{1}-f_{y 1}^{0} \\
x_{2}-f_{x 2}^{0} \\
y_{2}-f_{y 2}^{0}
\end{array}\right]
\end{aligned}
$$

