

Exercises 6.

Banach algebras

Exercise 6.1. Let \mathcal{A} be a Banach algebra. The *commutant* of a set $S \subset \mathcal{A}$ is

$$\mathcal{C}(S) := \{A \in \mathcal{A} : AB = BA \text{ for all } B \in S\}. \quad (6.1)$$

Prove the following claims:

- a) $\mathcal{C}(S)$ is a Banach (sub)algebra.
- b) $S \subset \mathcal{C}(\mathcal{C}(S))$.
- c) If $AB = BA$ for all $A, B \in S$, then $\mathcal{B} := \mathcal{C}(\mathcal{C}(S))$ is a commutative algebra such that $\sigma_{\mathcal{B}}(C) = \sigma_{\mathcal{A}}(C)$ for all $C \in \mathcal{B}$.

Exercise 6.2. In a Banach algebra \mathcal{A} , element $A \in \mathcal{A}$ is a *topological zero divisor* if there exists a sequence $(B_n)_{n=1}^{\infty} \subset \mathcal{A}$ such that $\|B_n\| = 1$ for all n and

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} AB_n = 0 = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} B_n A.$$

- (a) Show that if $(A_n)_{n=1}^{\infty} \subset G_{\mathcal{A}}$ satisfies $A_n \rightarrow A \in \partial G_{\mathcal{A}}$ then $\|A_n^{-1}\| \rightarrow \infty$.
- (b) Show that the boundary points of $G_{\mathcal{A}}$ are topological zero divisors.

Exercise 6.3. Let \mathcal{A} be a Banach algebra.

- (a) Assume that 0 is the only topological zero divisor. Show that $\mathcal{A} \cong \mathbb{C}$ isometrically. (Hint: modify the Gelfand–Mazur proof.)
- (b) Assume that there exists constant $k < \infty$ such that

$$\|A\| \|B\| \leq k \|AB\|$$

for every $A, B \in \mathcal{A}$. Show that $\mathcal{A} \cong \mathbb{C}$ isometrically. (Hint: Apply (a).)

Exercise 6.4. Let \mathcal{A} be a Banach algebra, $A, B \in \mathcal{A}$. Prove the following claims:

- (a) $\rho(AB) = \rho(BA)$.
- (b) If $A \in \mathcal{A}$ is *nilpotent* (i.e. $A^k = 0$ for some $k \in \mathbb{N}$) then $\sigma(A) = \{0\}$.
- (c) If $AB = BA$ then $\rho(AB) \leq \rho(A) \rho(B)$.