Tiger:



(Kinash and Knight 2013, p.19)



A! PEDA INTRO (5 cr)

Contact session 3:

Curriculum work and

Interaction in teaching



Aalto University Learning Services University Pedagogical Training Sara Rönkkönen Marja Elonheimo 21.9.2021 at 12.00-15.30



A! Peda Intro 49 (5 ECTS)

Course timeline 24.8.2021-26.10.2021

Pre-assignment DL 20.8..2021 Session 1: Tue 24.8.2021 12.00-15.30 I as a university teacher Session 2: Tue 7.9.2021 12.00-15.30 Teaching and learning at the university

Session 3: Tue 21.9.2021 12.00-15.30 Curriculum work, interaction in teaching

Session 4: Tue 5.10.2021 12.00-15.30 Individual teaching practices Session 5: Tue 26.10.2021 12.00-15.30 Peer group presentations

Feedback 1

Learning Log 1 DL 15.9.2021

Feedback 2

Learning log 2 DL 13.10.2021

Final feedback

Readings

Readings

INDIVIDUAL TASK: Teaching practice preparation, session on 5.10.2021

GROUP TASK: Peer group meetings (at least 2) and final presentation on 26.10.2021

Individual reflecting & processing during the course

Schedule

12.00-12.05 Course practicalities

12.05-12.55 Interaction in teaching

12.55-13.10 Break

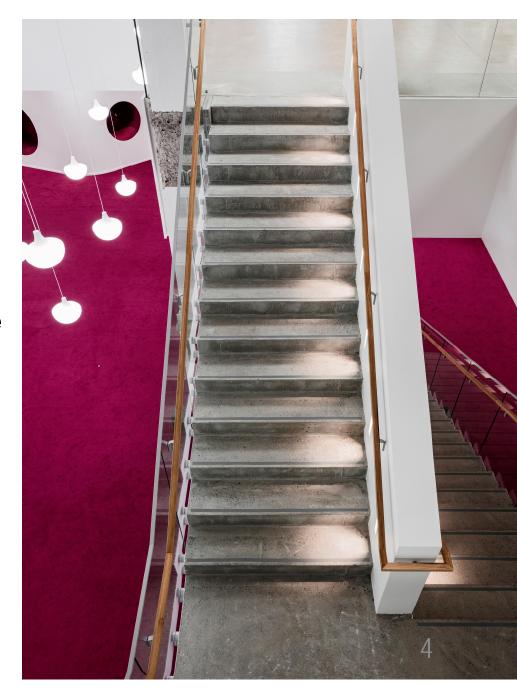
13.10-14.20 Curriculum work and course design - working in groups

14.20-14.30 Break

14.30-15.15 Group work continues

15.15 Assignment for next time, closing the day & collecting feedback





Learning outcomes for A! Peda Intro course

After the course, you

- have expanded your network among teachers at Aalto University and gained experiences of working in a multidisciplinary teacher group.
- ✓ will recognize the stages in teaching design. In addition: You have explored the role of interaction in teaching.
- ✓ will apprehend your role as a teacher in the learning process of the students. In addition: You are aware of the AllWell? study wellbeing process at Aalto.
- ✓ will recognize the issues that may have an impact on learning experience.
- ✓ will recognize your strengths as a teacher.





Something from the logs...

Thoughts after the teaching session

- New perspectives of different aspects in teaching
- More critical feedback from course teachers on the theories
- Longer breaks needed

My learning was supported by

- Interaction among peers
- Reading materials before the session
- Gallery walk
- Presentation about study well-being

Thoughts and ideas about the themes

- AllWell? was an important topic
- Different levels of thinking about teaching was an interesting concept
- Fascinating discussion was on the surface and deep approaches to learning.

In the future I'd like to focus on

- How to create more interaction in my own course?
- Online teaching tools
- How to support and motivate my own students?
- I'm going to apply these ideas to my own teaching?
- Gallery walk
- Interactive tools like
 Flinga, Jamboard and
 Presemo
- Reconsider the best use of time spent with students to support their learning



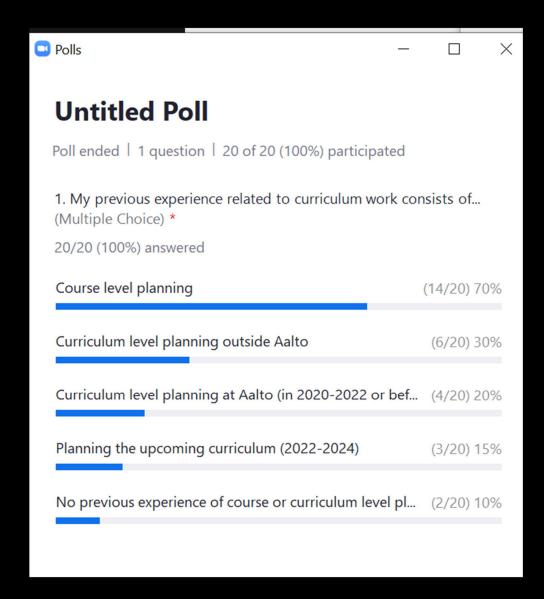
Interaction in teaching - Rinna Toikka



Curriculum work – what is it all about?



Poll



Curriculum work on the different levels

European Higher Education Area

Academic degree standards (EQF = European Qualification Framework), Bologna process (Bologna declaration)

National level

Government Degree Regulation, Ministry of Education and Culture in Finland [https://minedu.fi/en/higher-education-and-degrees] [https://minedu.fi/en/education-system]

Aalto/ School/ Programme level

Degree regulations in the Schools of Aalto University

Learning outcomes for Bachelor's and Master's Degree

The curriculum of the degree programme (usually in the form of study guide, WebOodi, etc.)

Teacher level

Course unit

Teaching session, plan for the contact or distance teaching

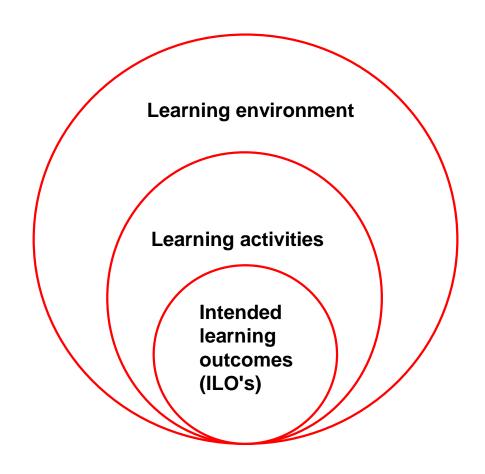
Student level

Personal study plan



Constructive alignment

- The concept of "constructive alignment" is related to constructivist approach on learning (Biggs 1996, 2003).
- Constructive alignment means that the components in the teaching system, especially the teaching methods used and the assessment tasks, are aligned with the learning activities assumed in the intended learning outcomes.
- The teacher's job is to create a learning environment that supports the learning activities appropriate to achieve the intended learning outcomes.





Aalto guidelines for curricula 2022–2024

- The planning of teaching is competence-based. The learning outcomes and contents of the programme as well as its methods for evaluating teaching and learning should form a cohesive, foreseeable whole from the student's point of view, thereby helping students to graduate within the normative timeframe.
- Adjusting degree programmes to respond to the challenges of the future. Degree programmes should identify how their field relates to sustainability challenges and solutions, adjust the learning outcomes accordingly, and renew the contents of the programme in stages for curricula 2022–2024 and 2024–2026.
- Assessing and balancing study-related workload. Degree programmes assess and develop the workload of the courses and the programme based on available feedback. In addition, programmes ensure that the content of the courses, the teaching methods, and the methods for evaluating teaching and learning support the completion of the learning outcomes within the target time.
 - **Identifying potential LWL teaching to offer.** As part of curriculum work, the schools and units are asked to identify potential LWL (life-wide learning) teaching that they can offer.



4

Group work: Curriculum work Puzzle (jigsaw) method

Phases:

- 1. Working in expert-groups divided by topic 30 mins
- 2. Working in mixed groups 60 mins
- 3. Back to the expert-group 10 mins
- 4. Short wrap-up 10 mins



Phase 1: Working in expert-groups divided by topic

Groups are working on the topic given in the previous session.

- Learning outcomes (<u>Laura</u>, Raed, <u>Paulo</u>, <u>Shreyasi</u>, <u>Yusein</u>)
- Students' workload (<u>Fares</u>, <u>Ted</u>, <u>Girish</u>, <u>Henrikki</u>, <u>Roby</u>, <u>Fevzihan</u>)
- Teaching methods (Sergei, Gökhan, Alexandru, Tuulia, Muhammad, Francesco)
- Learning assessment (<u>Thad</u>, Nikhilendu, Kristjana, Petteri, Mashrura, Vanni)

The group:

- Discusses the topic (reading material) 10min
- Defines the main points and summarises them on a Zoom Whiteboard 20min (screen share: Laura, Fares, Sergei, Thad)
- NOTE: Everyone in the group downloads the Zoom whiteboard as pdf

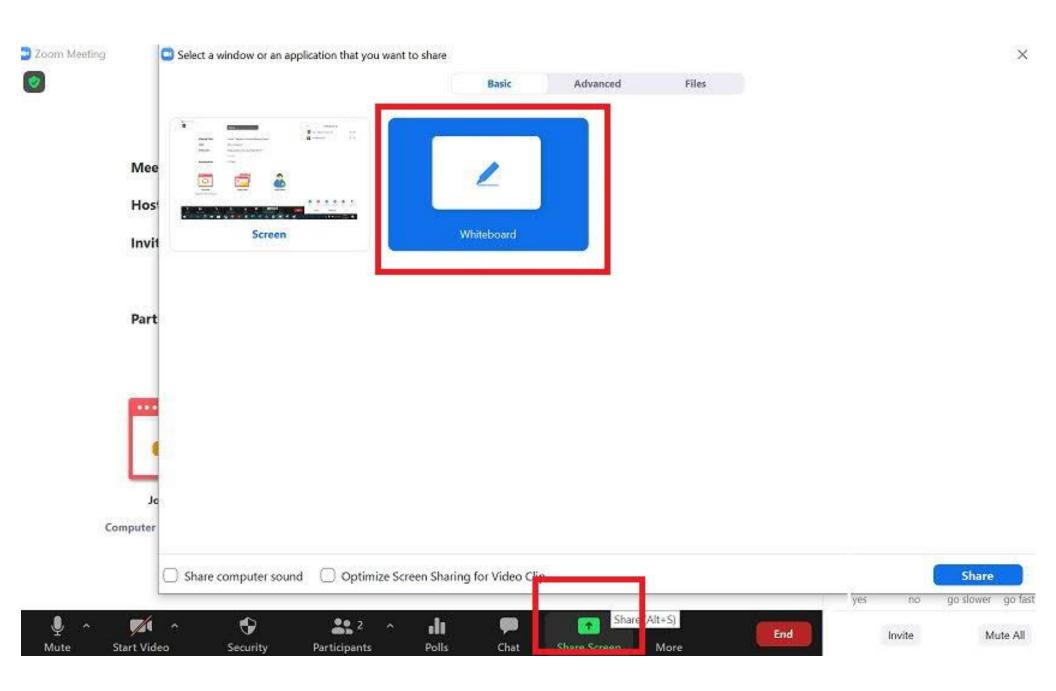


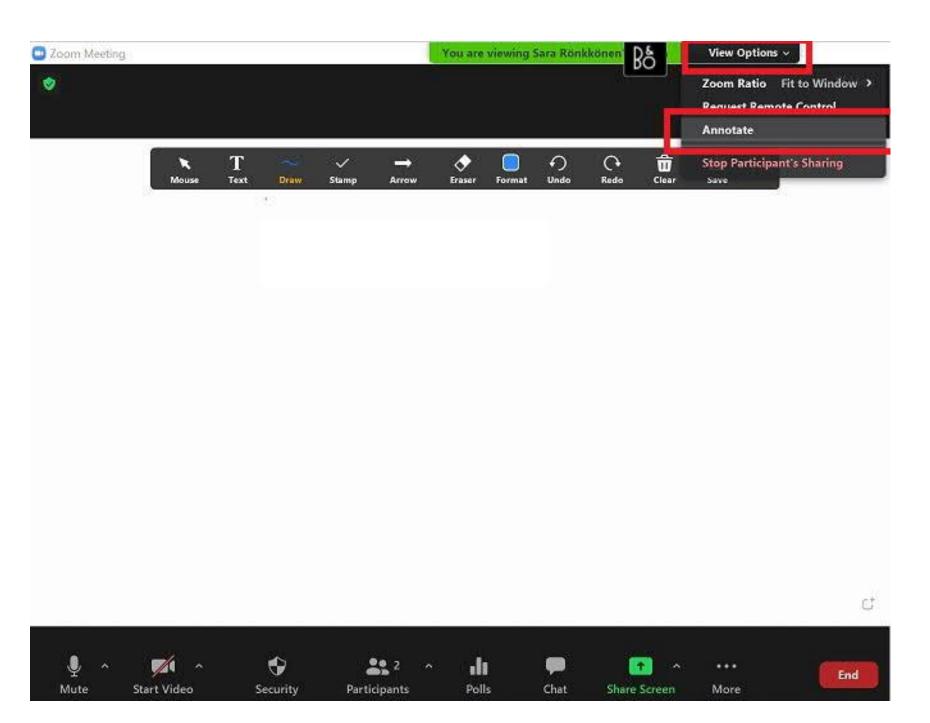












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Phase 2: Mixed groups

The experts in each group will teach their topic in this order:

- A) Learning outcomes 10 min, including discussion
- B) Students' workload 10 min, including discussion
- C) Teaching methods 10 min, including discussion
- D) Assessment 10 min, including discussion



The Expert in each group takes individual (pen&paper/notepad) notes of the discussion. If there are unclear issues, please write also them down.



New, mixed groups (4x10mins)

Group 1: Laura, Fares, Ted, Alexandru, Muhammad, Vanni, Nikhilendu

Group 2: Shreyasi, Henrikki, Fevzihan, Sergei, Mashrura, Kristjana

Group 3: Raed, Girish, Roby, Francesco, Tuulia, Petteri, Thad



Phase 3: Back to the expertgroups divided by topic

Go back to your "topic group", discuss and share the ideas from the previous phase.

- You have 10 minutes to wrap up and decide your key takeaway from this exercise: What will you take with you to course design?
- Be prepared to share your group findings to everyone in the chat.



Phase 4: Wrap-up

- A) Learning outcomes (Laura, Raed, Paulo, Shreyasi, Yusein)
- B) Students' workload (Fares, Ted, Girish, Henrikki, Roby, Fevzihan)
- C) Teaching methods (<u>Sergei</u>, Gökhan, Alexandru, Tuulia, Muhammad, Francesco)
- D) Learning assessment (<u>Thad</u>, Nikhilendu, Kristjana, Petteri, Mashrura, Vanni)

What will you take with you to course design? Please share your findings in the chat.



Key take-aways

Learning outcomes

That designing Learning Outcomes could start with planning of Assessment.

The assessment should take high share when it comes to writing learning outcomes.

Use the research done before as a starting point for learning outcomes.

Thinking of learning outcomes in a way that allows flexibility within the course.

The reading was an excellent starting point also for vocabulary. The learning outcomes, work load, and assessment are all related to each other.

Students' workload

Designing Curriculum: Such that - to motivate the students for deep learning rather than surface learning.

Teaching content and allocated learning time should be structured parallel to deep learning assessment.

Reducing Contact session time and give more time for individual and peer group work—keep it at max 50 % of total workload which is 40 Hrs a week.

Sufficient time to think is essential for deep learning.

No formulas are absolute for workload etc.

Deciding for workload, I find it is a continuous process to assess the workload during the course after that also....so that we can optimize it to maximize the learning outcomes.

Thinking time brings things forward.

Teaching methods

Do not stick with a single working method, adjust the choice of teaching method to match the goals and the nature of the class.

The significance of learning outcome with regard to everything else: especially selecting teaching methods, but also in the assessment and defining of proper and not too heavy workload

Learning assessment

Assessment of deep learning.

There a variety of assessment tools we have not yet considered.

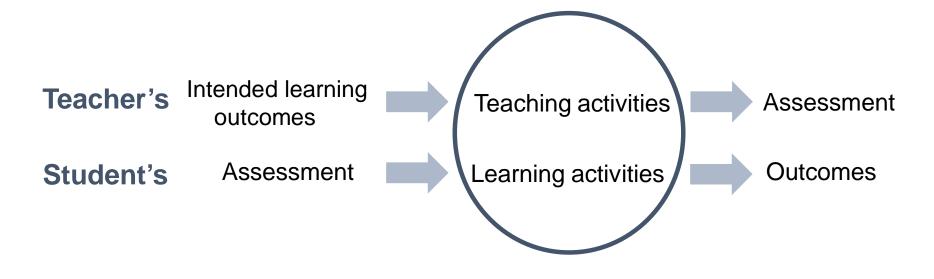
1. How to conduct better live recorded lectures, 2. Careful planning of the assessment methods so that it is aligned well with learning outcomes.

Communicate as much as possible about the "how" and "why" of assessment.

Assessment should not be considered as something separate from learning, but instead different assessment methods should be used to support learning.

Build grading scheme that relies more on continuous assessment than on summative assessment.

Teacher's and student's perspectives on assessment & learning outcomes



Students learn what they think they will be tested on.



Curriculum development cycle*

*in progress for 2022-2024 curriculum design

Evaluate and reflect

Evaluate

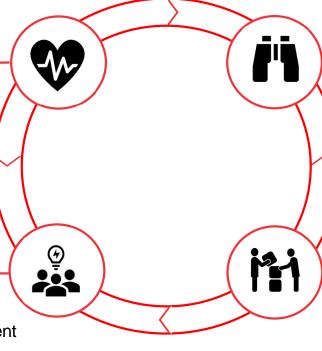
- the current curriculum
- the fulfilment of the intended learning outcomes

Reflect student feedback and study-related data

Align the teaching

Involve constructive alignment.

 coordinate teaching and learning activities and assessment with the learning outcomes



Clarify and update

Clarify the aim of the programme and update the learning outcomes, i.e.

- general competences (transferable skills) and
- subject specific competences
 - Possible method: "Curriculum mapping"

Design

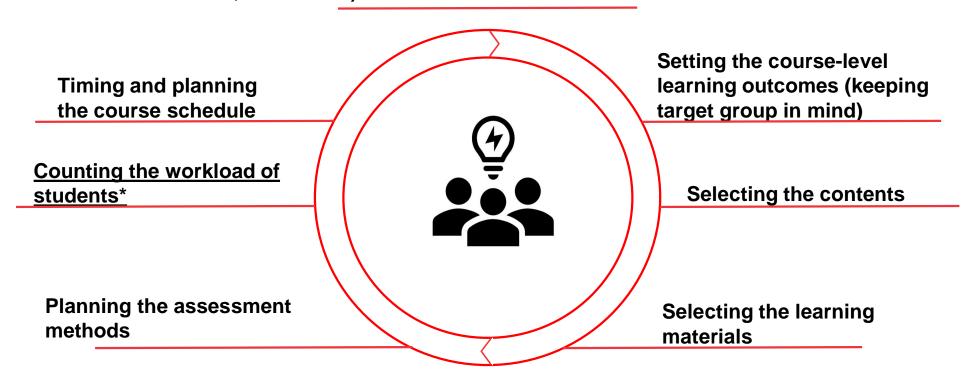
Design the curriculum to support

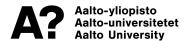
- the achievement of the intended learning outcomes
- the balance of the overall student workload



Aligning and planning teaching on a course

Cooperating with other teachers within the programme, identifying connections between different courses; utilizing student (and other, if available) feedback





level

Planning the teaching methods

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For the next session



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Final feedback

Readings

Readings

If you have not subnmitted the

Learning log 1, please 🐂 INDIVIDUAL TASK: Teachi do it now and include

your learnings from

GROUP TASK: Peer group meeting

5.10.2021

sessions 1-3 final presentation on 26.10.2021

Individual reflecting & processing during the course

Information for next session

Individual teaching practice will take place on Tuesday 5.10.2021

- You will teach a small group (3-4 persons, including a pedagogical specialist as the facilitator) online for 20 minutes and get peer feedback (10mins)
- We suggest you to try some method/way/approach of teaching that is new to you.
- Also think: is there a particular theme on which you would like to receive feedback?
- Help for planning: Get Inspired. A guide for successful teaching. Chapters 4 and 5, pp. 27-49. https://aaltodoc.aalto.fi/handle/123456789/11990
- Submit your teaching practice plan on MyCourses by 28.9.2021.
 Instructions can be found on MyCourses on the left navigation. Focus on the following: aims of the teaching practice, content, methods, interaction.



Some references

(for further reading, optional if you have time)

Hailkari, T., Virtanen, V., Vesalainen, M., & Postareff, L. (2021). Student perspectives on how different elements of constructive alignment support active learning. *Active Learning in Higher Education*, [1469787421989160]. https://doi.org/10.1177/1469787421989160 <u>Student perspectives on how different elements of constructive alignment support active learning — Helsingin yliopisto (helsinki.fi)</u>

Entwisle, N. & Ramsden, R. (1983) *Understanding Student Learning*. Routledge, London. E-book version published in 2015.

Felder, R.M. & Brent, R. (2005) Understanding Student Differences. Journal of Engineering Education, (94)1, 57-72.

Marton, F., Hounsell, D., & Entwistle, N. (Eds.). (1997). The experience of learning: Implications for teaching and studying in higher education (2nd ed.). Edinburgh: Scottish Academic Press.

Pang, M.F. & Marton, F. (2005) Learning theory as teaching resource. Instructional Science, 33, 159–191.



Feedback in Padlet (anonymous if not logged in)

- I am excited and inspired by...
- I am concerned about...
- l expect, I need. I'd like to...

https://bit.ly/2XmiT85





