

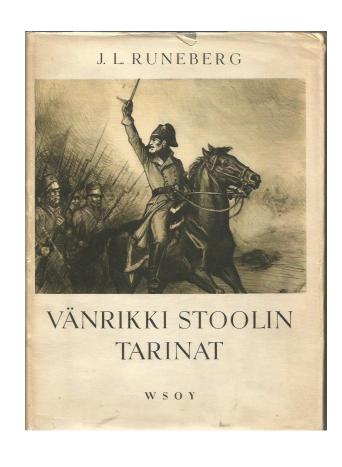
GET TO KNOW FINLAND

Friday 5.2. 10.15-11.45

FLAGS ARE FLYING TODAY, WHY?

TODAY IS NATIONAL POET J. L. RUNEBERG DAY







THE FINNISH WAY OF LIFE

- 1) A society of trust
- 2) Customs and manners

THE FINNISH WAY OF LIFE: CUSTOMS AND MANNERS

Shortly introduce your part of the pre-task text "A guide to Finnish customs and manners" and then discuss:

What did you find interesting/odd/nice..? Why?

What feels approachable (or unapproachable)? Why?

What did you find similar/different to your home country?

The Finnish way of life:
Some customs and manners

punctuality

low key, informal

equality

help yourself!

no shoes at home

recycling

two official languages: Finnish and Swedish

sauna (more or less)





FINLAND: A SOCIETY OF TRUST

Eurobarometer 2018: Finns are the most trusting people in Europe

"In the Nordics, high levels of trust can be explained by a welfare model based on equality and a universal right to basic services. This prevents "us" vs "them" division from forming."

- Maria Bäck, Political researcher at Åbo Akademi.

(YLE News 23.6.2018.)

Transparency International 2019: Finland is the 3rd least corrupt country in the world

FINLAND: A SOCIETY OF TRUST

Eurobarometer 2019: What do Finnish people have trust in?

94 % trust in the police

(Poliisibarometri 2020: 91 % trust in the police)

84 % trust in judicial system

71 % trust in the press

56 % trust in the EU

12 % trust in the social media



(https://ec.europa.eu/finland/sites/finland/files/eb92.pdf)

FINLAND: A SOCIETY OF TRUST

Video: Well done, Finland!

Share your thoughts on the pre-task (and the previous slides) in your group

- Would you trust a stranger?
- How would you describe the trust in society in your home country compared to Finland? Discuss the examples in the text: e.g. having somebody return your lost valuables, independence of children at early age, and following rules.
- What is corruption? What does it mean? Have you experienced/seen corruption in your life?
- How is the society organized in your home country? E.g. "public" vs. "private"

Finland - A welfare system

- The society is organized by a broad and effective public sector
- Public schools, communal day-care system, public health care
- High taxes
- Openness across social systems: e.g. yearly tax and income data, possibility to participate in the national core curriculum process
- Equality

Finland - A welfare system

"In Finland, the social security system aims to safeguard sufficient economic security in all life situations." (*Kela.fi*)

Social security in Finland O O Based on residence O O Based on employment Kela Pension (The Social companies, Municipalities Unemployment Insurance private funds Institution of insurance Finland) Earnings-National Social Social Unemployment related benefits services assistance pension pensions Benefits Sickness for accidents Informal and disability Healthcare at work and care benefits, reháallowance occupational bilitation diseases Parental and family benefits Housing benefits Student financial aid Kela

Finland uses almost a third of its GDP to support the welfare state.

FINLAND — A WELFARE SYSTEM



Äitiyspakkaus, "maternity package"

1937 to disadvantaged mothers (to bring them into social security system)

1949 to all mothers

FINLAND: THE HAPPIEST COUNTRY IN THE WORLD?

Video: Is Finland really the happiest country in the world?

United Nations World Happiness Report 2020: Finland is the

happiest country in the world for the 3rd year in a row

Happy or just content?

Trust in society: social trust, trust in the government

Welfare system

Safe environments

Healthy life

FINLAND: THE HAPPIEST COUNTRY IN THE WORLD?

Finnish institute for health and welfare (Sep 5, 2018): "Alcohol consumption in Finland has decreased, but over half a million are still at risk from excessive drinking."

Suicide rates by country 2019: Finland 23rd in the listing