

$$\underline{\underline{\vec{g} \approx g_0 \cdot \left(\frac{r_e}{\|\vec{p}\|^2} \right)}}$$

$$\vec{F}_g = m \cdot g_0 \cdot \left(\frac{r_e}{\|\vec{p}\|^2} \right) \cdot \vec{u}_g$$

$$= m \cdot g_0 \cdot \left(-\frac{r_e \cdot \vec{p}}{\|\vec{p}\|^3} \right)$$

$$\vec{F}_p = F_p \cdot \vec{u}_p = F_p \cdot \frac{1}{\|\vec{p}\|} \begin{pmatrix} -p^y \\ p^x \end{pmatrix}$$

$$m \cdot \vec{a} = \vec{F}_g + \vec{F}_p$$

$$m \cdot \vec{a} = -m \cdot g_0 \cdot r_e^2 \cdot \frac{\vec{p}}{\|\vec{p}\|^3} + F_p \cdot \frac{1}{\|\vec{p}\|} \begin{pmatrix} -p^y \\ p^x \end{pmatrix}$$

input: $U(t)$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \vec{p}$$

\vec{p}

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \frac{d p^x}{d t} &= \frac{d p^x}{d t} \\ \frac{d p^y}{d t} &= \frac{d p^y}{d t} \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$\frac{d^2 p^x}{d t^2} = -g_0 \cdot r_e^2 \cdot \frac{p^x}{\|\vec{p}\|^3} - U \cdot \frac{p^y}{\|\vec{p}\|} \cdot \frac{1}{m}$$

$$\frac{d^2 p^y}{d t^2} = -g_0 \cdot r_e^2 \cdot \frac{p^y}{\|\vec{p}\|^3} + U \cdot \frac{p^x}{\|\vec{p}\|} \cdot \frac{1}{m}$$

$\vec{p} = \begin{pmatrix} p^x \\ p^y \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix}$

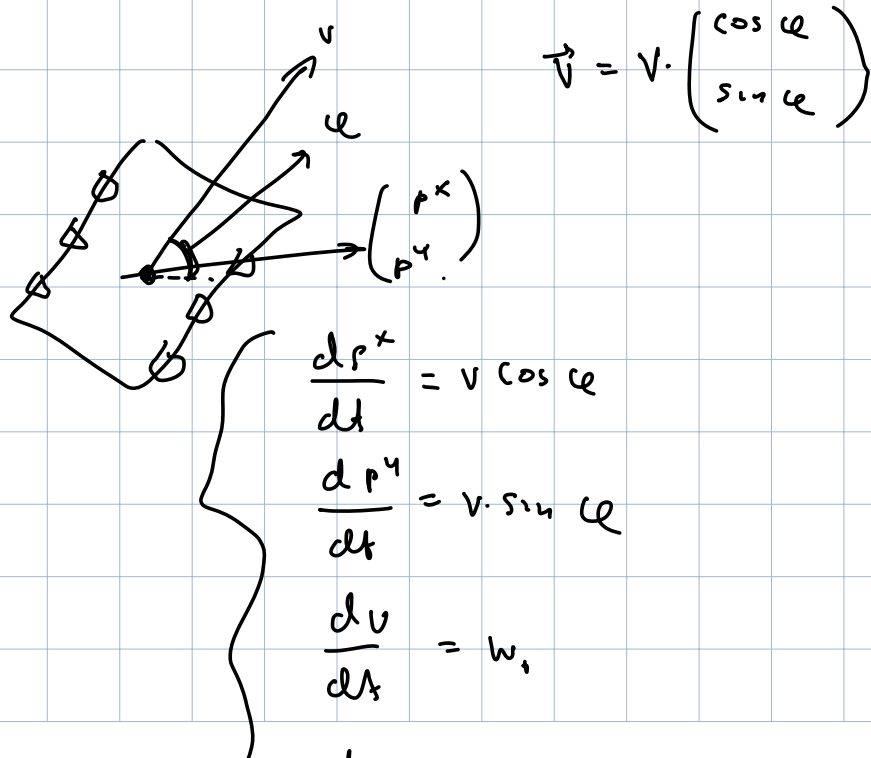
$$\vec{x} = \begin{pmatrix} dp^x/dt \\ dp^y/dt \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{d\vec{x}}{dt} = \begin{pmatrix} x_3 \\ x_1 \\ -g_0 \cdot r_0 \frac{x_1}{\sqrt{x_1^2 + x_2^2}} \\ -1 - x_2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -\frac{x_2/l}{\sqrt{x_1^2 + x_2^2}} \\ \frac{x_1/l}{\sqrt{x_1^2 + x_2^2}} \end{pmatrix} \vec{u}$$

$\nearrow \vec{F}(\vec{x})$ $\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{\vec{B}_0(\vec{x})} \vec{u}$

$\neq A \vec{x}$

$$\frac{d\vec{x}}{dt} = \vec{F}(\vec{x}) + \vec{B}_0(\vec{x}) \vec{u}$$



$$\vec{x} = \begin{pmatrix} p^x \\ p^y \\ v \\ \varphi \end{pmatrix}, \quad \frac{d\varphi}{dt} = \omega_2$$

$$\frac{d\vec{x}}{dt} = \begin{pmatrix} x_3 \cos x_4 \\ x_3 \sin x_4 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} w_1 \\ w_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{y} = \text{position + noise} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \vec{x} + \vec{q}$$

wheel sensors

$$\left\{ \begin{aligned} \frac{dp^x(t)}{dt} &= v(t) \cos \varphi(t) + w_1 \\ \frac{dp^y(t)}{dt} &= v(t) \sin \varphi(t) + w_2 \\ \frac{d\varphi(t)}{dt} &= \omega_{\text{gyro}}(t) + w_3 \end{aligned} \right.$$

↑
gyro

$$\vec{x} = \begin{pmatrix} p^x \\ p^y \\ \varphi \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{f}(\vec{x}, t) = \begin{pmatrix} v(t) \cos x_3 \\ v(t) \sin x_3 \\ \omega_{\text{gyro}}(t) \end{pmatrix}$$