Fashion + Technology

Sociology of Consumption & Fashion

Natalia Särmäkari 10 November 2020

Aalto-yliopisto
Aalto-universitetet
Aalto University



Who?

BA (Lahti Institute of Design, 2006) & MA (Aalto ARTS, 2013) in fashion design,

Research-based thesis on open-source fashion

Worked in the industry and as a freelancer

Doctoral Candidate at Aalto ARTS Department of Design (2017-)

"Fashion Designers' Authorship and Professionalism in Contemporary Technological Environments"

How the professional jurisdiction transforms in fashion 4.0 practices?

- Visiting Fulbright Scholar at Parsons School of Design (2020)
- Project Intimacy, Creative Work and Design in consortium IDA Intimacy in Data-Driven Culture,
 Strategic Research Council at Academy of Finland

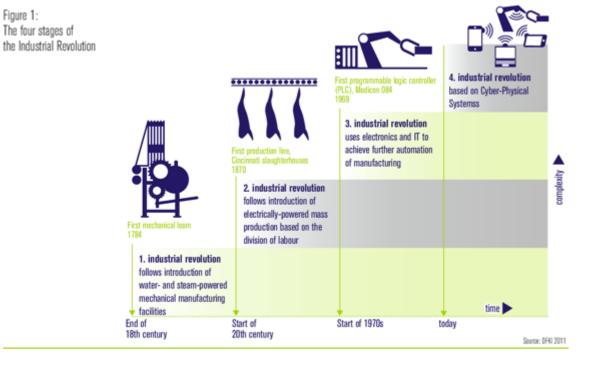


Context: Fashion 4.0

New technological and organizational paradigm linked to the loose concept of Industry 4.0 that operates in cyber-physical space and develops towards smart products, production and networks, automation, optimization, flexibility, as well as sustainability-oriented, datafied and customer-driven processes (Schwab 2016; Bertola and Teunissen 2018).

> Figure 1: The four stages of

Six design principles: interoperability virtualization decentralization modularity service orientation real-time capability (Hermann, Pentek & Otto 2015)





Fashion + tech

"[...] fashion itself can be considered as a history of technology" (Quinn 2002, 3)

First: water & steam, mechanical production

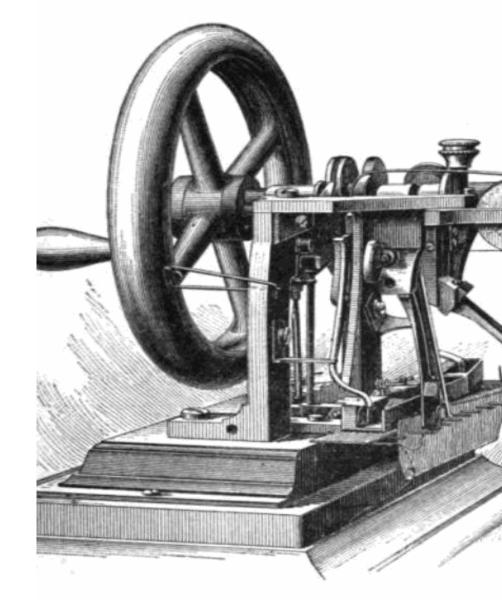
Second: electricity, mass production

Third: informational, off-shoring, digital tools

Fourth (now): smart digital technology,

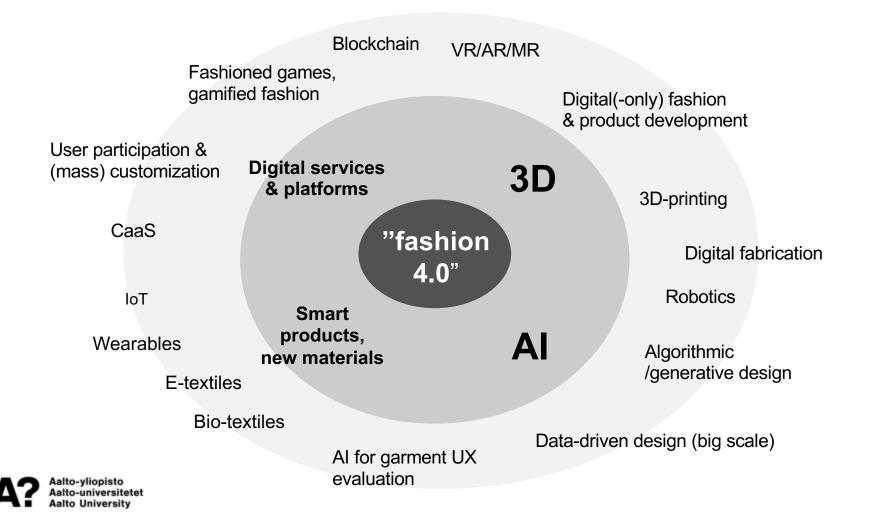
products and processes

(Bertola & Teunissen 2018)

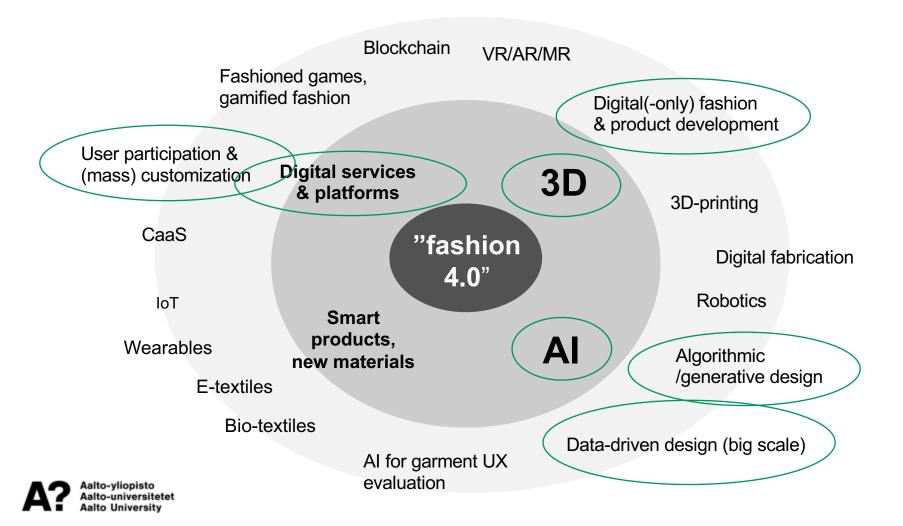




Fashion 4.0 overlapping streams



Fashion 4.0 overlapping streams



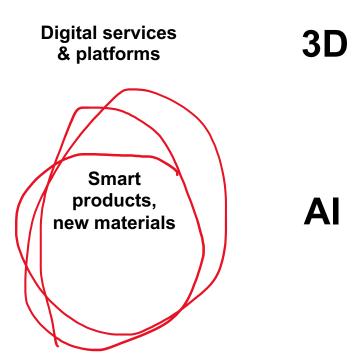
Digital services & platforms

3D

Smart products, new materials

ΑI









Hard wearables

ŌURA

WHY SLEEP MATTERS WHY OURA HOW OURA WORKS LATEST SHOP

RINGS ACCESSORIES

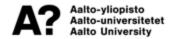






Hard wearables



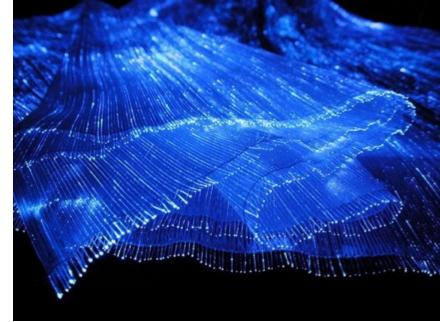




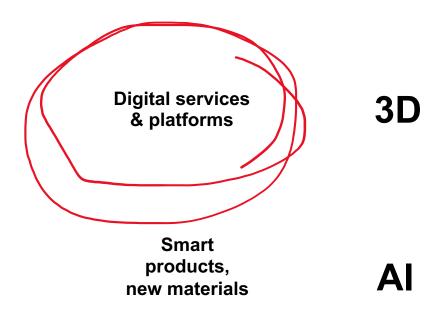
Soft wearables with physical function (charging, heating, light etc.)











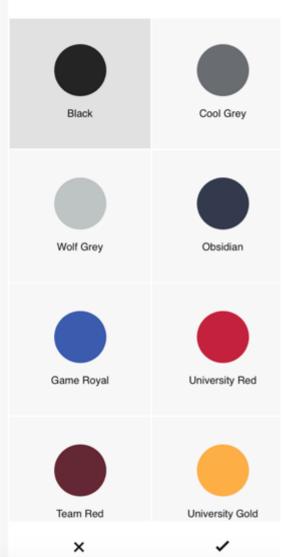




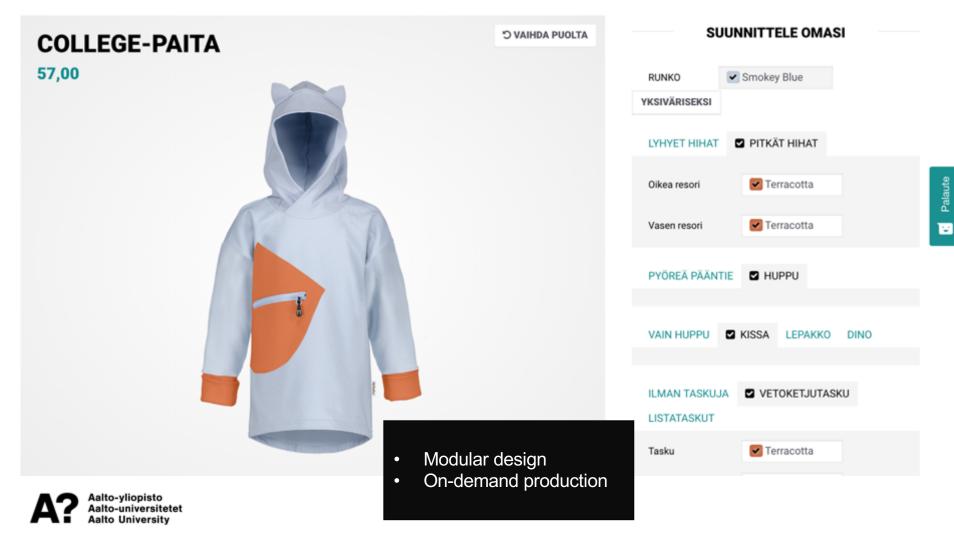
NIKE ID



- DONE
- Modular design
- On-demand production



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eZnYOVe3mjY









DIY - DESIGN IT YOURSELF







Self-Assembly





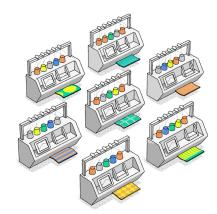


Unmade

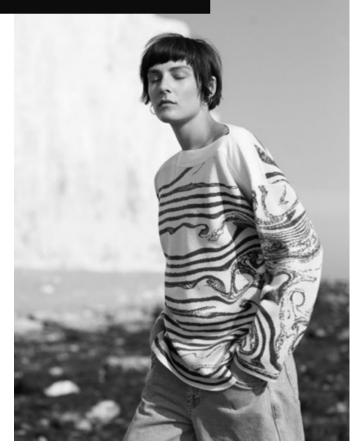
"We work together with you to create parameters that consumers can design their individual orders within. We call it *curated customisation*: brands have control but the consumer feels more involved and engaged in the experience and product."

https://www.unmade.com/what-we-do/





- Software + hardware
- On-demand digital production



https://www.unmade.com/newsroom/moma/



"consumer-driven, on-demand production; the end of mass production and mass consumption"

B2B, fashion and sportswear industry







Gamified fashion





https://www.drest.com/

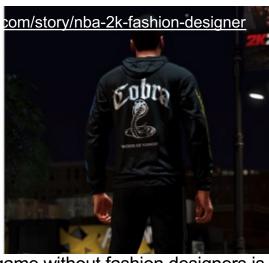
Fashioned games





Animal Collective / Nintendo Switch



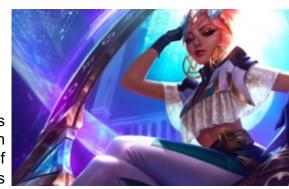


"Making an NBA game without fashion designers is like building an aquarium without water".

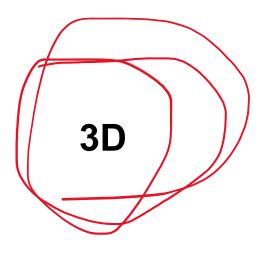
CKIN RedMandaY



Louis Vuitton X League of Legends







Smart products, new materials

Al





The rise of "digital fashion"

Digital 3D-design/modeling is argued to enable...

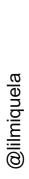
- unlimited creative experimentation
- minimization of resource use and investment
- an inclusive approach to bodies and identities (no sample sizes)
- accessibility of luxury and digitized archival fashion
- late hype and mainstreamization especially during COVID-19 restrictions





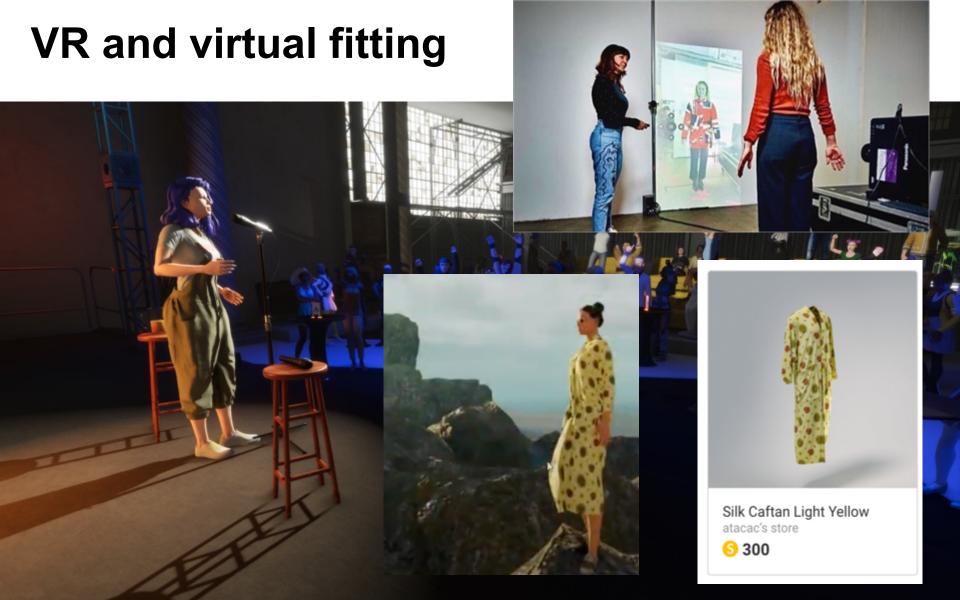




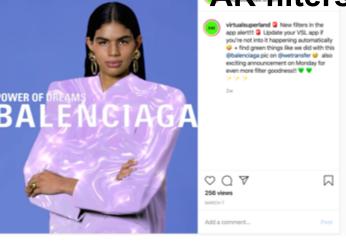


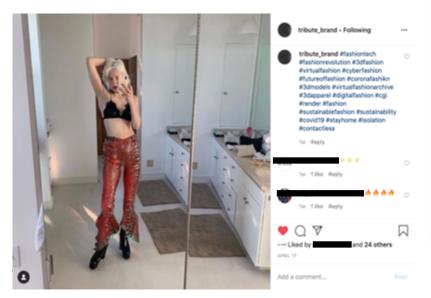


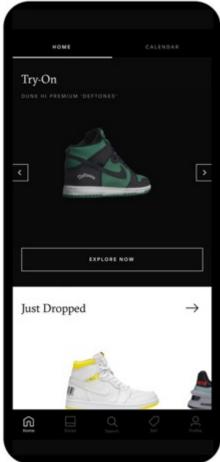
2019 "The world's first digital



AR filters /experiences, tailored or real-time



















R-O-H-B-A-U Digital Hoodie

€40,00



More payment options

The ROHBAU digital hoodie is our signature unisex digital garment.

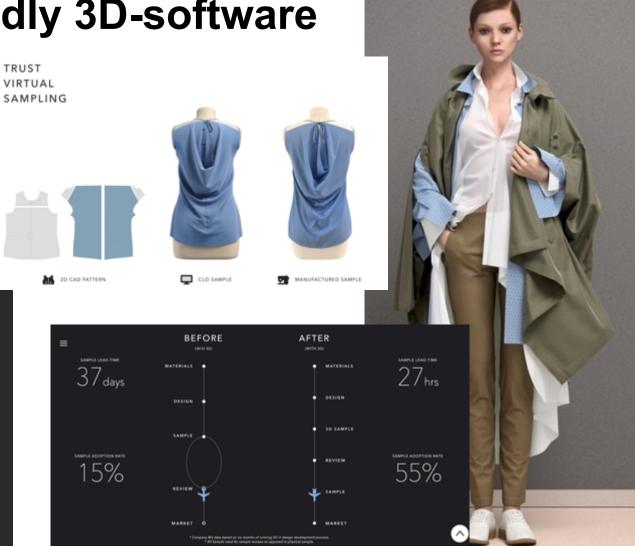
This **SUPER LIMITED** digital-only hoodie is the core of our brand and what we believe to be the future of fashion. Behind it lies the conviction that digital fashion fully embraces the potential of being fully sustainable.

KEY FEATURES

Designer-friendly 3D-software

- Garment as 3D-file made in 3D-software
- Design and prototyping > sample and/or end-product
- Real-time visualization
- Hyper-realistic outlook









Atacac







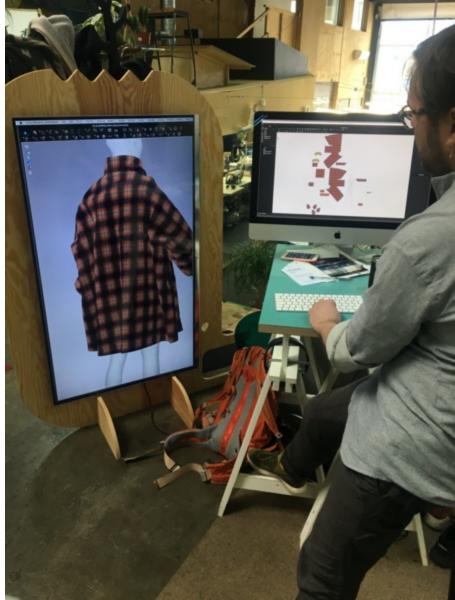






 fluid datafied object + userdriven customized ondemand production

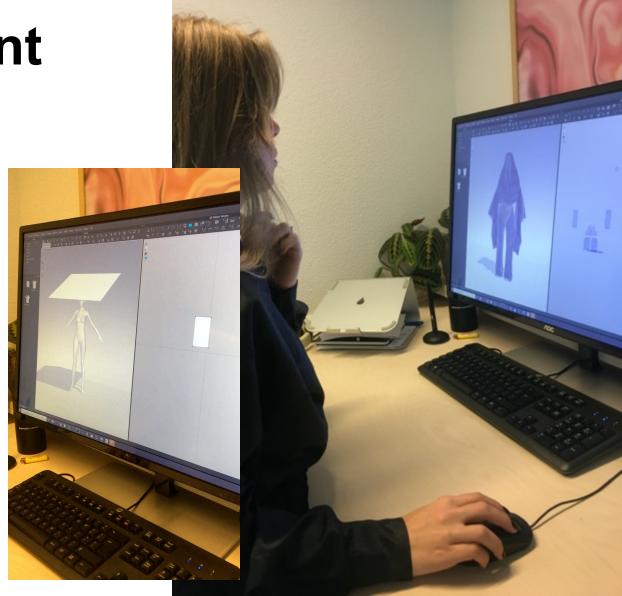




The Fabricant

- Small fashion company, located in Amsterdam and founded by a visual effect specialist (with Finnish roots!) and a fashion designer
- Digital-only "thought couture", "the first digital fashion house," digital craftsmanship
- End-products: digital garments, styles, concepts, stories, animations and films
- Draping on avatar, experimentation with surreal does fashion need to exist, physically? (functional + expressive layer)

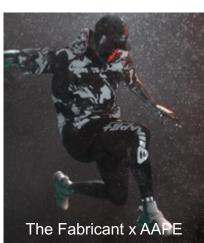


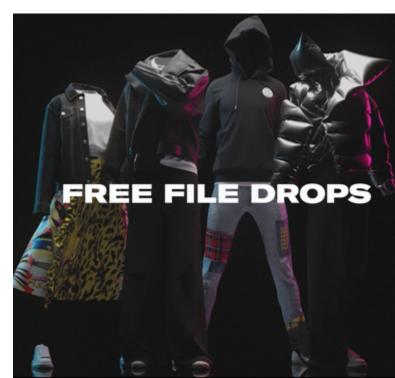






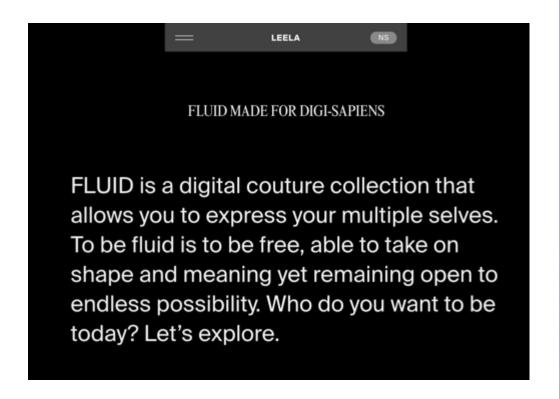






Leela-platform

digital.fashion (beta-version)





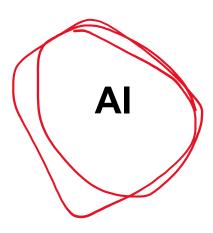




Digital services & platforms

3D

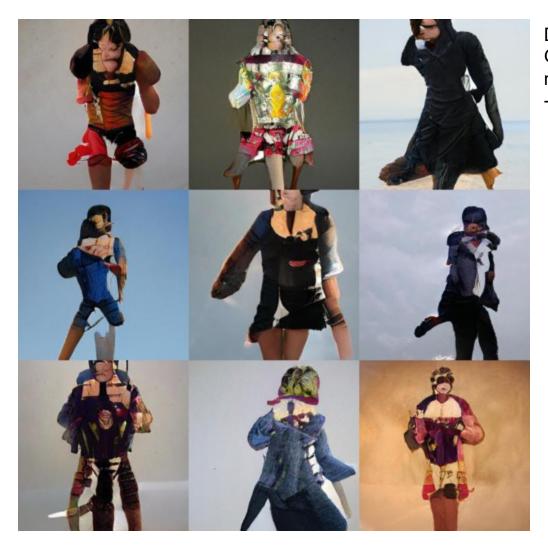
Smart products, new materials







A!

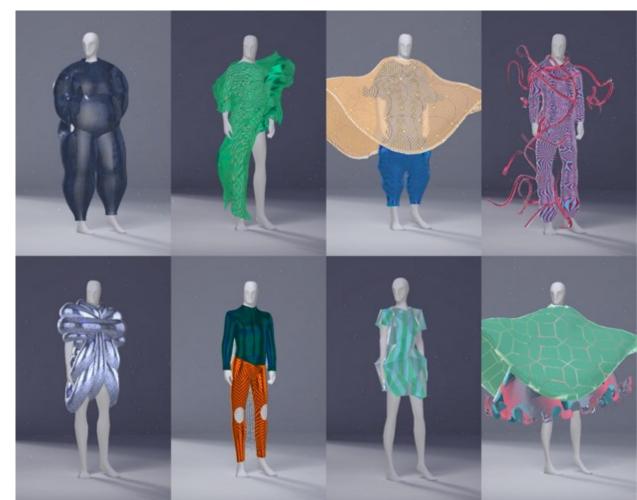


Daniel Browns, 2018-9, GANs, machine learning - generating images



Little Black Dress re-imagined by Al https://lbd-ai.com/

"Project Muze" by Zalando x Google, 2016



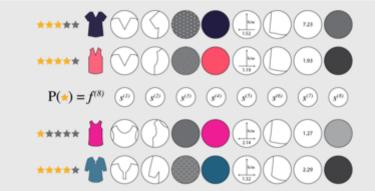
Design

- Data analysis based on structured or unstructured input (big) data, acquired from e.g. social media, companies' online stores and virtual retail spaces user, market and trend research > optimization of design e.g. improved bestsellers (e.g. Stitch Fix)
- generation of *images* using machine learning, e.g. GANs (Generative Adversarial Nets) – conceptual approach or for inspiration – at some point 3D?
- Algorithmic and generative pattern design based on parameters
- Functional design user experience research: performance, comfort, fitting
- Augmenting human designer's creativity and practical decision making – useful where numbers are involved, not useful where we want human judgement, embodied knowledge and cultural nuances (fashion = social phenomenon)

Luce, Leanne (2019) Artificial Intelligence for Fashion: How AI is Revolutionizing the Fashion Industry. Apress. DOI: 10.1007/978-1-4842-3931-5









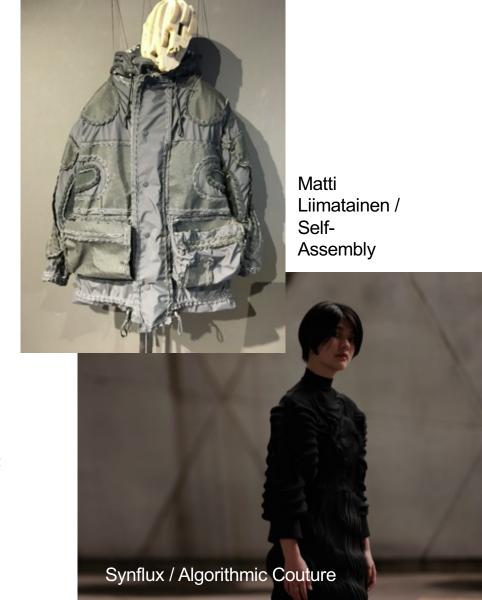
https://algorithms-tour.stitchfix.com/#data-platform

Production

- Optimization of pattern placing or pattern shapes to maximize the material usage towards zerowaste (e.g. Algorithmic Couture)
- Optimization of resources and minimization of inventory and loss
- Automation and robotization of cutting processes and manufacturing
- Garment quality evaluation processes
- Production efficiency, quality control and localization

Thomassey, Sébastien and Zeng, Xianyi (eds.) (2018). Artificial Intelligence for Fashion Industry in the Big Data Era. Springer Series in Fashion Business. Singapore: Springer. DOI: 10.1007/978-981-13-0080-6





Retail

- Optimizing distribution, merchandizing, pricing and other operations that garments lifecycle includes
- Customized visualization* of products on customers' avatars / body types
- Recommendation systems (styles, fitting)
- Shopping assistants and virtual stylists
- Virtual fitting rooms, smart mirrors
- Personalizing shopping experience

* Yildirim et al. (2019) Generating High-Resolution Fashion Model Images Wearing Custom Outfits



Quytech, Smart mirrors





(c) Generated model images with outfit #1



Why fashion tech?

- Technology for sustainability, e.g. digital-only fashion https://bit.ly/36okGK7
- Optimization of resources and products
- New business models beyond conventional fashion field & industry
- New materials, realms, spaces, roles
- Technologies for well-being, safety, prevention of crime – also surveillance?
- Critical examination is important tech is developing faster than ethics





Transformations in "fashion 4.0"

- Virtualization, real-time capability: physical → virtual body/material/context
- Decentralization, individualization, service orientation, modularity: mass → individual; producer-driven/designer-centered → consumer-driven (actively or passively)
- Redistribution of creative agency, interoperability, redefinition of fashion professionalism (especially in Al-fashion and mass-cust.)
- Datafication: questions of privacy and intimacy



Thank you!

Break-out rooms:

- a. Which presented fashion tech developments do you find the most impactful/interesting? Think of 3 ways in which the culture of fashion might be transforming from a sociological perspective (or is it transforming?)
- b. What/which of these fashion tech developments are relevant for your group work topic? Why/how?



natalia.sarmakari@aalto.fi