Matrix Algebra MS-A0001 Hakula Mock Exam, 2022

I'll be available on Zoom on Dec 12, if you have any questions. I'll also write up solutions or at least ideas of solutions...

PROBLEM 1 Given

$$A = \left(\begin{array}{cc} 0 & 1\\ 0 & -1 \end{array}\right),$$

find matrices B such that AB = BA.

PROBLEM 2 Show that, if A and B are orthogonal, then both AB and A^{-1} are orthogonal.

PROBLEM 3 (a) Are the vectors $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 & -4 & 8 \end{pmatrix}^{T}$, $\begin{pmatrix} 6 & 12 & 3 & 3 \end{pmatrix}^{T}$, $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 5 & -1 & 5 \end{pmatrix}^{T}$ linearly independent? (b) Is the vector $\begin{pmatrix} -2 & 0 & -9 & 15 \end{pmatrix}^{T}$ a linear combination of the first three?

PROBLEM 4 Let

$$A = (a_1 \ a_2 \ a_3) = \left(\begin{array}{rrrr} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 4 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \end{array}\right).$$

- (a) Compute PA = LU.
- (b) What is the volume spanned by a_i , i = 1, 2, 3?

PROBLEM 5 Let

$$A = \left(\begin{array}{rrr} 1 & 2 & 0\\ 2 & 1 & 1\\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{array}\right).$$

Find the eigenvalues and orthonormal eigenvectors.

PROBLEM 6 Let the matrix A have exactly two eigenvalues $\lambda_1 = 1$, $\lambda_2 = 1/2$, and the corresponding eigenvectors $v_1 = (1, 1)^T$, $v_2 = (-1, 1)^T$. Find the limit $\lim_{k\to\infty} A^k$.