

MS-E1603 - Table of formulas

Inequalities

Markov	$\mathbb{P}(X \geq a) \leq \frac{\mathbb{E}(X)}{a}, a \geq 0$
Chebyshev	$\mathbb{P}(X - \mathbb{E}(X) \geq a) \leq \frac{\text{Var}(X)}{a^2}$
Cauchy-Schwarz	$\mathbb{E}(XY) \leq \sqrt{\mathbb{E}(X^2)\mathbb{E}(Y^2)}$ $(\sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i)^2 \leq (\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2) (\sum_{i=1}^n y_i^2)$
Hoeffding	$\mathbb{P}(S_n - \mathbb{E}(S_n) \geq a) \leq 2e^{-\frac{2a^2}{\sum_{i=1}^n (b_i - a_i)^2}},$ where $S_n = \sum_{i=1}^n X_i$ with $a_i \leq X_i \leq b_i, \perp$
Jensen	$\phi(\mathbb{E}(X)) \leq \mathbb{E}(\phi(X))$ for convex ϕ
Chernoff bound	$\mathbb{P}(X \geq a) \leq \inf_{t>0} e^{-ta} \mathbb{E}(e^{tX}),$
Union bound	$\mathbb{P}(\bigcup_{i=1}^n A_i) \leq \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbb{P}(A_i),$ where $n \in \mathbb{N}$ or $n = \infty$

Statistics and combinatorics

Binomial coefficient	$\binom{n}{k} = \frac{n!}{(n-k)!k!}$ $\frac{n^k}{k^k} \leq \binom{n}{k} \leq \frac{n^k}{k!}$
Binomial theorem	$(x + y)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} x^{n-k} y^k$
Inclusion-exclusion	$\mathbb{P}(\bigcup_{i=1}^n A_i) = \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbb{P}(A_i) - \sum_{i<j} \mathbb{P}(A_i \cap A_j) + \dots$
Law of total probability	$\mathbb{P}(A) = \mathbb{E}[\mathbb{P}(A X)]$ esp. $\mathbb{P}(A) = \sum_i \mathbb{P}(A X = x_i) \mathbb{P}(X = x_i)$
Law of total expectation	$\mathbb{E}(X) = \mathbb{E}[\mathbb{E}[X Y]]$
Law of total variance	$\text{Var}(X) = \text{Var}(\mathbb{E}[X Y]) + \mathbb{E}[\text{Var}(X Y)]$
"Integrating the tail"	$\mathbb{E}(X) = \int_0^\infty \mathbb{P}(X > x) dx, \text{ where } X \geq 0$
Tower property	$\mathbb{E}(X Y) = \mathbb{E}[\mathbb{E}(X Y, Z) Y]$

Convergence of random variables

In probability	$X_n \xrightarrow{p} X \iff \mathbb{P}(X_n - X \geq a) \rightarrow 0,$ for all $a > 0$
Weakly/in distribution	$X_n \xrightarrow{d} X \iff \mathbb{E}(f(X_n)) \rightarrow \mathbb{E}(f(X))$ for all bounded and continuous f
Almost surely*	$X_n \xrightarrow{a.s.} X \iff \mathbb{P}(X_n \rightarrow X) = 1$
Weak/strong laws of large numbers	(weak) $\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i \xrightarrow{p} \mathbb{E}(X)$ (strong) $\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i \xrightarrow{a.s.} \mathbb{E}(X)$ where X, X_1, X_2, \dots i.i.d.
Central limit theorem	$\frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{n}} \sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \mathbb{E}(X)) \xrightarrow{d} \mathcal{N}(0, 1)$ where X, X_1, X_2, \dots i.i.d. and $\sigma^2 = \text{Var}(X) < \infty$

Miscellaneous

"Little-o" notation	$f(x) = o(g(x)) \iff f(x)/g(x) \rightarrow 0$
"Big-o" notation	$f(x) = O(g(x)) \iff \limsup f(x)/g(x) < \infty$
"Big-theta" notation	$f(x) = \Theta(g(x)) \iff f(x) = O(g(x))$ and $g(x) = O(f(x))$
"A with high probability/w.h.p"	$\Pr(A) \rightarrow 1$
Taylor's approximation	$f(x) = f(a) + f'(a)(x-a) + \dots + \frac{f^{(k)}(a)}{k!}(x-a)^k$ $+ o(x-a ^k)$
Stirling's approximation	$n! = \Gamma(n+1) = \sqrt{2\pi n} e^{-n} n^n (1 + O(n^{-1}))$ $\ln n! = n \ln n - n + O(\ln n)$
Dominated convergence*	$X_n \rightarrow X, X_n \leq Y$ and $\mathbb{E}(Y) < \infty$ $\implies \mathbb{E}(X_n) \rightarrow \mathbb{E}(X)$
Monotone convergence*	$X_n \rightarrow X$ and $0 \leq X_1 \leq X_2 \leq \dots$ $\implies \mathbb{E}(X_n) \rightarrow \mathbb{E}(X)$

* see e.g. MS-E1600 Probability theory for details