

Course Design PED-131.2210

Teaching session II, 12.11.2019 Marja Elonheimo & Tiina Pylkkönen

COURSE DESIGN - FALL 2019 TIMETABLE

-assignment & course plan v DL 24.10.2019 WEEKS 44-45

Session 1 - 29.10.2019
Curriculum design and constructive alignment
Learning outcomes
Core content analysis

Course plan v2 DL 5.11.2019

Reading and video material

WEEKS 46-47

Session 2 - 12.11.2019
Assessment & Allwell
Teaching methods
Group work

Course plan v3
DL 18.11.2019

Reading and video material

WEEKS 48-49

Session 3 - 28.11.2019
Workload
Course feedback
ICT workshops

Course plan v4 DL 2.12.2019

Reading and video material

WEEKS 50-51

Session 4 - 12.12.2019

High quality teaching

Peer consultation about
the course plans

Case-working

Final course plan (v5)
DL 16.12.2019

Peer feedback DL 25.11.2019

Instructor feedback DL 10.12.2019

Peer groups - writing cases DL 9.12.2019

Learning outcomes for the session

After the session you are able to...

recognize
different types
of assessment
methods.

select
appropriate
assessment
method for your
course and
justify your
choices.

discuss how group size effects on selection of teaching methods.

choose and apply teaching methods supporting your learning outcomes.

Schedule for today

9.00-11.30 Morning session

- From the previous session
- Assessment and AllWell Viivi Virtanen

11.30-12.30 LUNCH

12.30-15.30 Afternoon session

- Teaching methods
- Peer groups & case working
- For the next time

From the previous session:

Hearned...

- Constructive alignment
 - Concept and how to check
 - Also in programme level
- Curricum work
 - Course as part of a programme → Not always joined up
- Curriculum map as a tool
- Core content analysis
- Intended learning outcomes
- > How to formulate
- > from students prespective

I need to study...

- Constructive alignment
- Intended learning outcomes
 - How to formulate
 - Renewing course plan with reasonable number of ILO's
- Assessment methods other than testing
- Relevant content Core content analysis
- Target group of my course

Word is free...

- I'm inspired
- How to parse student feedback into usable and unusable
- Knowledge can't be transferred like a file on a USB stick
- Thanks
- Lack of interaction compared to A!Peda
- More time to work individually
- Fun, intense and interesting discussions
- Good planning is the first step

AllWell & Assessment - Viivi Virtanen



Assessment

- How to assess learning?

Additional: Alternative assessment methods

In addition to an exam or instead of the traditional examination teacher can use, for example, the following evaluation methods:

- Modeling exams, posters, problem based exam, portfolio
- Simulations
- Learning diary
- Home examination

The teacher does not have to assess everything by him/herself, the assessment can be supported/done e.g., by:

- Peer (peer evaluation)
- Student (Self evaluation)
- External entity, such as representatives of working life doing "audit"





Share best practices:

- Peer assessment
- Assessment in large courses
- Assessing core professional skills
- Self assessment
- Alternative assessment methods in my course

Share most challenging experiences / issues related to assessment.

Lunch



When do you assess your students' learning?

Assessment phases

Diagnostic

Formative

Summative

- Before the course (knowledge mapping)
- Prior teaching (independent preparation for pre-exam)

During the course when it is possible to return to issues and use assessment in learning

After the course (final exam)



Working on with assessment methods in your course

- Formulate the assessment methods for your course.
- Add the argumentation:
 - ... How do the methods support your learning outcomes?
 - ... How do you use the assessment?
 - ... How do you inform your students about the assessment?
 - ... When do you assess?

 Use the table model (learning outcomes related to the assessment methods) if it helps to see whether the ILOs and assessment methods are in line with each others.

You can also start filling in the "Alignment check" table (at the end of course plan template)

	Teaching	Learning	Assessment	Feedback to	Feedback to
	method	activity	(scale, who	students (who	the teacher
			assesses,	provides	
			formative/summ	feedback,	
			ative	feedback on the	
			assessment,	process or the	
			emphasis on the	end product	
			final grade)		
ILO1					
ILO2					
ILO3					





Teaching methods



Discuss with your peer

Which teaching methods have you used in your courses?

Write the methods to presemo.

Which new teaching methods would you like to try in the future?

Write the methods to presemo.

https://presemo.aalto.fi/1211







Group work

Each group has one topic and task. You have ~20 min to work on your topic.

Topics:

- 1. Teaching and learning in big groups SWOT
- 2. Teaching and learning in small groups SWOT
- 3. Research & teaching
- 4. Adopting a new teaching method



1. Teaching and learning in big groups– SWOT analysis

- Take a look at the methods in presemo and choose couple of them that you would like to use in a big class.
- Make a SWOT analysis of the methods (strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, threats)
- You can also use the reading material for SWOT

Strengths	Weaknesses
Opportunities	Threats

2. Teaching and learning in small groups – SWOT analysis

- Take a look at the methods in presemo and choose couple of them that you would like to use in a small class.
- Make a SWOT analysis of the methods (strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, threats)
- You can also use the reading material for SWOT

Strengths	Weaknesses
Opportunities	Threats

3. Research & teaching

- Take a look at the following table and come up with concrete examples of teaching and learning methods.
- How could you integrate teaching and research in your field or in your course?
- What would be the challenges or benefits from learning and teaching point of views?

Use of research in learning and teaching

Students learn in small group discussions with a teacher about research findings.

STUDENTS AS PARTICIPANTS

Students learn as researchers, curriculum is designed around inquiry-based activities, and the division of roles between teacher and student is minimised.

Research-tutored

Curriculum emphasises learning focused on students writing and discussing essays and papers

Research-based

Curriculum emphasises students undertaking inquiry-based learning

EMPHASIS ON RESEARCH CONTENT

EMPHASIS ON RESEARCH PROCESSES AND PROBLEMS

Research-led Curiculum is structured around teaching current subject content

Students learn about research findings, content is dominated by faculty research interests, and information transmission is the main teaching mode. TEACHER-FOCUSED

Research-oriented Curriculum emphasises teaching processes of knowledge construction in the subject

Students learn about research processes, the curriculum emphasises as much the processes by which knowledge is produced as learning knowledge that has been achieved and faculty try to engender a research ethos through their STUDENTS AS AUDIENCE deaching.

(Healey 2005; Healey and Jenkins 2009)

4. Adopting a new teaching method

Take a look at the list of teaching methods you would like to try out in the future. Pick the method(s) that you haven't tried out in your class before.

In your group discuss about:

- What hinders you from adopting this method?
- What are the benefits in adopting the method (e.g. from the learning and teaching point of view)?
- What does the method require from your students?

Why do you use teaching methods?

Teaching methods are way to...

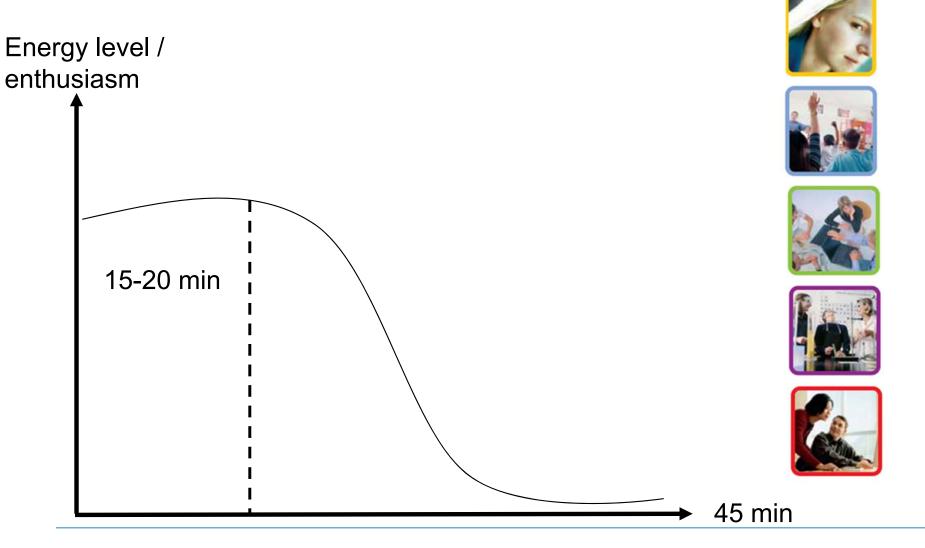
Achieve learning goals

Set the pace for a course or teaching session

Guide students' learning processes

Create and sustain interaction in teaching and learning

The rhythm of teaching vs. energy level





Examples of structuring teaching session with different activities

1. example

Independent reading Group work Information Group work Teaching

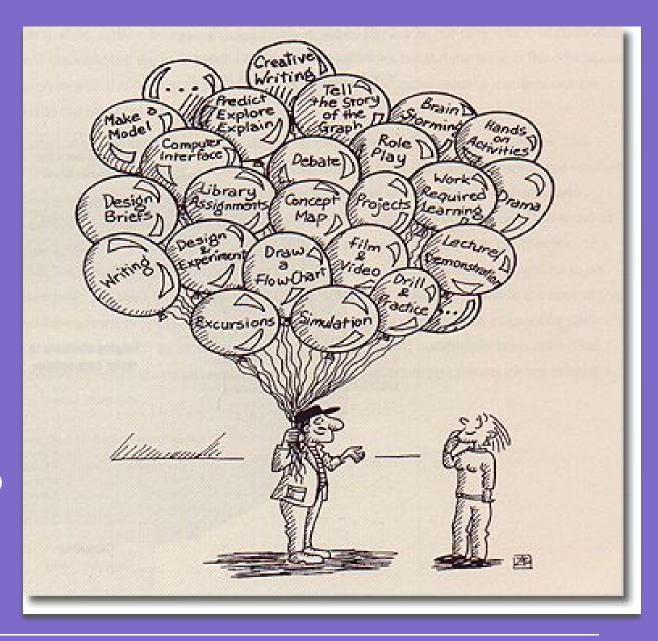
retrieval

- Before a teaching session
- During a teaching session

2. example



How do you choose your teaching methods?



A

Aalto University

Picture:

While you select teaching methods for your course, take into account... (1/2)

What do you want to achieve?

- Expanding knowledge?
- Developing expertise?
- Enabling personal growth?
- Transferring information?
- Scaffolding learning etc.

Our conceptions of learning, knowledge or human being influence our choices of methods.

While you select teaching methods for your course, take into account... (2/2)

- ... the learning outcomes (constructive alignment),
- ... the content,
- ... your discipline (traditions and conventions),
- ... your target group (their previous skills and knowledge),
- ... students' experience of the method,
- ... your own experience and knowledge of the method,
- ... resources (classroom, material, tools, time),
- ... your willingness to try a method!

Constructive alignment table from the course plan template

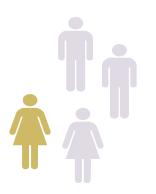
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ILO2					
ILO3					

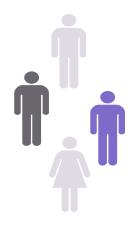


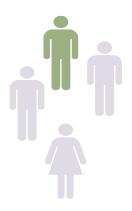
Peer groups for the course – case working

What will you do in a peer group during the course?

- As a group, you will prepare a teaching case, DL 9.12.2019
- 2. The cases will be solved in the last teaching and learning session **12.12.2019** (your group will solve a case created by other group, not your own!)









Peer group work: Write a teaching case 1/2

Your goal as a peer group is to write a teaching case that describes teaching and learning related challenge or problem.

- Discuss in a group what kind of challenges and problems you have faced in your own teaching and/or in your study program.
- Choose a realistic challenge that will form the base of your teaching case. You can choose one of the challenges that came up in your discussion. You also can combine features of several real-life challenges you've seen.

Preconditions for the case:

- Challenge/problem is realistic.
- Challenge/problem can be solved (or can be understood) by using the knowledge you gained in pedagogical courses.
- Contains all/most of the information that is needed to come up with a solution/work plan to solve the case.
- Can be solved by a multidisciplinary group of teachers in an hour. I.e. the group that is solving your case may not have a deep content knowledge of some specific field.
- Max. length is 2 pages

Peer group work: Write a teaching case 2/2

Write a case description that contains:

- Description of the relevant context: e.g., school, degree program, course, number of students, elective/compulsory course
- What is the challenge/problem you have identified? How does this challenge manifests itself? What are the consequences of the challenge/problem.
- Delimit the problem that you describe in the case so that it can be solved in an hour.
- Any other information that is relevant for solving the case. E.g. information on students study history, student feedback, teacher's teaching experience, available resources ...

Submit your case to MyCourses - Peer groups for case working - Submit your teaching case. **DL 9.12.2019.**

Choose 1-3 topics that interests you most

inheriting workload interaction a course heterogeneous large course no-show in student groups the contact assessment sessions role as a teaching commitment assistant to studies curriculum motivation misalignment thesis feedback high dropout rate approaches to learning guest **lecturers** Something else: _____



Groups

1.

Michael

Niina

Caterina

Djebar

Silvan

3.

Samuel

Anahita

Nicklas

Agdas

Ivan

5.

John

Saara

Linh

Edris

Jari

2.

Juuso

Maaria

Pantelis

Namkyu

Zachary

4.

Sebastian

Hanna

Tarik

Jussi





For the next session

- 1. Course plan, version 3
- 2. Peer feedback on course plans
- 3. One reading task + one video

Home assignment: Course plan v. 3.0 DL 18.11.2019

Write the next version of your Course plan:

- Assessment: methods, criteria, scale
- Teaching methods

Submit the course plan in MyCourses at the latest 18th November.

Your peers will give you feedback during 19.-25.11.2019!

1. Basic information:

- name of the course
- Amount of ECTS
- teaching period(s) when the course is taught
- language of the course
- Target group (Bachelor's / Master's course / Doctoral course)
- Is the course elective or mandatory

Course connections on:

- Other courses: which module course belongs to, connections with other courses, previous knowledge required and what knowledge does this course offer to other courses (e.g., is this course a pre-requisite for some other course(s)
- Course connections on program level learning outcomes (you can use Table 1, for example)
- 3. Content (for example core content analysis)
- 4. Intended learning outcomes (including also skills such as group working, presentation skills etc.)

5. Teaching methods

- Give examples of teaching sessions, assignments
- How do you use digital tools/platforms in your course (e.g. Wiki, MyCourses, Adobe Connect, A+, Rubyric, Presemo...)
- 6. Assessment: methods, criteria, scale (you can use Table 2, see the template)
- 7. Course workload (both from students and the teachers side)
- 8. Materials used during the course
- 9. How & when & on what you give feedback to students
- 10. How & when & on what students give feedback to course teacher(s) and how is it utilized?

Homework 2: CP version 3

2. Home assignment: Peer Feedback DL 25.11.2019

 Read two of your peers' course plans and give written constructive feedback on them. See the feedback chain to whom you give feedback:

WHO	TO WHOM	WHO	TO WHOM
Namkyu	Saara, Edris	Anahita	Djebar, Ivan
Saara	Sebastian, Djebar	Juuso	Pantelis, Namkyu
Sebastian	Namkyu, Jussi	Pantelis	Aqdas, Saara
Nicklas	Edris, Maaria	Aqdas	Samuel, Sebastian
Edris	Caterina, Anahita	Samuel	Hanna, John
Caterina	Tarik, Samuel	Hanna	Linh, Silvan
Tarik	Zachary, Hanna	Linh	Jari, Michael
Zachary	Ivan, Linh	Jari	Juuso, Niina
Ivan	Nicklas, Jari	John	Niina, Aqdas
Djebar	Jussi, Caterina	Michael	Silvan, Pantelis
Jussi	Maaria, Tarik	Silvan	Michael, Juuso
Maaria	Anahita, Zachary	Niina	John, Nicklas

When you give feedback:

- Pay attention to constructive alignment: Can you see the connection between ILOs (intended learning outcomes), assessment methods, content, used materials?
- Read the ILOs (intended learning outcomes): Are they written from students' perspective? Do they state the level of knowledge / skill (e.g. Bloom taxonomy) student should achieve?
- Assessment methods alignment with the learning outcomes: Do they
 measure the achieved learning outcomes or something else?
- Teaching methods: Are they planned to support achieving the learning outcomes? Is there something that should be considered when using such methods?
- Give feedback in a written form.

This might be helpful:

Assessment matrix for the course plan

	Not passed	To be completed	Accepted
Curriculum work	No connection to curriculum level planning (course connection, description of programme).	The level of the course is mentioned and also the programme but a more detailed description of course connections is missing.	Course connections are described (on which module course belongs to, connections with other courses, previous knowledge required and what knowledge does this course offer to other courses)
Learning outcomes	No description of learning objectives/outcomes or the outcomes are described so that they are not understandable.	Learning outcomes are written but are not at the right level or are not described (listing is not enough)	Learning objectives are well thought to support students learning.
Assessment	There is no description of assessment or the assessment is not aligned with the learning objectives set for the course. Assessment is not transparable.	Assessment is described partly but there are assignments that are excluded. The assessment methods cover the set learning objectives only partly.	Assessment methods are well thought and they support learning objectives. Assessment is continuous and aims to develop students' skills.
Teaching methods	There is no description of teaching methods or the connection between the methods and assessment with learning objectives is missing.	Teaching methods are varied but the connection to learning objectives and assessment is missing. Variation of teaching methods may also bee too much.	
Workload and time allocation	Workload (for students and teacher) is not calculated.	Workload is calculated but there are some important parts missing or the workload is not calculated realistically.	Workload is realistic and well calculated so that is enables the students to pass the course in given time frame.
Feedback	No evidence of student feedback.	Feedback is collected but there is no evidence of how it is used in developing teaching.	Using several channels to collect feedback. Feedback is used during the course and it aims to develop both students learning as well as the course it self.

3. Home assignment: DL 28.11.2019

Available in MyCourses >> 2. Teaching session

TO READ:

Chapters "Time is an essential prerequisite for learning" (pp.9-13) and "What is the real workload?" (pp. 13-18) in Give me time to think (Karjalainen, Alha & Jutila).

TO WATCH:

UNIPS-video: Workload

Poll about ICT workshops

Which of the ICT workshop sessions interest you most? Please choose max. 2 options

Response	Average	Total
MyCourses - learning environment	84%	16
Panopto - making videos	37%	7
Exam studio - more flexible exams	47%	9
Total responses to question	100%	19/19

- > We divide you to groups based on your answers (or randomly).
- We forward your wishes to the facilitators of the workshops.
- ➤ Workshops are held on 28.11.2019 in the afternoon session.



Feedback

Write 3 feelings (one word/ feeling) you have at the moment about today.

Thank you!

