

Freut mich 1 Translations

A wie Anfang (p. 7)

Get to know the people in this book. Which cities do they live in? Find them on the map.

Have you been to any German speaking country? Where have you been? Where would you like to go? Why?

Einleitung (p. 8)

1. You can already understand some German! Look at the words with your partner. Figure out what they mean in pairs. What else do you notice?

2. Repeat the numbers and practice your pronunciation.

Pronunciation (p. 9)

ä → [e] [e:]

Gäste (*guests*), Bäckerei (*bakery*), Käse (*cheese*),
Dänemark

ü → [y]

fünf, München, tschüss

ei → [ai]

eins, zwei, drei, nein (*no*)

ie → [i:]

sieben, die, Sie (*you – polite form*), Wien

eu, äu → [oi]

neun, Europa, freut mich, Häuser (*houses*)

v → [f]

vier, Volkswagen, Vater (*father*), viel (*a lot*)

w → [v]

willkommen, Wein, Winter

h inside/at the end of a syllable

→ is not pronounced, prolongs
the vocal before it

zehn, wie geht's (*how are you*), auf Wiedersehen
(*goodbye*)

ch → [x] [ç]

chs → [ks]

ig at the end of a word → [ç]

r at the end of a syllable → [ə]

s at the beginning of a syllable

→ [z]

s+consonant, sch → [ʃ]

s at the end of a syllable → [s]

z → [ts]

double consonants are

pronounced short

acht, **Bach**, **ich** (*I*), **mich**

sechs, **Lachs** (*salmon*), **Sachsen**

dreißig, **vierzig**, **Leipzig**

Bier, **der**, **Herr Müller**

sechs, **sieben**, **Sauna**

sprechen (*speak*), **Straße** (*road*), **Deutsch**,

Schweiz

eins, **das**, **Haus**

zwanzig, **Zoo**, **Zürich**

hallo, **willkommen**, **bitte**

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3. How do you say the following numbers?

4. Fill in the missing numbers by referring to the previous exercise.

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5. Write the numbers that you hear.

Greeting

Greeting (polite)

- Guten Morgen, Herr Kunzmann.
- Guten Morgen, Frau Wieland. Wie geht es Ihnen?
- Danke, gut. Und Ihnen?
- Danke, gut.
- Auf Wiedersehen!
- Auf Wiedersehen!

Greeting (informal)

- Hallo Peter!
- Hallo Lena! Wie geht's?
- Danke, gut. Und dir?
- Auch gut, danke.
- Tschüs!
- Tschüs!

Meeting new people

- Guten Tag.
- Guten Tag. Wie ist Ihr Name?
- Mein Name ist Anke Müller.
- Freut mich, Frau Müller. Mein Name ist Jochen Schwarz.
- Freut mich, Herr Schwarz.
- Willkommen in Wien!
- Danke schön!
- Schönen Tag noch.
- Danke, gleichfalls.

Use the polite form when you meet people you don't know (well). When you use the polite form "Sie", also state the person's surname, e.g. Herr/Frau Schmidt...

Sprechen wir mal! (p. 12)**Greeting and meeting new people**

Guten Morgen/Tag/Abend!

Good morning/afternoon/evening!

Grüß Gott!

Good morning/afternoon/evening! (Southern Germany and Austria)

Hallo!

Hello! / Hi!

Wie ist Ihr Name? / Wie ist dein Name?

Wie heißen Sie? / Wie heißt du?

What's your name? (polite)/ (informal)

Mein Name ist... / Ich heiße...

My name is...

Wie bitte?

Excuse me? / Come again?

Freut mich!

Nice to meet you!

Willkommen / Herzlich willkommen in Berlin!

Welcome to Berlin!

Wie geht es Ihnen? / Wie geht's (dir)?

How are you? (polite) / (informal)

Danke, gut.

Fine, thanks.

Auf Wiedersehen!

Goodbye!

Tschüss!

Bye bye!

Schönen Tag noch.

Have a nice day.

Danke, gleichfalls.

Thanks, you too/likewise!

6. Number the greetings in the order that you hear them.

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7. In the following conversation, the lines are not in the correct order. Arrange them in the right order.

8. In a hotel, you meet someone and you have a short conversation. Have the conversation with your partner using the phrases in the *Sprechen wir mal!* section. Greet them, introduce yourself, ask how (s)he is doing, and say goodbye.