

Jmol installation and basic use

Solid State Chemistry CHEM-E4155, Antti Karttunen, Aalto University, 2021

Installation of Jmol (1)

- Jmol is a versatile program for visualization and manipulation of molecules and crystal structures
- It runs on Windows, macOS, and Linux
- We will be using Jmol throughout the exercise sessions
- Let's first "install" it in on your computer (instructions for Windows 10):

Installation of Jmol (2)

- 1. MyCourses -> Solid State Chemistry -> Software -> Jmol
- 2. Download the **zip file** on the computer (works on Windows/macOS/Linux)
- 3. Save the file anywhere you like (even Desktop is fine, that's easy to find)
- 4. Extract the zip file (for example by right-clicking and choosing Extract All...)
 - You will get a folder *jmol-x.y.z*, where *x.y.z* is the version
 - If you start Jmol from the zip file without extracting it, Jmol will not work right!
- 5. Jmol is now "installed"
- 6. Go to the folder *jmol-x.y.z* and double-click *jmol.bat* to start Jmol
 - If you do not see the file extensions, double-click the file whose type is "Windows Batch File" (small gears in a window):

📄 jmol	31.8.2018 17.40	File	1 KB
💿 jmol.bat	25.4.2019 9.19	Windows Batch File	1 KB 🗲
🛓 Jmol.jar	31.8.2018 17.40	JAR File	5 236 KB

- If *jmol.bat* does not work, try double-clicking *Jmol.jar*
- If Jmol does not start, you may need to install the Java Runtime Environment (see the next slide)

Java Runtime Environment (JRE)

• Only read this slide if

- You are using your own computer (Windows, Mac, or Linux)
- Jmol does not start when you double-click *jmol.bat* or *Jmol.jar*
- If you are working in an Aalto Computer class, please skip this slide!
- Go to <u>https://www.java.com/en/download/</u> and click "Agree and Start Free Download"
- Install the downloaded package
- If Jmol still does not start after this, please try restarting your (Windows) computer
- Additional information:
 - You do not necessarily have to download the proprietary JRE from Oracle
 - There is also an open source alternative available at https://jdk.java.net/15/
 - It may require bit more tweaking to get it working

File menu

- We will obtain crystal structures as CIF files from various databases
- They can be opened via
 File -> Open
- "Get MOL" and "Get PDB" offer interfaces to PubChem and PDB databases. But the menu items do not always work and we will use Console instead.
- "Console..." opens up a console for typing text commands. We will use this one a lot



Loading a molecule from PubChem (1)

• Choose *File* -> *Get MOL*. Enter *:caffeine* into the input box and click OK

Input	
?	Enter the name or identifier (SMILES, InChl, CAS) of a compound. Preface with ":" to load from PubChem; otherwise Jmol will use the NCI/NIH Resolver.
	OK Cancel

- If the Get MOL menu item does nothing or gives an error, use the Console:
 - Open File -> Console
 - Type into the console load :caffeine
 - There must be a space between load and :, but not between : and caffeine
- Jmol will load the molecule from PubChem
- <u>https://pubchem.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/</u>
- Over 109 000 000 compounds (2021-01-12)

Loading a molecule from PubChem (2)

- After the caffeine molecule has loaded, try moving it:
 - Hold left mouse button to *rotate*
 - Use mouse wheel to zoom
 - Ctrl + right mouse button to translate
 - Shift + left button:
 - Mouse left/right: rotate in plane
 - Mouse up/down: zoom
- Right-click the window to get a menu
 - Try measuring some distances and angles
 - Set Distance units to Angstroms before measurements

File •	
2519	
model 1/1	
Configurations	
Select (24)	
View •	121.8°
Style 🕨	
Color 🔸	
Surfaces	
Symmetry >	
Scenes 🕨	
Zoom 🕨	
Spin 🕨	~
Vibration	
Spectra 🕨	
Animation	
Measurements	☑ Show Measurements
Set picking	Double-Click begins and ends all measurements
Console	Click for distance measurement
JavaScript Console	Click for angle measurement
Show •	Click for torsion (dihedral) measurement
Computation •	Click two atoms to display a sequence in the console
Language 🕨 🕨	Delete measurements
About	List measurements
	Distance units nanometers
	Distance units Angstroms
-	

Controls

- Try changing the display settings
 - CPK spacefill -> sometimes very useful for understanding e.g. steric constraints
 - You can also select just some atoms and then change their properties

Select (24)	•	Display Selected Only			
View	•	Selection Halos			
Style	•	All			
Color	•	None			
Surfaces	•	Invert Selection			
Symmetry	•	Element	•	H - hydrogen	
Scenes	Þ	Symmetry	Þ	C - carbon	
Zoom	•	Protein	•	N - nitrogen	
Spin	•	Nucleic	•	O - oxygen	
100 0					



Model kit

- Jmol can also be used to build molecules
 (it is not an ideal solution for that)
- You can try the model kit and for example modify the caffeine molecule
- Warning! The *Drag atom (and minimize)* tool can be very addictive! (choose it, start dragging an atom and see what happens when you release the mouse button)



- Try to load few more molecules with "Get MOL" or Console -> load :molecule
 - :aspirin, :ibuprofen, :dodecahedrane, :tnt, your favorite molecule, ...
- Some additional commands that may be helpful (but not used on this course):
 - To export the XYZ coordinates of any molecule, first open *File -> Console*
 - To print out the XYZ coordinates (for copy-pasting), execute write xyz
 - write filename.xyz writes directly to a file (in the Jmol folder)

Point group symmetries

- One more useful feature in Jmol is the point group symmetry detection
- open *File -> Console*
- Execute load :cubane to directly load cubane from PubChem
- Execute calculate pointgroup to determine the point group symmetry -> Oh!
- For more information, execute **help calculate** (*e.g.* to make the search less strict)



Loading a crystal structure from Crystallography Open Database (COD)

- COD (<u>http://www.crystallography.net/</u>) is an open access crystal structure database
- Using COD from Jmol is very easy:
 - First, find out the COD ID of the crystal structure via the COD web interface
 - Let's use a NaCl structure as an example (COD ID 1000041)
 - In Jmol, open File -> Console
 - Type into the console: load =cod/1000041
 - There must be one space between load and =
- The structure should load right away!
- This is easier than saving a CIF from COD and opening it in Jmol (File -> Open)
- The structure probably first looks like this:
- Let's modify the appearance next



Tuning crystal structure appearance

- To show the unit cell properly, type into the console: load "" {1 1 1}
 - "" = two quotes. Note that {1 1 1} has spaces between the numbers!
 - load "" means "reload the current structure"
 - load "" {a b c} can be used to draw any kind of supercell, e.g. load "" {4 2 2}
 - The other way is to right-click -> Symmetry -> Reload {1 1 1}
- Draw bonds with connect 3.0 (connects all atoms with distance < 3.0 Å)
 - More generally: connect 2.5 3.0 {_Na} {_Cl} (min, max, from_atom, to_atom)
 - Execute help connect if you want to have more information



Further tips for crystal structures

- Load a larger supercell by entering the following:
 - load "" {2 2 2}
 - connect 3.0
- To see unit cell edges better, increase the edge width:
- Symmetry -> HM:Fm-3m can be used to visualize space group symmetry operations! Try e.g. C₃ rotation 3 or mirror plane 23
- Distance measurements work similarly to molecules
 - Right-click -> Measurements
 - You can also use the measurement tool in the main menu bar: Ins Macros





Advanced Jmol topics (starting from Lecture 8)

Visualizing vibrations with Jmol

- Vibrational modes can be visualized in Jmol
 - This enables us to interpret IR/Raman spectra
 - ... after someone has first run the quantum chemical spectrum calculation
- Download Materials -> Data files for lectures -> Lecture 8 -> H2O_freq.log
- The file includes the vibrational modes of H₂O
- Open the file in Jmol (Jmol first loads the structure of H₂O)
- To visualize the vibrational modes, go to **Tools** -> **AtomSetChooser**.
- The vibrational frequencies are under Calculation 1 -> Frequencies ->
- Choose a mode and click "Play" button under "Vibration": Vibration
- "Amplitude" slider can be used to increase the amplitude
- Period slider can be used to make the vibration slower of faster

Amplitude	Period		
	\Box		

- **Important**: you typically need much larger amplitude for visualization :
 - Right-click the main screen -> "Vibration" -> "*2" (can be done several times)



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