

MS-E1280 Measure and integral, fall 2019

Homework assignment 5

Topics: Measurable functions.

Deadline 9.12.2019 at 16:00.

1. Let $f : X \rightarrow [-\infty, \infty]$ be a function. Show that f is a μ -measurable function if and only if $\{x \in X : f(x) > q\}$ is a μ -measurable set for every $q \in \mathbb{Q}$.
2. Show that $f : X \rightarrow [-\infty, \infty]$ is μ -measurable if and only if the truncation

$$f_i(x) = \begin{cases} i, & f(x) \geq i, \\ f(x), & -i < f(x) < i, \\ -i, & f(x) \leq -i, \end{cases}$$

is μ -measurable for every $i = 1, 2, \dots$

3. Show that a homomorphism $f : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$ maps Borel sets to Borel sets. Hint: $\{A \subset \mathbb{R}^n : f(A) \text{ is a Borel set}\}$ is a σ -algebra containing open sets.
4. Show that $f : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is Lebesgue measurable if and only if there are continuous functions $f_i : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, $i = 1, 2, \dots$, such that $f = \lim_{i \rightarrow \infty} f_i$ almost everywhere in \mathbb{R}^n .
5. Let $f_i : X \rightarrow [-\infty, \infty]$ be μ -measurable functions with $|f_i| < \infty$ and $|f| < \infty$ μ -almost everywhere in X for every $i = 1, 2, \dots$. Assume that $f_i \rightarrow f$ μ -almost everywhere in X as $i \rightarrow \infty$. Prove the following assertions.
 - (a) f is μ -measurable.
 - (b) f is unique up to a set of μ -measure zero, that is, if g is another function such that $f_i \rightarrow g$ μ -almost everywhere in X , then f and g coincide outside a set of μ -measure zero.
 - (c) If $g_i = f_i$ μ -almost everywhere in X for every $i = 1, 2, \dots$ and $g = f$ μ -almost everywhere in X , then $g_i \rightarrow g$ μ -almost everywhere in X as $i \rightarrow \infty$.
6. Assume that $f_i \rightarrow f$ and $g_i \rightarrow g$ in measure. Show that $f_i + g_i \rightarrow f + g$ in measure.