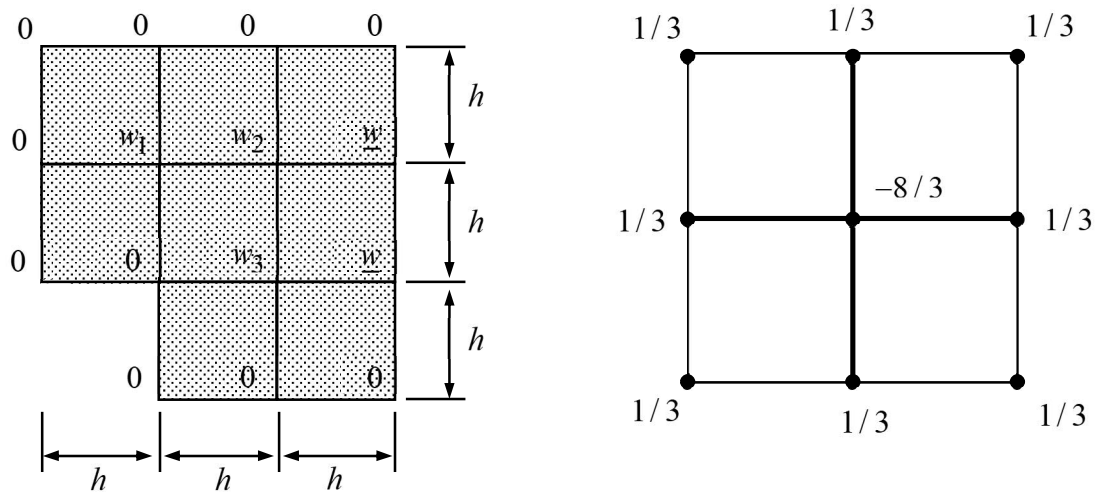


Home assignment 3

Consider the membrane of polygonal shape of the figure for which density ρ , thickness t , tightening S' (force per unit length) are constants. Using the given displacement values at the grid points on the boundary, determine the unknown transverse displacement values w_1 , w_2 and w_3 using the given Laplacian stencil for the interior points given by the Finite Element Method and bi-linear approximation on rectangle elements.



Solution

The equations for the interior points can be obtained by centering the stencil at the grid one at a time and using the multipliers as the weighting of the function values. The outcomes for the interior points 1, 2, and 3 are (notice that the values at the boundary points are known)

$$\frac{S'}{3}(-8w_1 + w_2 + w_3) = 0, \quad \frac{S'}{3}(-8w_2 + w_1 + w_3 + 2\underline{w}) = 0, \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{S'}{3}(-8w_3 + w_1 + w_2 + 2\underline{w}) = 0$$

Using the matrix notation

$$\begin{bmatrix} 8 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 8 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} w_1 \\ w_2 \\ w_3 \end{Bmatrix} - 2\underline{w} \begin{Bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{Bmatrix} = 0.$$

Then, using row operations to get an equivalent upper triangular matrix representation

$$\begin{bmatrix} 8 & -1 & -1 \\ -8 & 64 & -8 \\ -8 & -8 & 64 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} w_1 \\ w_2 \\ w_3 \end{Bmatrix} - 2\underline{w} \begin{Bmatrix} 0 \\ 8 \\ 8 \end{Bmatrix} = 0 \Leftrightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 8 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 63 & -9 \\ 0 & -9 & 63 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} w_1 \\ w_2 \\ w_3 \end{Bmatrix} - 2\underline{w} \begin{Bmatrix} 0 \\ 8 \\ 8 \end{Bmatrix} = 0 \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 8 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 63 & -9 \\ 0 & -63 & 441 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} w_1 \\ w_2 \\ w_3 \end{Bmatrix} - 2\underline{w} \begin{Bmatrix} 0 \\ 8 \\ 56 \end{Bmatrix} = 0 \Leftrightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 8 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 63 & -9 \\ 0 & 0 & 432 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} w_1 \\ w_2 \\ w_3 \end{Bmatrix} - 2\underline{w} \begin{Bmatrix} 0 \\ 8 \\ 64 \end{Bmatrix} = 0.$$

After that, equations can be solved one-by-one for the displacement starting from the last one

$$w_3 = \frac{8}{27} \underline{w}, \quad w_2 = \frac{8}{27} \underline{w}, \quad \text{and} \quad w_1 = \frac{2}{27} \underline{w}. \quad \leftarrow$$