This exercise is

## In-class exercise

about superposition.

- Deadline: 18:00 today
- Submission: https://mycourses.aalto.fi/course/view.php?id=33521\&section=2

What is the current $I_{3 \mathrm{E}}$ when turning off the current source $J$ ? We use the same resistor $R_{3}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ as a load. Solve the circuit. Is $I_{3 \mathrm{~J}}+I_{3 \mathrm{E}}=I_{3}$, where we know $I_{3}=1 \mathrm{~mA}$ and $I_{3 \mathrm{~J}}=-\frac{1}{3} \mathrm{~mA}$ from quizzes 3-4 and 3-6?


$$
\begin{aligned}
& E=4 \mathrm{~V}, J=1 \mathrm{~mA} \\
& R_{1}=R_{2}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega
\end{aligned}
$$

