

university of groningen

faculty of spatial sciences

department of planning and environment



Residential relocation and travel behavior change

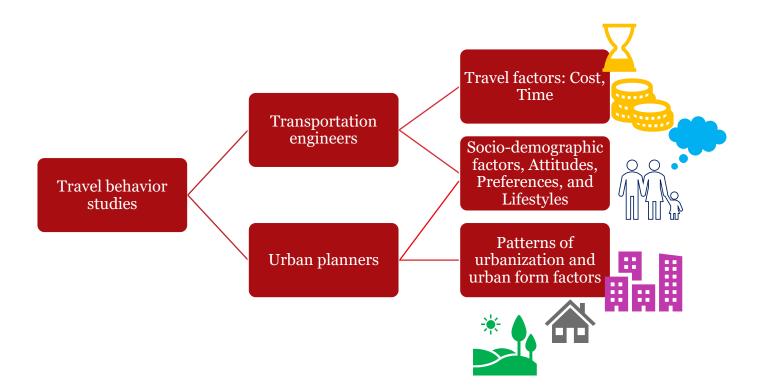
Samira Ramezani

Guest Lecture for Urban Experience course Department of Built Environment Aalto University

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Literature

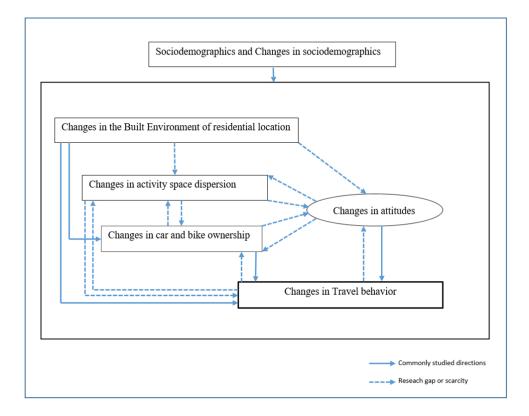


Mostly cross-sectional data is used! Changes in these factors are not measured!

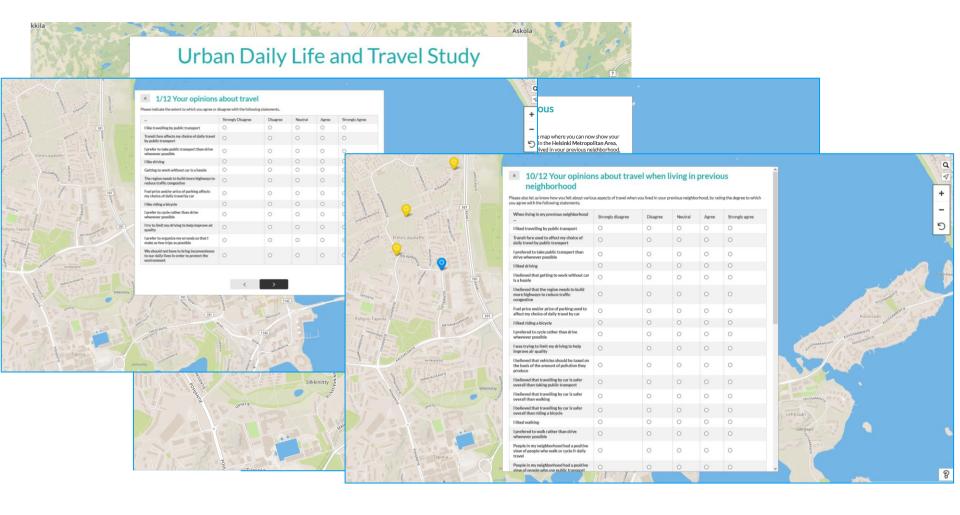
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The conceptual framework



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Measuring variables

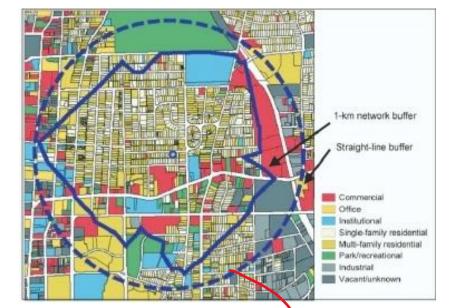
□ Changes in the Built Environmental factors:

- Land Use Mix
- Population density
- Job density

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- Distance to workplace
- Distance to non workplaces
- Move to Intensive public transport zone
- □ Changes in car and bike ownership:
- Car acquisition
- Car disposal
- Bike acquisition





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□ Changes in attitudes:

Attitude	Cronbach's Alpha	Measurement indicator	Factor Ioadin g
1. Pro-transit	0.71	I prefer to take public transport than drive whenever possible	
		I like travelling by public transport	0.507
		I like driving	-0.482
		I like to be able to rest or read while travelling	0.421
		We could manage pretty well with one fewer car than we have (or with no car)	0.347
2. Pro-active travel	0.85	I prefer to cycle rather than drive whenever possible	0.946
		I prefer to walk rather than drive whenever possible	0.725
		I like riding a bicycle	0.667
3. Susceptible to pee pressure	e r 0.83	People in my neighborhood have a positive view of people who use public transport	0.934
		People in my neighborhood have a positive view of people who walk or cycle for daily travel	0.815



Attitude	Cronbach's	Measurement indicator	Factor		
4. Time sensitive	Alpha 0.59	I do not like to wait for another travel mode while travelling	loading 0.593		
4. This sensitive	0.39	I like to avoid queues and congestion while travelling	0.588		
			0.584		
	- 0. 70	I do not like to have variation in my daily travel time			
5. Car safety	0.79	Travelling by car is safer overall than walking	0.962		
perception		Travelling by car is safer overall than riding a bicycle	0.670		
		Travelling by car is safer overall than taking public transport	0.582		
6. Confident ir transit schedule	1 0.58	The bus and/or train schedule is sometimes hard to understand	0.607		
awareness		Using text message (SMS) to get real time information about bus and 0.537			
		train schedule could be easier than using internet for me			
		I use the Internet easily to find out about the bus or train schedule	-0.534		
7. cost sensitive	0.43	Fuel price and/or price of parking affects my choice of daily travel by car	y 0.666		
		Transit fare affects my choice of daily travel by public transport	0.368		
8.Environmentally aware	0.66	Changing how people travel is a great way to improve the environment	e 0.644		
		Using electric vehicles can significantly reduce air pollution	0.579		
		Vehicles should be taxed on the basis of the amount of pollution they produce	y 0.468		
		I try to limit my driving to help improve air quality	0.363		
<u></u>			0.000		



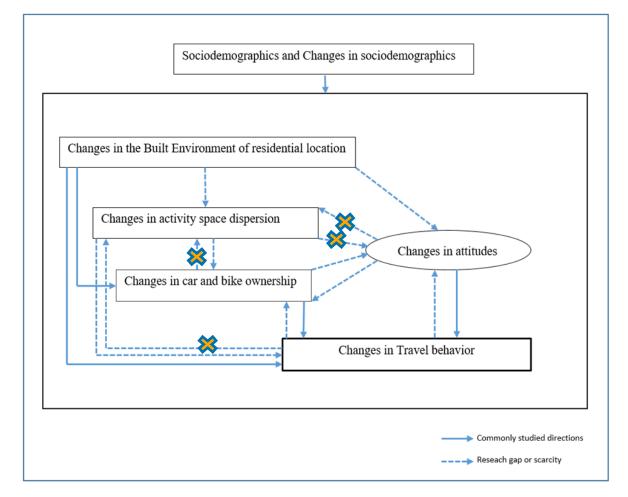
□ Changes in dispersion of activity space:

Monocentric Bicentric Polycentric 0 0 0 0 0 \bigcirc \bigcirc 0 \bigcirc \bigcirc 0 \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc 0 \bigcirc 0 0 0 0 0 \bigcirc 0 \bigcirc Home location □ Activity cluster centroid Activity point

Results

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- Reciprocal influences between changes in car and bike ownership, travel attitudes, and travel behavior
- The built environment can modify and change travel related attitudes and influence activity space dispersion, which in turn affects travel behavior





		Changes in pro- active transport attitude	Changes in pro-transit attitude	environmental	Changes in susceptibility to peer pressure regarding positive role of active transport	Changes in time sensitivity
	Changes in distance to non-work related places	<mark>-0.108ª (-0.108ª)</mark>	0.00 (0.001°)	0.00 (0.00)	0.00 (0.00)	0.00 (0.001°)
environment	Changes in distance to work)-0.2ª (-0.2ª)	<mark>-0.243ª (-0.218ª)</mark>	-0.219ª (· 0.199ª)	0.00 (0.00)	<mark>0.121⁵</mark> (0.129⁵)
envir	Changes in land use mix	0.00 (0.00)	<mark>0.229ª (0.238ª)</mark>	0.00 (0.007 ^c)	<mark>0.109ª(0.109ª)</mark>	<mark>-0.239^b(-</mark> 0.239 ^b)
in built	Changes in population density	0.00 (0.00)	0.181ª (0.188ª)	0.00 (0.006 ^c)	0.159ª(0.159ª)	0.00 (-0.015 ^c)
Changes	Changes in Job density	0.00 (0.00)	0.00 (-0.001°)	0.00 (-0.001 ^c)	0.00 (0.00)	0.00 (-0.001 ^c)
Char	Move to intensive public transit or pedestrian zone		0.00 (0.011 ^b)	0.00 (0.008°)	0.00 (0.00)	0.00 (0.00)



		Changes in pro- active transport attitude		Changes in environmental accountability	Changes in susceptibility to peer pressure regarding positive role of active transport	Changes in time sensitivity
avel	Changes in walking	0.00 (0.00)	0.00 (0.00)	0.00 (0.00)	0.00 (0.00)	-0.1c (-0.1 ^c)
in tra Javior	changes in cycling	0.00 (0.00)	0.00 (0.00)	0.00 (0.00)	0.00 (0.00)	0.00 (0.00)
Changes i beha	changes in transit use	0.00 (0.00)	<mark>0.203ª (0.211ª)</mark>	<mark>0.160ª (0.167ª)</mark>	0.00 (0.00)	0.00 (-0.005°)



		Change in walking	Change in cycling	Change in transit use
Changes in built environment	Changes in distance to non-work related places	0.00 (-0.013 ^c)	0.00 (-0.067 ^c)	0.00 (0.003 ^c)
	Changes in distance to work Changes in land use mix	0.00 (-0.081 ^c) 0.00 (0.002 ^c)	0.00 (-0.104 ^b) 0.00 (-0.031 ^c)	0.155a (0.122 ^a) 0.00 (0.045 ^a)
	Changes in population density Changes in Job density Move to intensive transit zone	0.147 ^a (0.149 ^a) 0.00 (0.010 ^b) 0.00 (0.003 ^c)	0.00 (-0.008 ^c) 0.00 (0.009 ^c) 0.00 (0.00)	0.00 (0.035ª) 0.00 (-0.005 ^c) <mark>0.045ª (0.050ª)</mark>
Changes in centricity of activity space	Change to monocentric activity space	0.073 ^b (0.073 ^b)	<mark>0.065^c (0.064^c)</mark>	0.00 (0.00)
	Change to polycentric activity space	0.00 (0.00)	0.00 (0.00)	<mark>0.041^c (0.042^c)</mark>
Changes in car and bike ownership	Car acquisition Car disposal Bike acquisition	0.00 (-0.001c) 0.00 (0.001 ^c) 0.00 (0.00)	0.00 (0.00) 0.00 (0.00) 0.101ª (0.101ª)	-0.026 ^b (-0.027 ^b) 0.023 ^b (0.024 ^b) 0.00 (0.00)
Changes in attitudes	Changes in pro-active transport attitude	0.00 (0.00)	0.518ª (0.518ª)	0.00 (0.00)
	Changes in pro-transit attitude Changes in environmental accountability	0.00 (0.010 ^b) <mark>0.323a (0.323ª)</mark>	0.00 (-0.028 ^b) 0.00 (0.027 ^b)	<mark>0.177a (0.196ª)</mark> 0.00 (0.00)
	Changes in susceptibility to peer pressure regarding positive role of active transport	0.073 ^b (0.073 ^b)	0.00 (0.00)	0.00 (0.00)
	Changes in time sensitivity	0.00 (0. 00)	<mark>0.105^b (0.105^b)</mark>	0.00 (0.00)

Any Questions?

Samira Ramezani Assistant Professor Department of Spatial Planning and Environment University of Groningen Email: s.ramezani@rug.nl