#### Methods in Early Product Development

## "Concept Selection"



# **Concept Selection**

Find the best concept by,

- ...narrowing down to the most promising ideas
- ...evaluating those against our criteria
- ...improving the concepts
- ...working more on the concepts, testing them, getting more data in order to make the final selection



# At what stages in the product design and development do we perform concept selection?

## Fuzzy Front-End Concept Selection



#### Engineering Concept Selection Approach

- Suitable for Novice Designers
- Excellent repeatability
- Systematic Approach
- No personal biases
- Some degree of Scientific expertise



# **Concept Selection Guidelines**

01	02	03	04	05	06			
Clarify product requirement	Determine evaluation criteria	Identify selection metrix	Identify reference product	Run the matrix to attain scores	Either improve or select the best concept			



Key features of a good concept selection approach:

- Enables comparison to customer needs/requirements
- Enables joint agreement on all selection criteria
- Enables team discussion
- Enables concept improvement
- Records the process and decision
- Removes personal biases
- Ensures process is well documented

# Concept Selection Methods 1980 - 2008



# **Concept Selection Tools**

Most tools or techniques are some sort of multi-criteria decision-making (MCDM) methods.

A few examples of MCDM are,

- Pugh's Chart 1
- Saaty's Analytical Hierarchy Process 2
- Roy's Electre III (Electre) <u>3</u>
- House of Quality 4



Case Study: A Bathtub For Specially Abled Individuals

	DATUM	<b>OPTION 1</b>	OPTION2	<b>OPTION 3</b>	<b>OPTION 4</b>	
	Swivel Chair w/	Hydraulic Swivel	Pivoting Tub	Shower Grins	Tub Door	
Pugn Matrix:	Hinge Leg	Chair		Shower drips	105 2001	
	X			3		
Primary a						
steh						
Concepts					0.	
I						
CDITEDIA			<sup>C</sup>			
		0				
Aesthetics	-	0	-	+	+	
Cost (low preferred)		-	-	+	0	
Ease of installation		0	-	+	-	
Safety in use		0	-	-	+	
Ease of getting in and out of tub		+	0	-	0	
Intuitive use	DATUM	0	-	+	0	
Ease of maintenance		-	-	+	0	
Bathing comfort (ability to relax		0	+	+	0	
and lay in bath)	-				0	
Noise		-	-	0	0	
Space required		0	-	+	+	
Universal		0	-	+	0	
Total +	0	1	1	8	3	
Total 0	0	7	1	1	7	
Total -	0	3	9	2	1	
TOTAL	0	-2	-8	6	2	

Attack The	
Minuses	

	DATUM	<b>OPTION 1</b>	OPTION2	<b>OPTION 3</b>	<b>OPTION 4</b>	
	Swivel Chair w/	Hydraulic Swivel	Pivoting Tub	Shower Grips	Tub Door	
	Hinge Leg	Chair				
Sketches				a l		
CRITERIA						
Aesthetics	DATUM	0	-	+	+	
Cost (low preferred)		-	-	+	0	
Ease of installation		0	-	+	-	
Safety in use		0	-	-	+	
Ease of getting in and out of tub		+	0	·	0	
Intuitive use		0	-	+	0	
Ease of maintenance		-	-	+	0	
Bathing comfort (ability to relax		0	+	+	0	
and lay in bath)						
Noise		-	-	0	0	
Space required		0	-	+	+	
Universal		0	-	+	0	
Total +	0	1	1	8	3	
Total 0	0	7	1	1	7	
Total -	0	3	9	2	1	
TOTAL	0	-2	-8	6	2	

# Improved Concept



		Swivel Chair w/ Hinge Leg	Shower Grips	Tub Door	Seating ledge
	Sketches				
	CRITERIA				
	Aesthetics		+	+	+
	Cost (low preferred)		+	0	+
Pugh Matrix:	Ease of installation		+	-	+
Improved	Safety in use			+	0
	Ease of getting in and out of tub	]	-	0	0
mproved	Intuitive use		+	0	+
Concent	Ease of maintenance	DATON	+	0	+
Concept	Bathing comfort (ability to relax		-	0	
	and lay in bath)		+	0	+
	Noise		0	0	0
	Space required		+	+	0
	Universal		+	0	+
	Total +	0	8	3	7
	Total 0	0	1	7	4
	Total -	0	2	1	0
	TOTAL	0	6	2	7

# Challenges in Concept Selection

- The nature of available information is usually based on subjective perceptions and speculations of people involved in the design process
- The stakeholders, users, designers and producers can have conflicting requirements concerning, e.g., product design and manufacturing, or product performance and sales price
- Finalizing a product concept can have far-reaching effects on product costs and customer satisfaction, which can only be fixed with additional costs and time

### Findings from Scientific Studies



Birkhofer et al. :

- Very few of the scientific methods were actually used in industry and the ones they use are more or less based on experience rather than scientific testing
- The academia has not correctly understood the actual industrial demand and application environment [1]

#### Salonen & Perttula :

- Finnish industries very rarely used scientific methods. The methods they used, in reality, were most often informal in nature but,
- Those who used were satisfied and confident in their concept selection [2]



There is no one BEST Concept selection method/matrix/tool

Some methods simply show



The fundamental procedure remains somewhat similar across different methods



the best concept, and others offer the possibility of improvement in weaker ideas

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The application of concept selection methods depends on factors such as need, time, experience, money, market etc.

### Take Home Message

