#### DESIGN FOR THE POSTHUMAN ERA

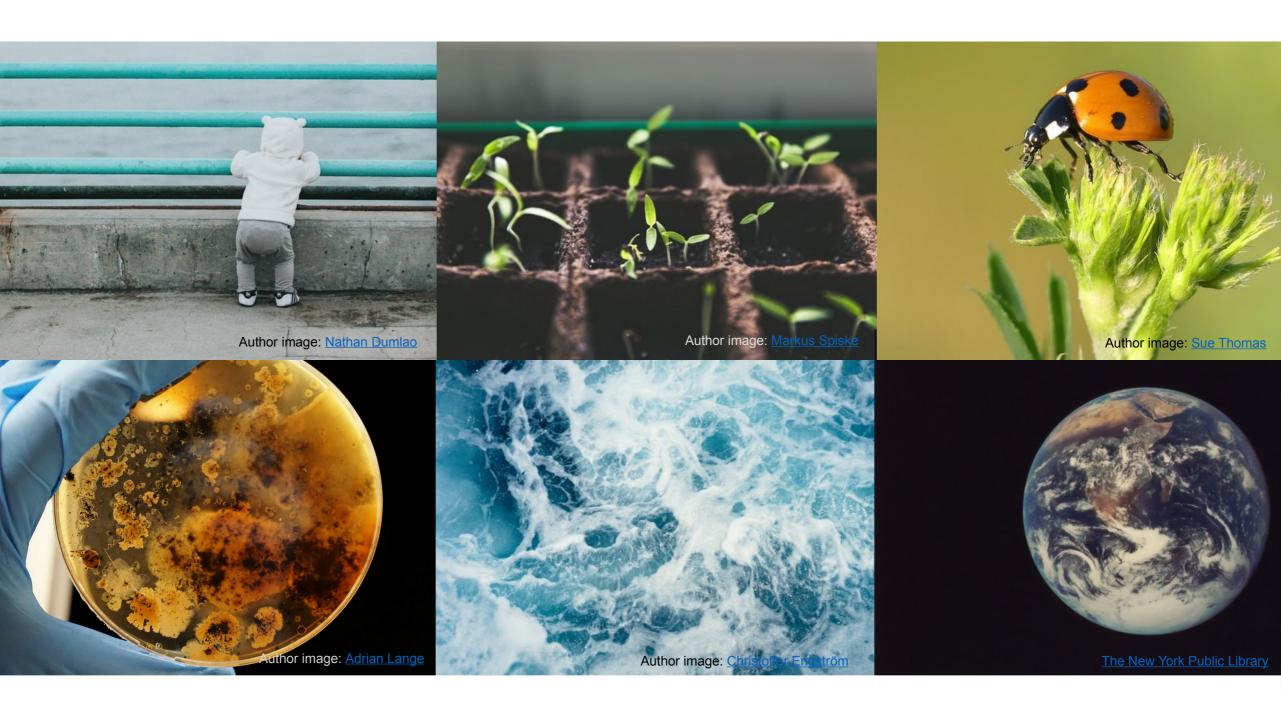
# Human and nonhuman agency in technology design

Session 25.01.2021 University Wide Arts Studies

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Human agency
- 3. Nonhuman agency
- 4. Approaches to agency in technology design
- 5. Final remarks

#### 1. Introduction





### 2. Human agency

INDIVIDUAL PROPERTY

Atomistic view of agency



### 2. Human agency

Do humans have free will?

## 2. Human agency

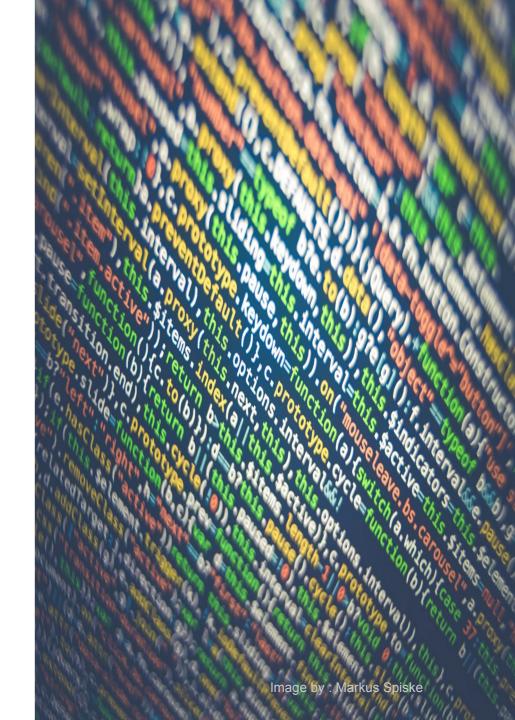


## 3. Mediated agency

Human action mediated by tools (Vygostki):

- Technical tools
- Psychological tools

Semiotic mediation: Mediational means alters the entire flow and structure of mental functions.

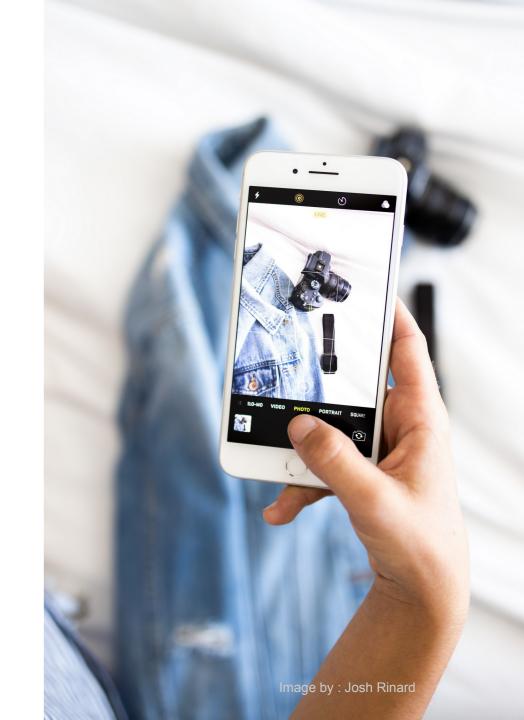


## 3. Mediated agency

#### **Technical Mediation**

"Artifacts are not neutral intermediaries, but actively co-shape people's being in the world: their perceptions, experience and existence"

Verbeek, 2005



#### From who acts, to what acts

"The problem of agency becomes even more complex if we also consider the possibility of nonhuman agency. Knowledge and methods, technological systems and artifacts, standards and regulations – they all act or at least enable the action of others."

Harbers, 2005

#### Paradigm shift

- Revalorisation of the material/ the socio-material.
- Co-constitution between humans and nonhumans.

#### Actor Network Theory (ANT)

Theoretical and methodological approach to social theory for explaining the very process by which society is constantly reconfigured.

Agency as distributed, arising in networks rather than in individualized subjectivities of conscious human actors.

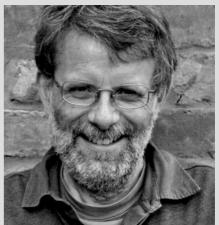
Adscribes agency to nonhuman entities.



Bruno Latour (1947 - ) France Philosophy, Anthropoly, Sociology



Michel Callon (1945 - ) France Sociology



John Law (1945 - ) France Sociology

#### Object Oriented Ontology (OOO)

Object-oriented ontology places things at the center of the study of existence. From this approach, nothing has special status, everything exists equally.

Adscribes agency to nonhuman entities.

Rejection of anthopocentrism



Graham Harman (1968 - ) USA Philosophy



Levi Bryant USA Philosophy



Ian Bogost (1976 - ) USA Literature, Media & Communication Interactive computing

#### **New Materialisms**

The material turn as a response to the linguistic turn and social constructionism.

Matter as an active force that is affected by, but that also coshapes social worlds and expression, human life and experience.

Focus on transformation and becoming.

Rejection of anthropocentrism.



Karen Barad (1956 - ) USA Philosophy, Physics,



Rossi Braidotti (1954 - ) Italy Philosophy



Jane Bennett (1957 - ) USA Political Theory Philosophy

## 4. Approaches to agency in Technology design

#### Human-centred design

"Human-centred design is an approach to interactive systems development that aims to make systems usable and useful by focusing on the users, their needs and requirements, and by applying human factors/ergonomics, and usability knowledge and techniques."

ISO 9241-210:2019(E)

"If humans are at the "center," then things like environmental sustainability, social justice, care for ourselves, economic equality... most political aspects of design, cannot be adequately considered."

Wendt, 2017

## 4. Approaches to agency in Technology design

#### More-than-human design

"a more-than-(one)-human centered design will have to be based on how to manage, present, and negotiate many different relations in parallel—without a particular one being privileged above all others."

Giaccardi & Redström, 2020



The Phenology clock
Tega Brain
Ecology, data systems, infrastructure



Nature smart cities. Urban bat life.

Cities, Ecology, sensor systems,



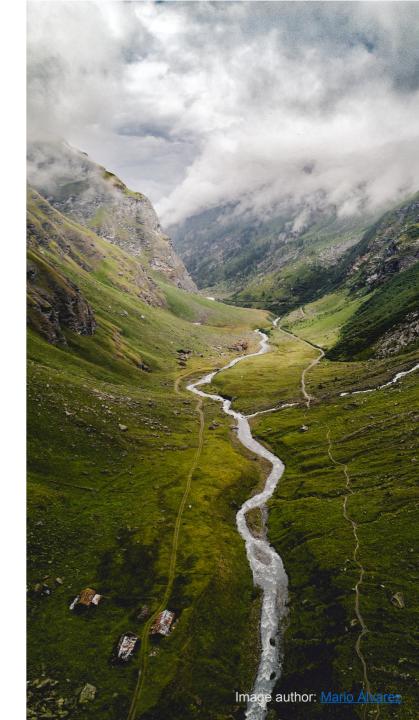
Mitigation of shock Superflux Design Futures, Climate change

#### 5. Final remarks

#### Posthumanist approach to agency

1. Agentic capacity is not limited to humans, or even animate bodies

Agentic capacity as the ability to "make a difference, produce effects and affects, alter the course of events by their action" (Coole, 2013).



#### 5. Final remarks

#### Posthumanist approach to agency

2. Agency is distributed, porous, and relational, existing not in subjects but in assemblages.



#### 5. Final remarks

#### Posthumanist approach to agency

3. A non-anthropocentric reconceptualisation of agency does not evacuate human responsibility.



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