

CS-A113 Basics in Programming Y1

5th Lecture
12.10.2021



The Lecture

- **Join with Video** – Makes my life nicer!
- Feel free to open your microphone and ask questions
- Feel free to write questions into the chat
- We will record the sessions and put it unlisted on youtube.



Aalto Code of Conduct and Plagiarism

Honesty is an academic core value

→ Write your own code!
(We do Plagiarism checks)

A+ Course Material is Mandatory!

Course Information

We provide substitute Exercises for missed submissions.

They will open on 12.11.2021 at 13:00

Substitute Exercise 1: compensate for missed rounds 1, 2 or 3.

Substitute Exercise 2: compensate for missed rounds 4, 5 or 6.

Substitute Exercise 3: Compensate for missed rounds 7 or 8.

You must always complete as many substitutive exercises as you have rounds to substitute: You can substitute at most 3!

You cannot increase your grade with substitute exercises and you cannot use points from failed rounds.

1 substitute exercise for round 9. Round 9 is voluntary, but you cannot get an exercise grade of more than 2 if you haven't gotten the minimum points from round 9.



Interactions Today:



Go to:
<http://presemo.aalto.fi/csa1113>

Topic Today:
Lists

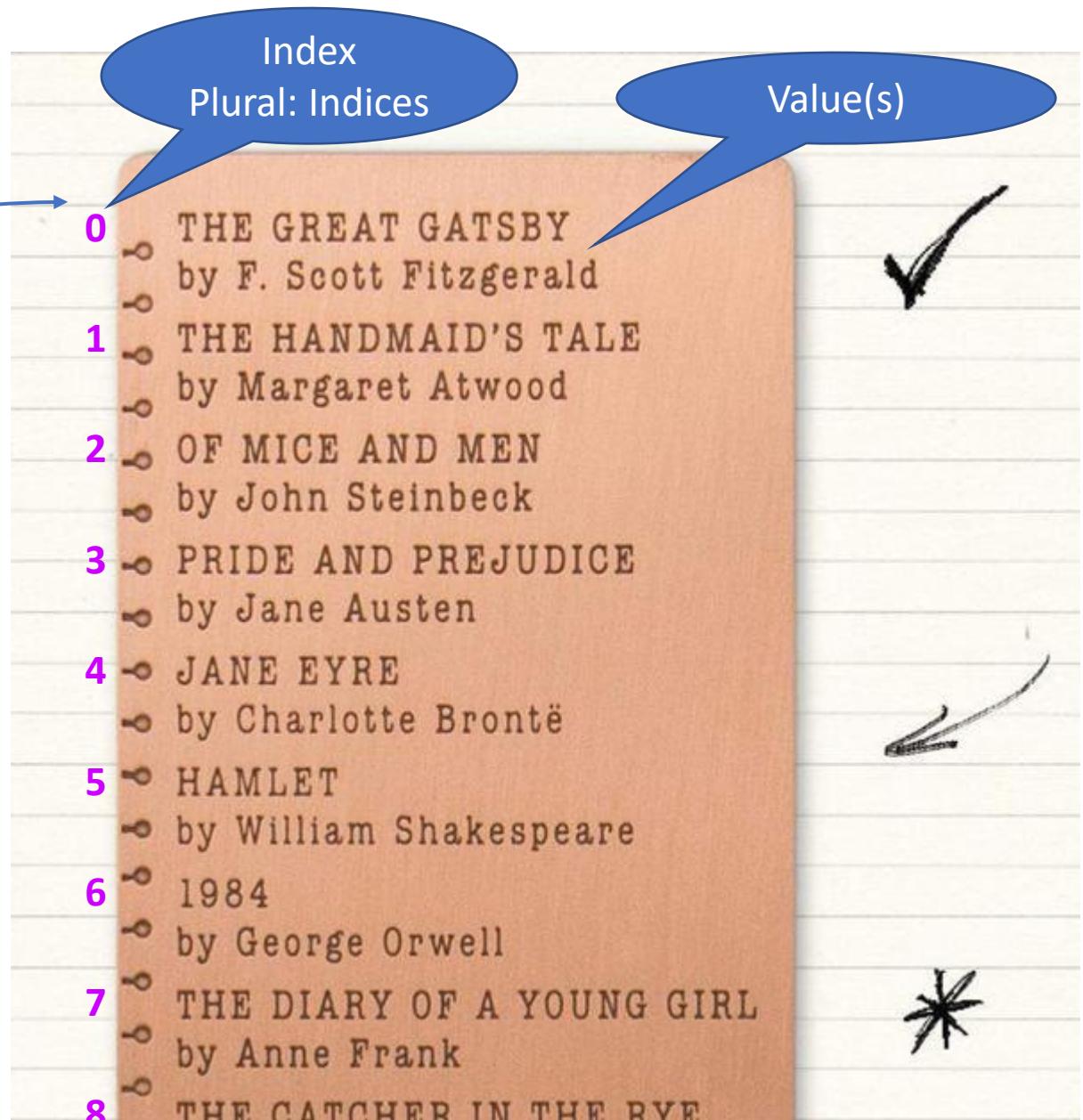
A close-up photograph of a person's hand holding a silver pen over a lined notebook. The notebook contains a handwritten checklist with several items, each preceded by a small blue square checkbox. The visible text includes "Drive", "Drive", "Mac", and "D". The background is slightly blurred, showing more of the notebook and the pen.



Finally!
We can conveniently
store our stuff!

bookList

```
bookList[0] == "THE GREAT GATSBY"  
bookList[6] == "1984"
```



myList

index	0	1	2	3	...	n
value	15	21	3	654	45	1



How to Start a List

```
myGroceries = []
```

```
myGroceries.append("apples")  
myGroceries.append("bananas")  
myGroceries.append("eggs")
```

```
myGroceries = ["apples", "bananas", "eggs"]
```

Index	0	1	2
value	apples	bananas	eggs

Index	0	1	2
value	""	""	""

```
myGroceries = [""]*3
```

```
myGroceries[0] = "apples"  
myGroceries[1] = "bananas"  
myGroceries[2] = "eggs"
```

Index	0	1	2
value	apples	bananas	eggs

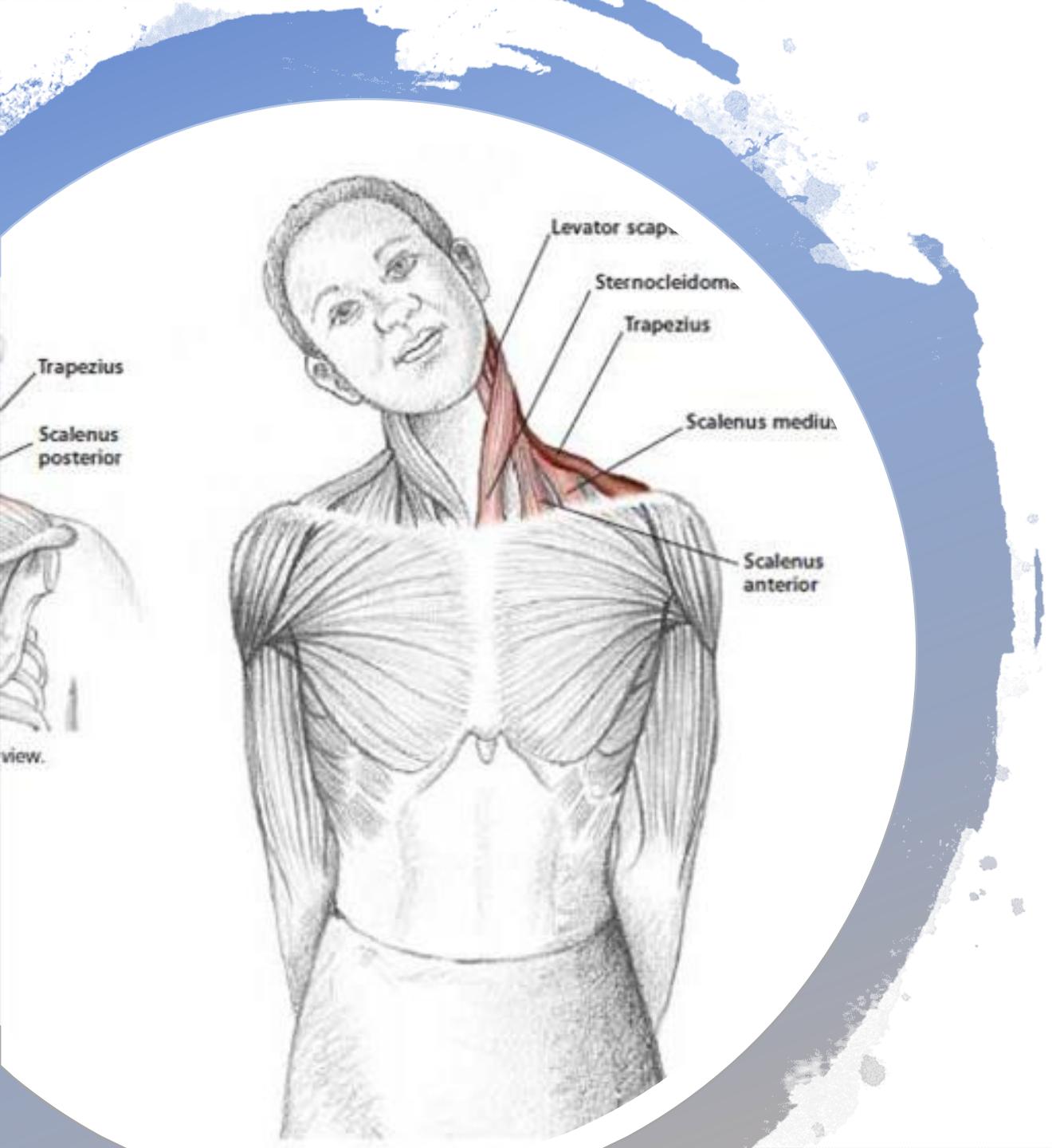


How to Go through a List

```
myGroceries = ["apples", "bananas", "eggs"]
```

```
for myFood in myGroceries:  
    print(myFood)
```

```
for i in range(len(myGroceries)):  
    print(myGroceries[i])  
    print("is my", i, "th item in the list")
```



Break:
Move your Neck!

Coding Examples

```
def avgTemperature1():

    nofDays = 5
    total = 0

    for i in range(nofDays):
        temperature = int(input("Enter the temperature"))
        total += temperature

    avgTemp = total/nofDays
    print("Your average temperature is", avgTemp)
```



```
def avgTemperature2():

    nofDays = 5
    temperatures = [ ]

    for i in range(nofDays):
        temperatures.append(int(input("Enter the temperature")))

    total = 0

    for myTemp in temperatures:
        total += myTemp

    avgTemp = total/nofDays
    print("Your average temperature is", avgTemp)
```

Coding Examples

```
def myProgram():
    nofDays = 5
    myList = [ ]
    for i in range(nofDays):
        myList.append(int(input("Enter the input")))
    total = 0
    for myElement in myList:
        total += myElement
    avg = total/nofDays
    print("Your average is", avgTemp)
```

Initialization

Input handling

Calculation

Output handling

Coding Examples

```
def avgTemperature1():
```

```
    nofDays = 5  
    sum = 0
```

```
    for i in range(nofDays):  
        temperature = int(input("Enter the temperature"))  
        sum += temperature  
  
    avgTemp = sum/nofDays  
    print("Your average temperature is", avgTemp)
```

Initialization

Input handling

Calculation

Output handling

```
def avgTemperature2():
```

```
    nofDays = 5  
    temperatures = []
```

```
    for i in range(nofDays):  
        temperatures.append(int(input("Enter the temperature")))
```

```
    sum = 0
```

```
    for myTemp in temperatures:  
        sum += myTemp
```

```
    avgTemp = sum/nofDays
```

```
    print("Your average temperature is", avgTemp)
```

Initialization

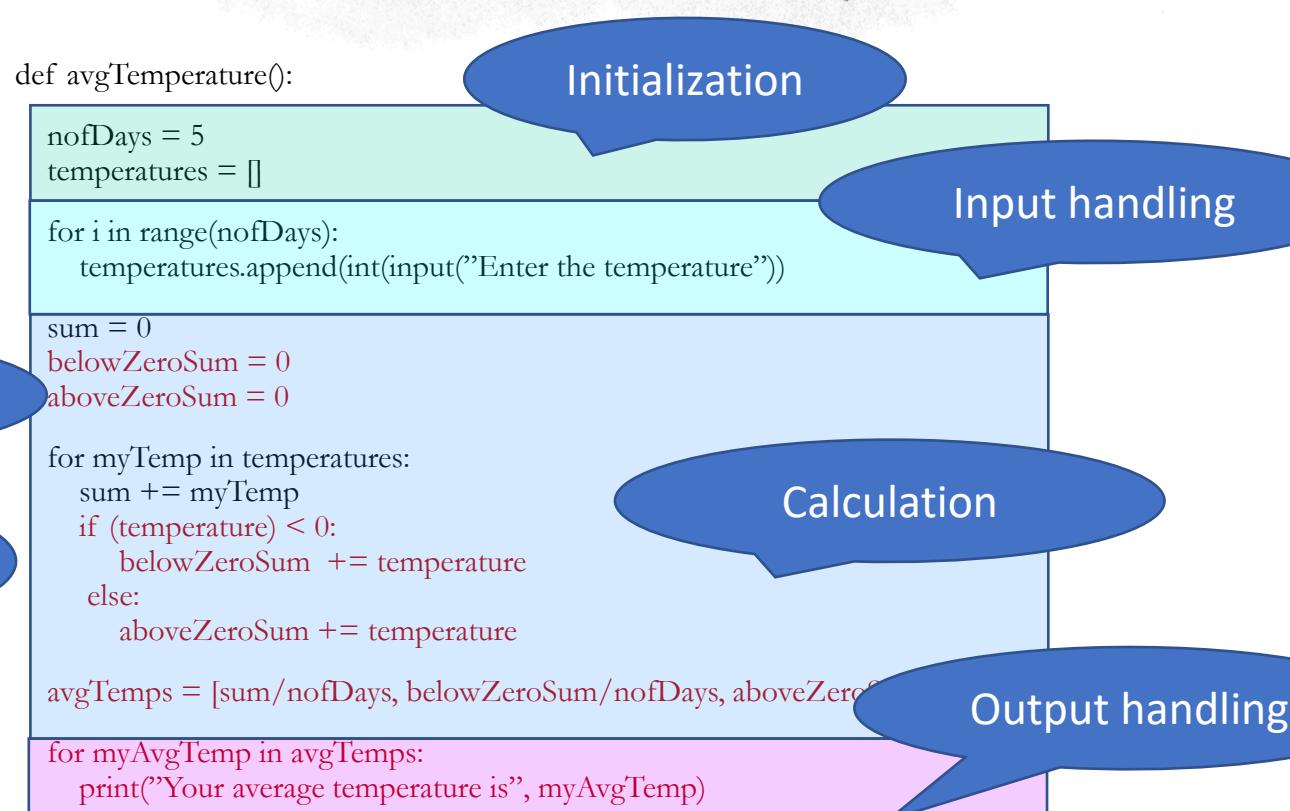
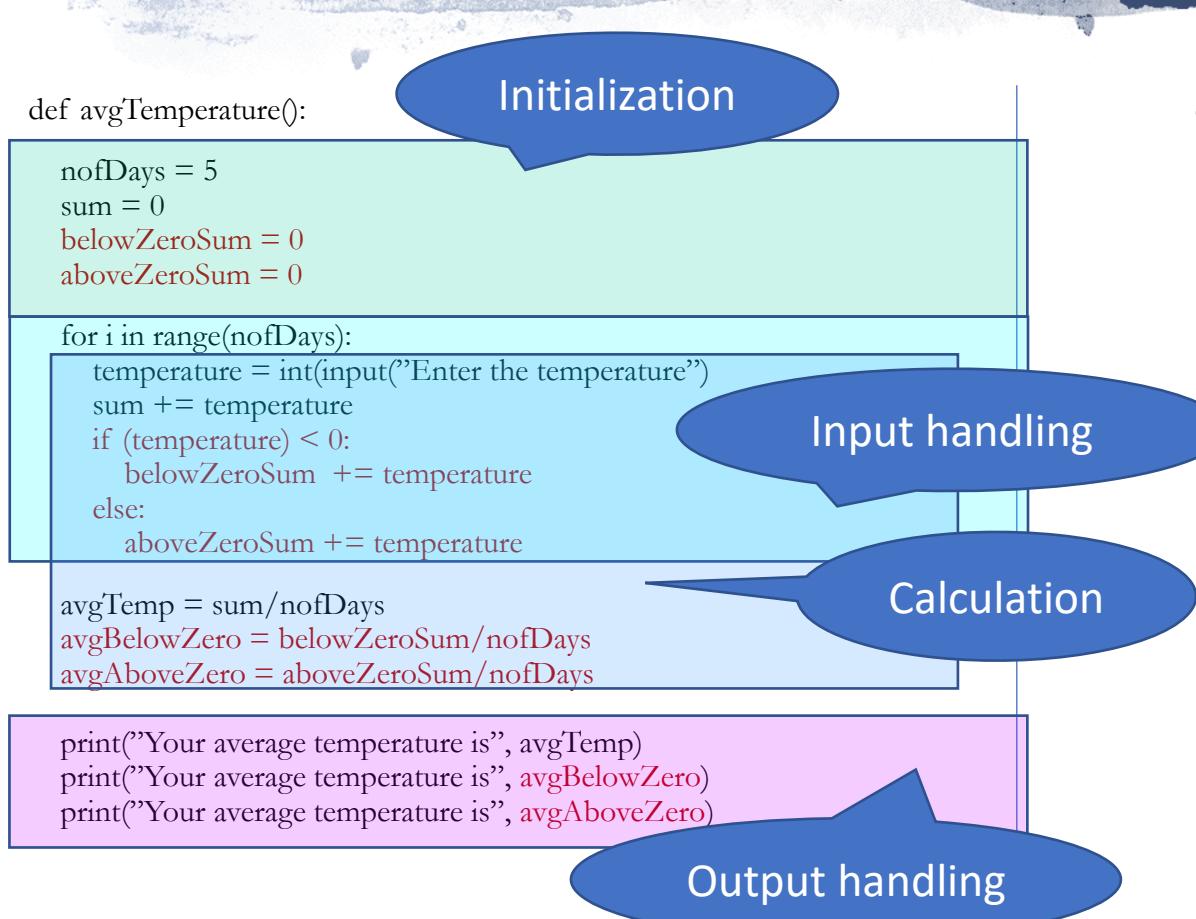
Input handling

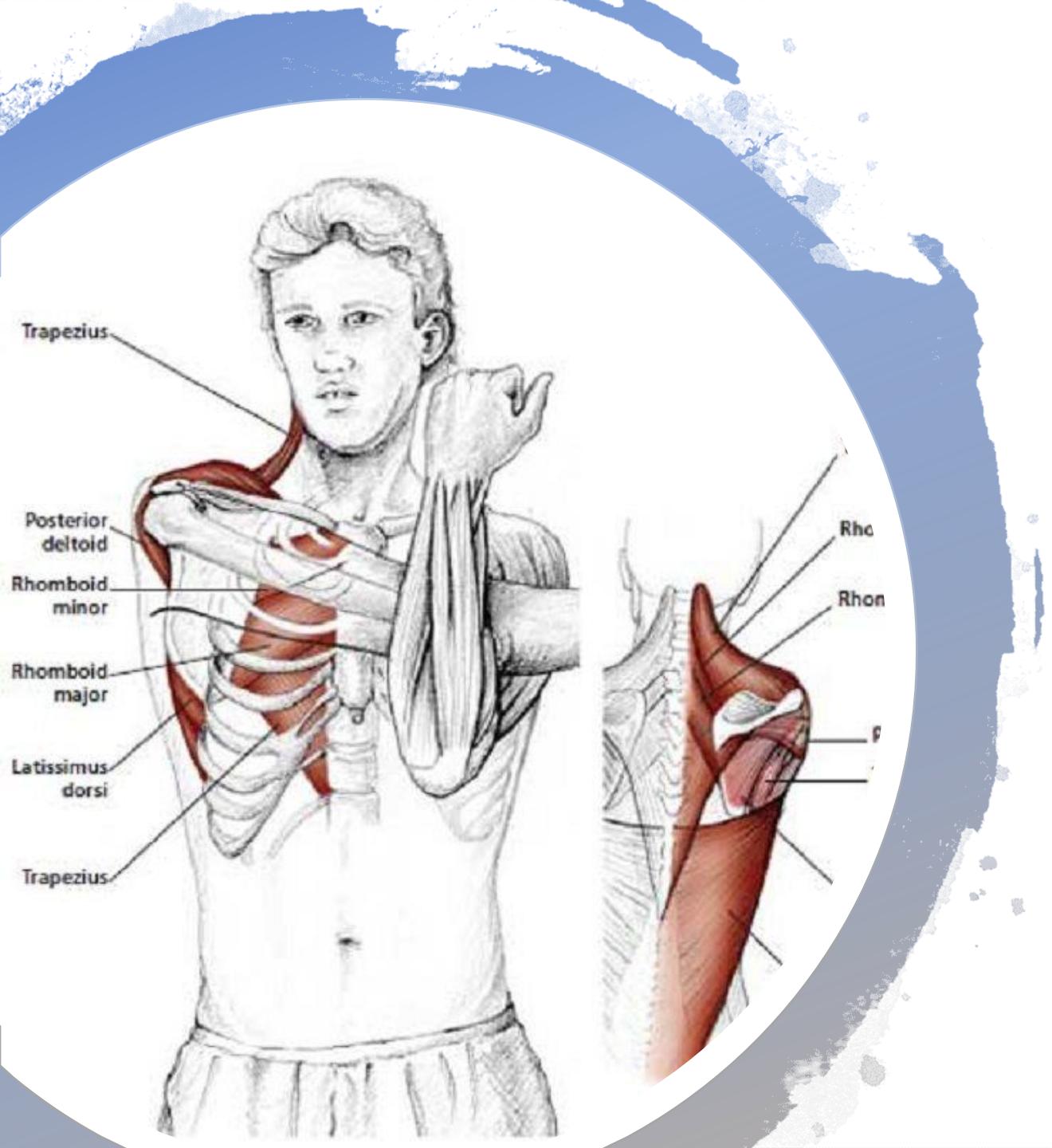
Calculation

Output handling

Coding Examples++

What if we want the average below Zero Temperature?





Break: Move your
Shoulders

Go to:
<http://presemo.aalto.fi/csa1113>



Methods on Lists and where to find them

VERY IMPORTANT!

<https://docs.python.org/3/tutorial/datastructures.html>

```
myList = ["apples", "bananas", "eggs"]
```

1. len(myList) =
2. myList.index("bananas") =
3. myList.index("toiletpaper") =
4. myList.reverse()
5. myList.sort()
6. myList [3]





Methods on Lists and where to find them

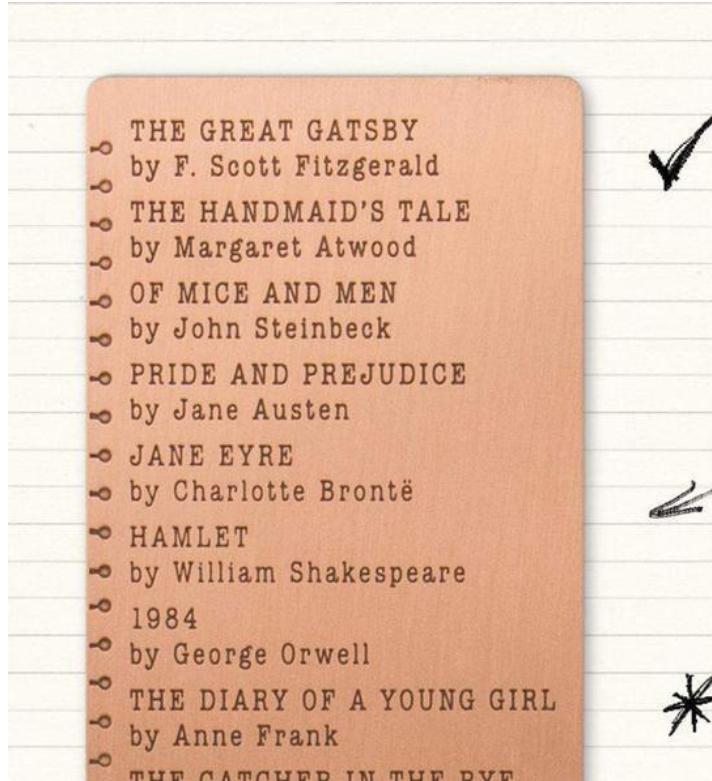
VERY IMPORTANT!

<https://docs.python.org/3/tutorial/datastructures.html>

```
myList = ["apples", "bananas", "eggs"]
```

1. len(myList) = 3
2. myList.index("bananas") = 1
3. myList.index("toiletpaper") = ValueError : "toiletpaper" is not in list
4. myList.inverse() = ["eggs", "bananas", "apples"]
5. myList.sort() = ["apples", "bananas", "eggs"]
6. myList [3] = IndexError: list index out of range

Lists

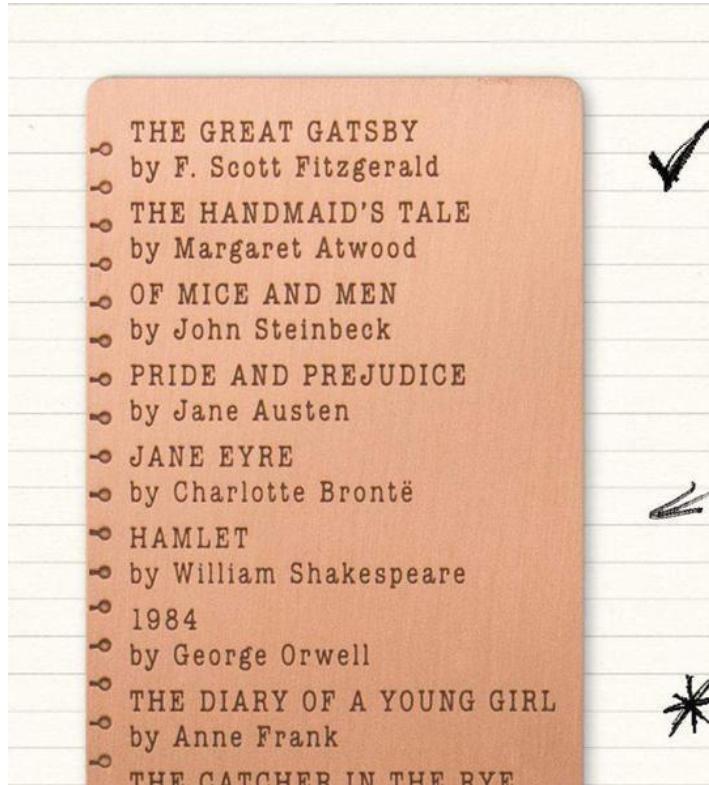


```
myList = ["apples", "bananas", "eggs"]
```

1. myList[2] = "apples"
2. myList[myList.index("bananas")] = "toiletpaper"
3. myList[myList.index("eggs")] = "apples"



ts



myList = ["apples", "bananas", "eggs"]

1. myList[2] = "apples"
→ myList = ["apples", "bananas", "apples"]
2. myList[myList.index("bananas")] = "toiletpaper"
→ myList = ["apples", "toiletpaper", "apples"]
3. myList[myList.index("eggs")] = "apples"
→ ValueError



Things you can, but probably shouldn't do

```
myList = ["apples", "bananas", "eggs"]
```

1. myList.append(5)
2. myList.append("5")
3. myList = ["0", "8", "6", "60"]
myList.sort()
4. What happens here?
myList = ["apples", "bananas", "Apples", "a", "A"]
myList.sort()

Why is this a
bad idea?



Things you can, but probably shouldn't do

```
myList = ["apples", "bananas", "eggs"]
```

1. myList.append(5) → you have mixed types (e.g., can not use the method sort)
2. myList.append("5")
→ sort returns ["5", "apples", "bananas", "eggs"]
3. myList = ["0", "8", "6", "60"]
myList.sort() → returns ["0", "6", "60", "8"]
4. What happens here?
myList = ["apples", "bananas", "Apples", "a", "A"]
myList.sort() → returns ["A", "Apples", "a", "apples", "bananas"]

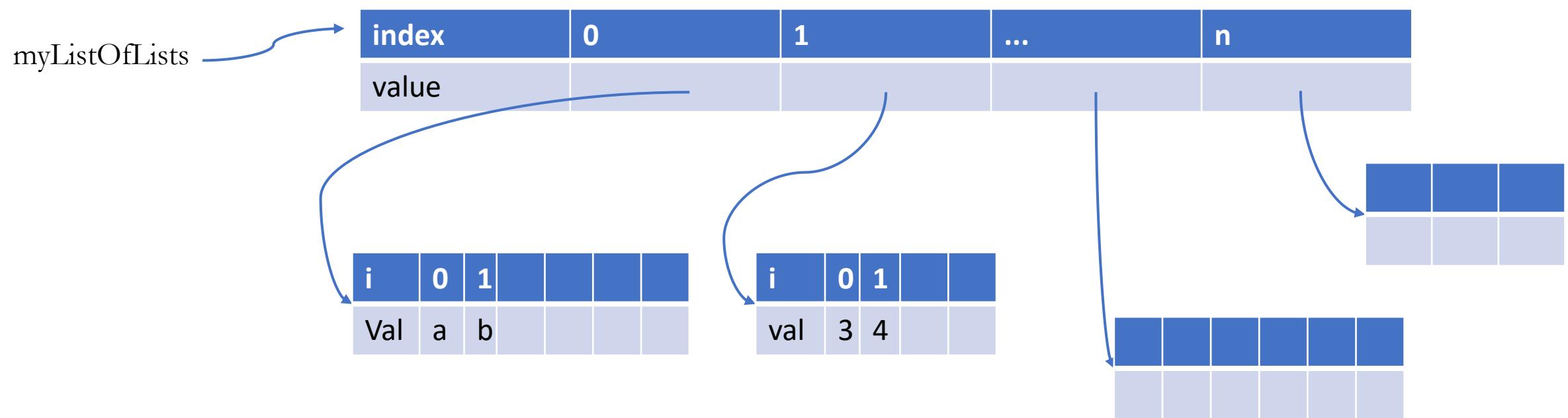
Lists of Lists: Cool Stuff, be Tedious!



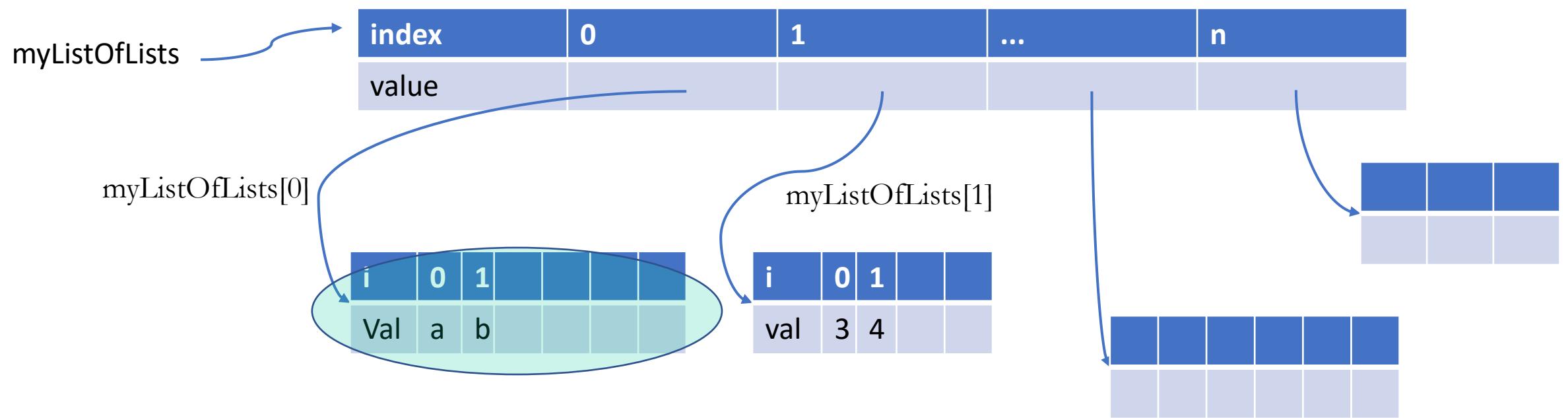
A blue arrow points from the variable name `myListOfNumbers` to the first row of the table, specifically to the `index` column header.

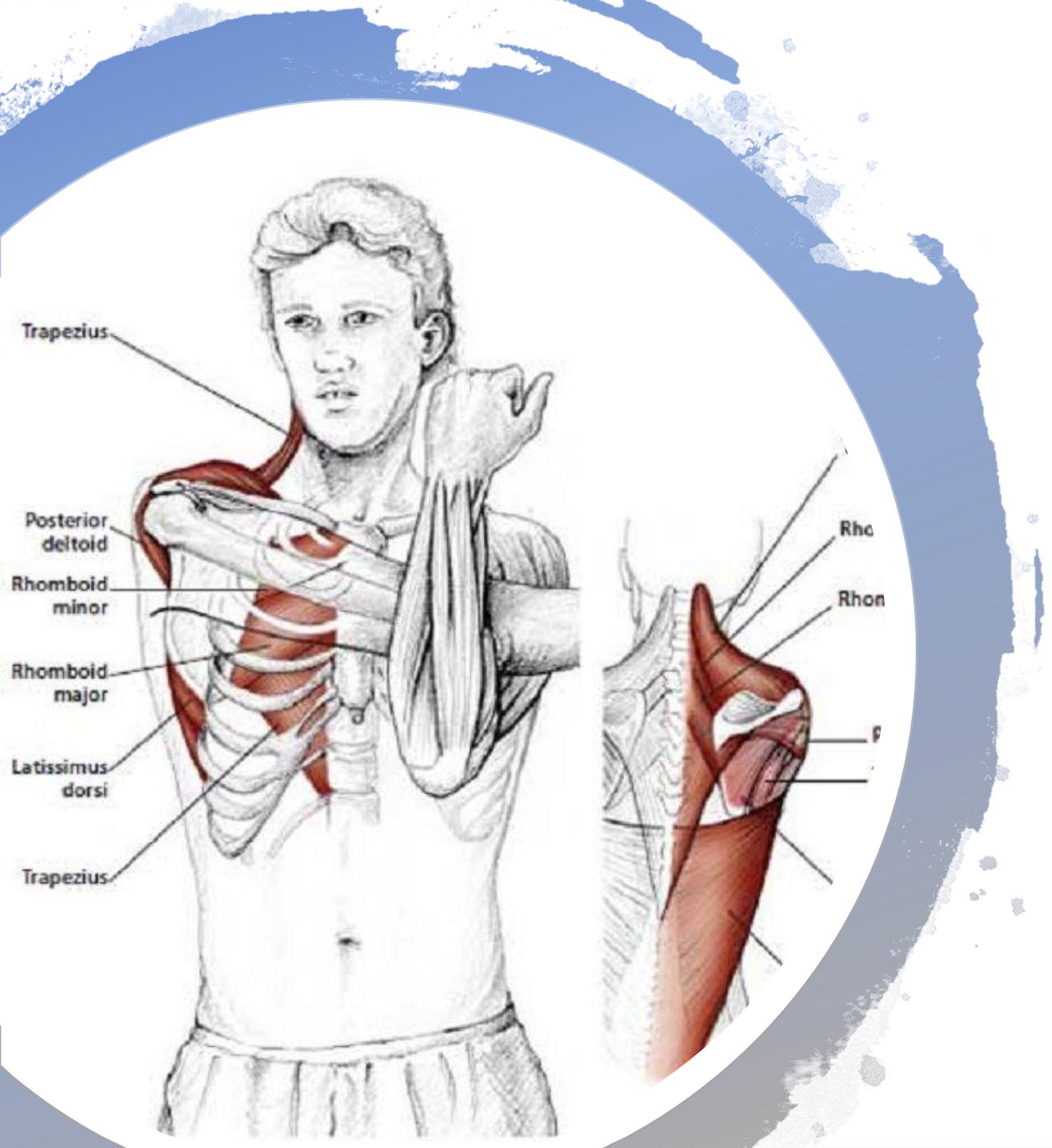
index	0	1	...	n
value	56	47	41	54

Lists of Lists: Cool Stuff, be Tedious!



Lists of Lists: Cool Stuff, be Tedious!





Break: Move your
Shoulders



What is indentation used for in Python?

Code Blocks

It is for readability and
MORE importantly:

It is the way the computer goes through the program

```
def goodFunction():

    myVariable = 10

    myOtherThing = 20

    for i in range(10):
        print(i)

            for k in range(5):
                print(k)

    k = 0
    while k < 10:

        print(k)

        k += 1

    if (myOtherthing < 25 and myVariable < 20):

        print(myOtherthing)

        print(myVariable)

        print("Bye")
    elif (myOtherthing < 25):

        print(myOtherthing)

        print("Bye")

    else:

        print("Bye")

    print("now the goodFunction is over")
```

```
goodFunction()
```

```
def goodFunction():
    myVariable = 10
    myOtherThing = 20
    for i in range(10):
        print(i)
        for k in range(5):
            print(k)

    k = 0
    while k < 10:
        print(k)
        k += 1

    if (myOtherthing < 25 and myVariable < 20):
        print(myOtherthing)
        print(myVariable)
        print("Bye")
    elif (myOtherthing < 25):
        print(myOtherthing)
        print("Bye")
    else:
        print("Bye")

    print("now the goodFunction is over")
goodFunction()
```

```
def goodFunction():
    myVariable = 10
    myOtherThing = 20
    for i in range(10):
        print(i)
        for k in range(5):
            print(k)

    k = 0
    while k < 10:
        print(k)
        k += 1

    if (myOtherthing < 25 and myVariable < 20):
        print(myOtherthing)
        print(myVariable)
        print("Bye")
    elif (myOtherthing < 25):
        print(myOtherthing)
        print("Bye")
    else:
        print("Bye")

    print("now the goodFunction is over")
goodFunction()
```

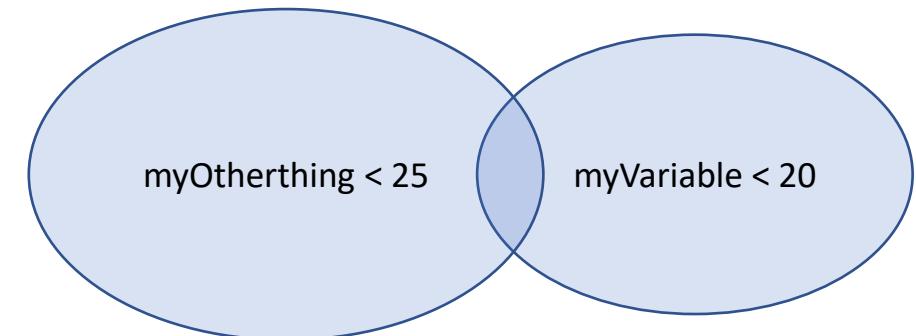
myOtherthing < 25

```
def goodFunction():
    myVariable = 10
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    for i in range(10):
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            print(k)

    k = 0
    while k < 10:
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        k += 1

    if (myOtherthing < 25 and myVariable < 20):
        print(myOtherthing)
        print(myVariable)
        print("Bye")
    elif (myOtherthing < 25):
        print(myOtherthing)
        print("Bye")
    else:
        print("Bye")

    print("now the goodFunction is over")
goodFunction()
```

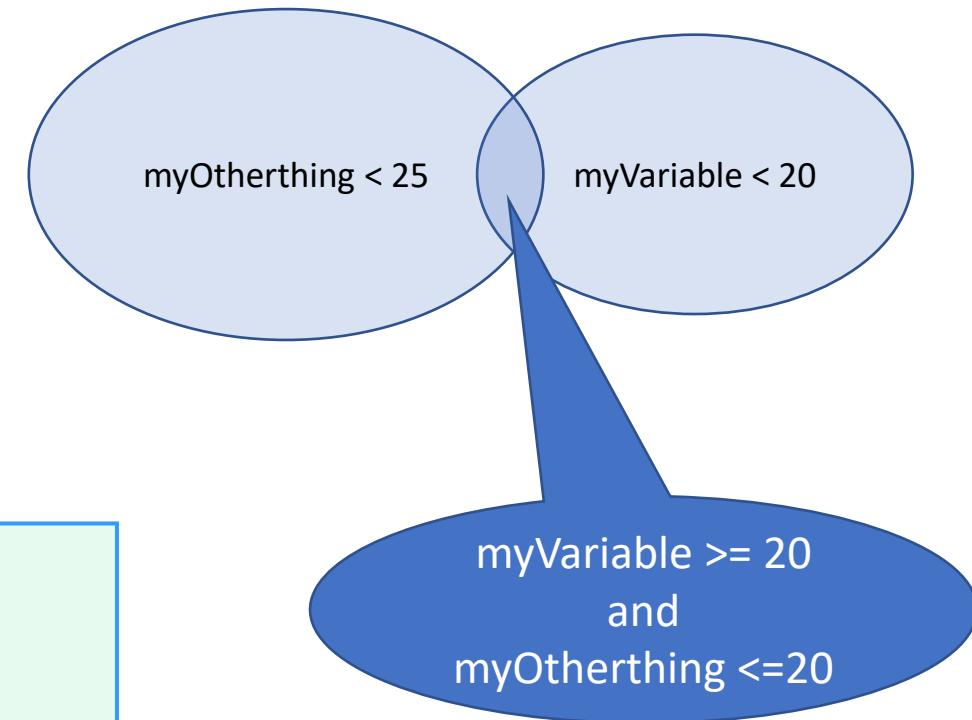


```
def goodFunction():
    myVariable = 10
    myOtherThing = 20
    for i in range(10):
        print(i)
        for k in range(5):
            print(k)

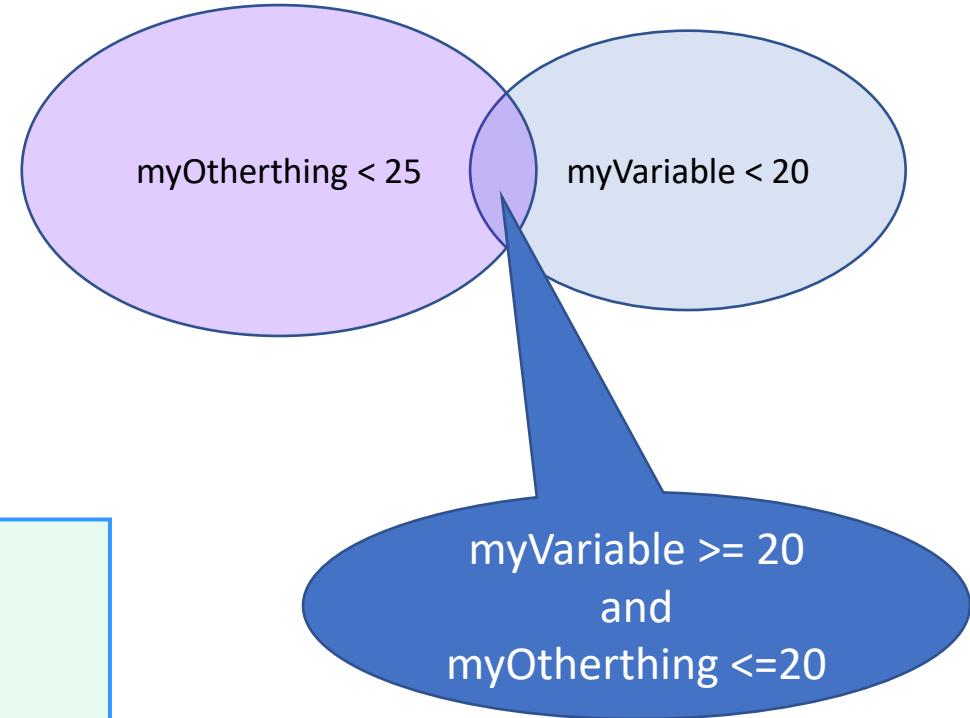
    k = 0
    while k < 10:
        print(k)
        k += 1

    if (myOtherthing < 25 and myVariable < 20):
        print(myOtherthing)
        print(myVariable)
        print("Bye")
    elif (myOtherthing < 25):
        print(myOtherthing)
        print("Bye")
    else:
        print("Bye")

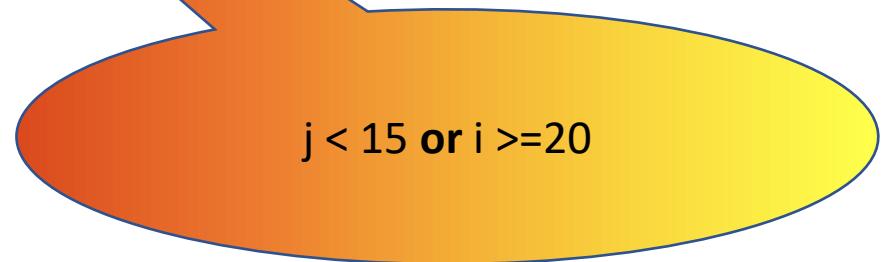
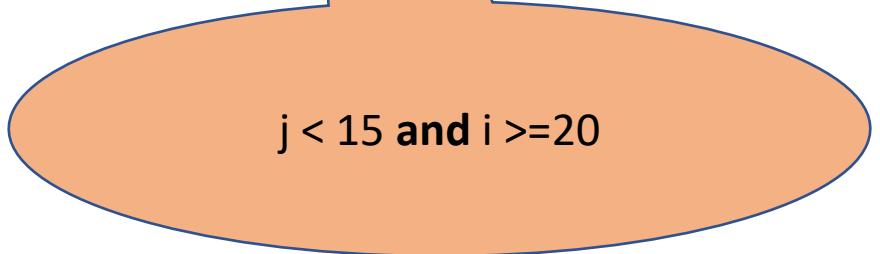
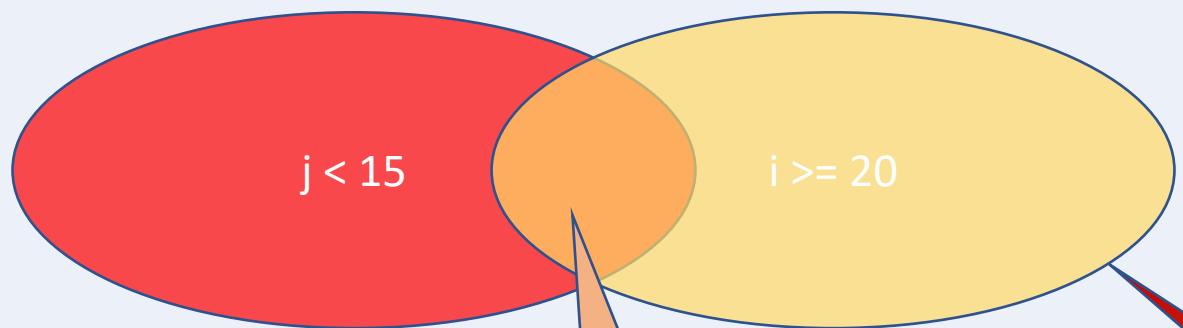
    print("now the goodFunction is over")
goodFunction()
```



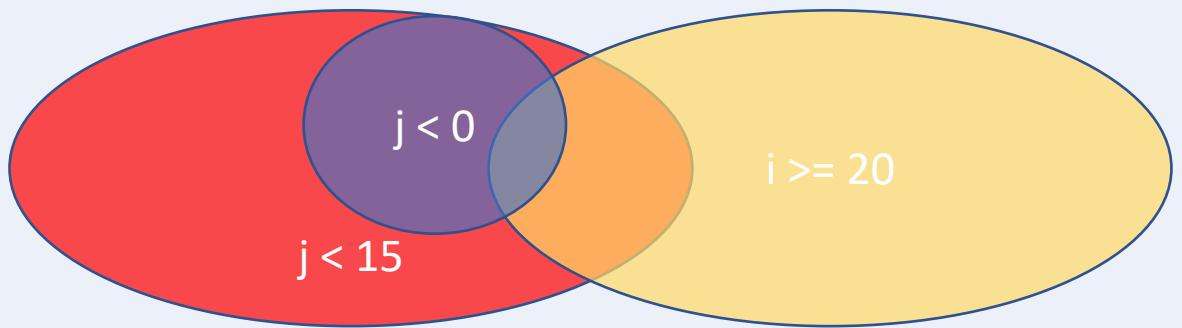
```
def goodFunction():
    myVariable = 10
    myOtherThing = 20
    for i in range(10):
        print(i)
        for k in range(5):
            print(k)
    k = 0
    while k < 10:
        print(k)
        k += 1
    if (myOtherthing < 25 and myVariable < 20):
        print(myOtherthing)
        print(myVariable)
        print("Bye")
    elif (myOtherthing < 25):
        print(myOtherthing)
        print("Bye")
    else:
        print("Bye")
    print("now the goodFunction is over")
goodFunction()
```



$j \geq 15 \text{ and } i < 20$
 $\text{not}(j < 15 \text{ or } i \geq 20)$



$j \geq 15 \text{ and } i < 20$
 $\text{not}(j < 15 \text{ or } i \geq 20)$



```
if ((j<0) and (j>=15 and i < 20)):  
    print("this will never be printed")
```

“That’s all Folks!”

