

### A! PEDA INTRO (5 credits)

### Day 3: Curriculum work and interaction

Aalto University Learning Services University Pedagogical Training and Development Maire Syrjäkari ja Virve Pekkarinen April 21, 2016

### A! Peda Intro timeline

#### Working in peer groups

#### Session 1:

7.4.2016

I as a university teacher

#### Session 2:

14.4.

Teaching and learning at the university

#### **Session 3:**

21.4.

Curriculum work and interaction in teaching

#### Session 4:

12.5.

Teaching practice

#### Session 5:

2.6.

We as University teachers

- 1. Pre-assignment
- 2. Reading assignment
- 3. Reading assignment
- 4. Pedagogical observation DL 20.4. and 1.6.

5. Plan for teaching practice DL 10.5.



### Learning outcomes of the day

### **Participant**

- Has explored the elements of curriculum work (planning of teaching) at the University
- Can explain the basic idea of the constructive alignment.
- Recognizes the significance of interaction in teaching and learning

#### **Timetable**

9.00 – 9.30 Welcome & Feedback from the last session

9.30 – 12.00 Curriculum work at the University

12.00 - 13.00 Lunch

13.00 – 15.30 Interaction in teaching and learning

15.30 – 16.00 Closing the day

# Feelings from last session?



### I am excited and inspired...

- ...about the course content very well organized
- Ø ...about changing my own way of thinking about teaching and learning
- Ø ...ability to encorporate new teaching techniques
- Ø ...the group discussions and reflection
- Ø ...to learn new tools for teaching
- Ø ...got a chance to rethink, review about my teaching
- Ø ...to learn and read about different ways of teaching
- Ø ...thinking how to apply some of these ideas to my own teaching
- Ø ...by other students thoughts in the class
- Ø ...to learn about new methods

### I am concerned about ...

- Ø I'm a bit worried that the course mighg not have much impact on my teacing
- Ø ...some issues are too abstract for me. It is a little bit difficult to consider my case
- Ø The lact of connection between great teaching practice + the reality of university + faculty and department politics
- Ø ...practical application of these methods in actual class teaching
- Ø ...connecting my learning to my practice
- Ø ..how to learn about teaching methods to use in the 4th session
- Ø ...not enough time to do pedagogical observation
- ...how to really apply new methods in practice

### I expect, I need. I'd like to...

- Ø I'd like to focus more about successful multidisciplinary teaching/learning
- Ø ...improve teaching skills
- Ø ...be more objective /foc.. in content of teaching (???)
- Ø I'd like to know more about how to deal with the many practical aspects of teaching
- Ø I expect to learn systematic thinking about teaching
- Ø I need to know good methods and thoughts for a more effective teaching
- Ø ..more insights into course design
- Ø ...personal and professional growth

### Curriculum work – what is it all about?

### **Curriculum work on the different levels**

#### **European Higher Education Area**:

Academic degree standards (EQF = European Qualification Framework), Bologna process

#### **National level**

Government Degree Regulation, Ministry of Education and Culture,

#### Aalto/School level

Degree regulations in the Schools of Aalto University

Learning outcomes for Bachelor's and Master's Degree

The curriculum of the degree programme (usually in the form of study guide, WebOodi etc.)

#### **Teacher level**

Course Unit

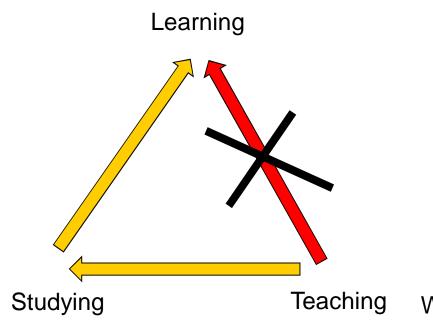
Teaching session, plan for the contact or distance teaching

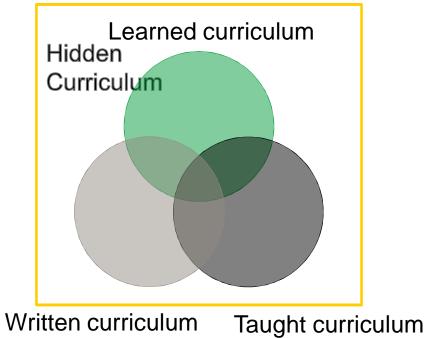
#### Student level

Personal Study Plan



### Different aspects of curriculum work





21.4.2016

### Elements (steps) of the curriculum work, the planning process

- 1. Connection between the courses, cooperation with the teachers of the programme
- 2. Setting the learning outcomes (target group)
- 3. Selecting the content
- 4. Selection of learning material
- 5. Planning the teaching methods
- 6. Planning the assessment
- 7. Counting the workload of students
- 8. Timing schedule planning



## Constructive alignment in teaching

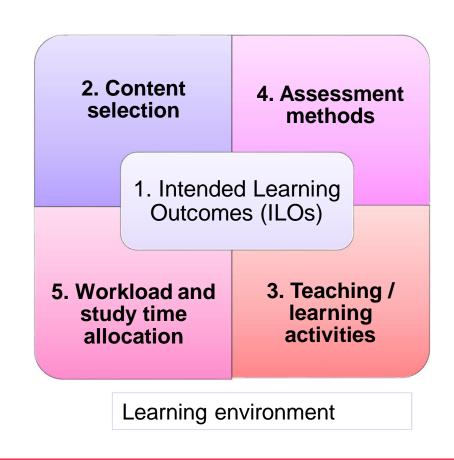


### Planning "constructively aligned" course

The concept of "constructive alignment" is related to constructivistic approach on learning (Biggs 1996, 2003)

Constructive alignment means that the components in the teaching system, especially the teaching methods used and the assessment tasks, are *aligned* with the learning activities assumed in the intended learning outcomes.

The teacher's job is to create a learning environment that supports the learning activities appropriate to achieve the intended learning outcomes.

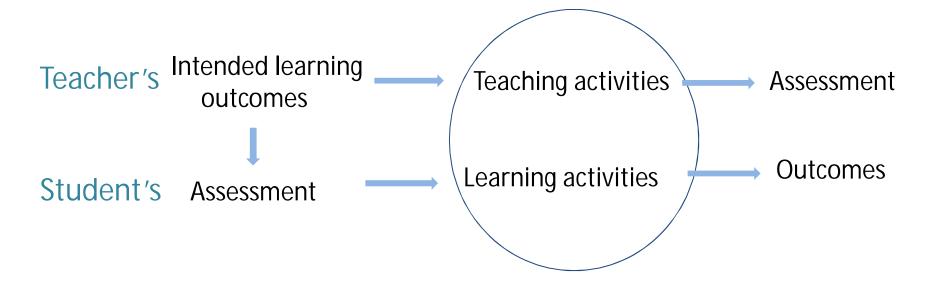




**Aalto University** 

Biggs &Tang (2011). Teaching for quality Learning at University: What the Student Does?

### Teacher's and student's perspectives on assessment



Students learn what they think they will be tested on

### **Core Content Analysis**

	Must know	Should know	Nice to know
Academic discipline	Constructive alignment, curriculum work, Meaning of interaction in teaching	Tools for course design (Core content analysis)	Different ways to organize interaction
Professional skills	Teaching peers Analyzing the interaction situation	Working in a multidisciplinary teacher group	



### Group work: curriculum work Puzzle method

#### Phases:

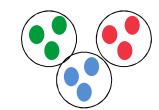
- 1. Working in expert-groups divided by topic 10 15 min
- 2. Working in mixed groups 1 h 15 min (including break)
- 3. Back to the expert group 15 min

Short wrap-up 15 min

### Phase 1: Working in expert-groups divided by topic

Groups are working on the topic given in the previous session.

- a) Learning outcomes
- b) Student workload
- c) Teaching methods
- d) Assessment

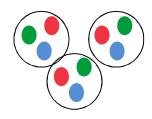


#### The group:

- discusses the topic (reading material).
- defines the main points and summarises this on a paper,
- asks if something is unclear



### Phase 2: Mixed groups



Experts on one topic will be devided in new groups.

The experts in each group will teach their topic to the others in this order:

- a) Learning outcomes
- b) Students' workload
- c) Teaching methods
- d) Assessment

If there are unclear issues please write them down. They could be discussed in the end of the excercise.

### Phase 3: Back to the expert-groups divided by topic

Go back to your "topic group" and discuss together:

- What do you think about curriculum work as a whole? What is easy or challenging?
- Did you learn something new about your topic after you worked in a mixed group?
- Could you use the method (puzzle) in your teaching?



### Lunch 12-13

### Marko Keskinen

When I flipped - combining flipped and peer learning



# Interaction in teaching and activating teaching methods

#### Interaction

#### **Different definitions**

### Some concepts to concider when considering interaction

- Reciprocity / direction (oneway, two way...)
- Synchronous/asynchronous
- Face-to-face / web-based
- Verbal / nonverbal





Photos: Virve Pekkarinen



### Interaction

#### When we deal with social information

We observe the situation

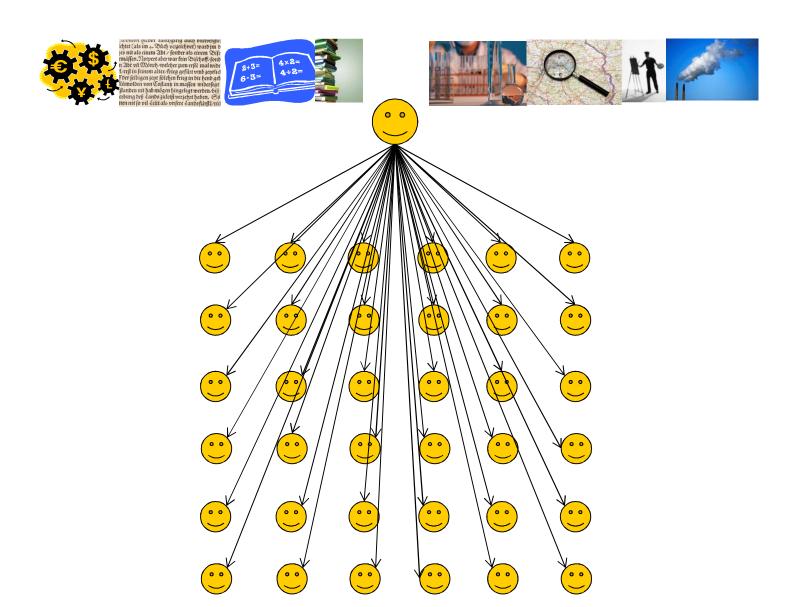
We interpret \_\_\_\_\_

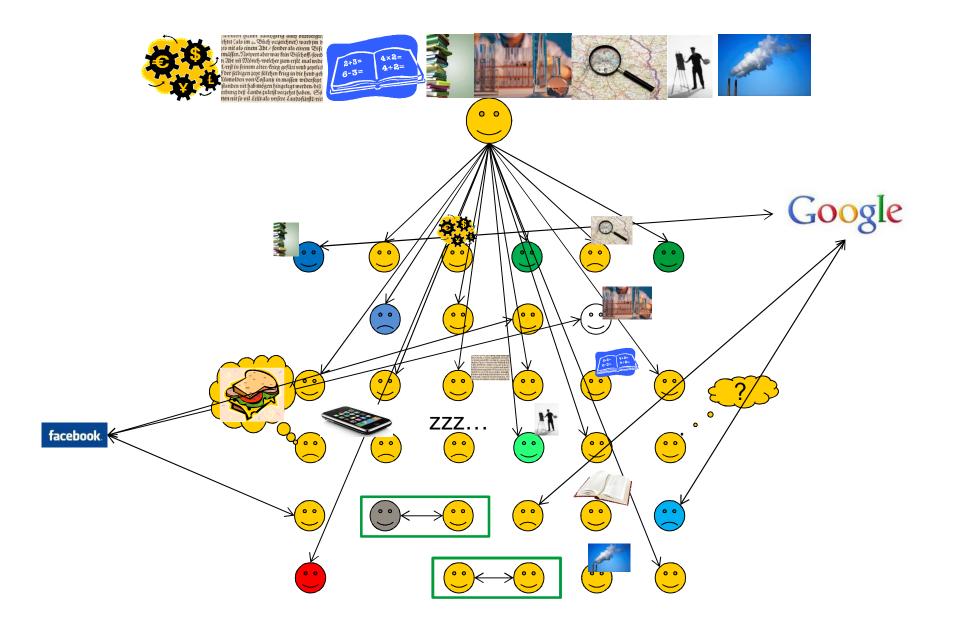
We set a goal



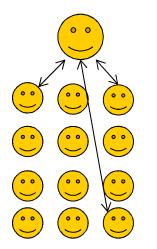
We consider the wisest course of action

We consider the optional courses of action

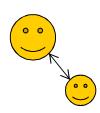




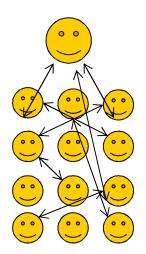
Between teacher and individual students



Personal guidance



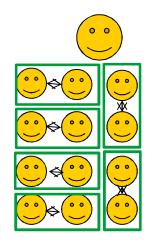
Teacher-led group discussion



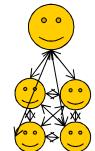
Supervised interaction with the environment (workbased learning)



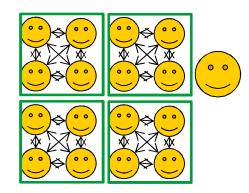
Between two students; teacher observing



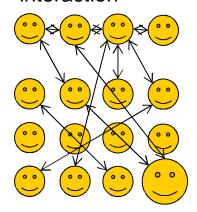
Small group guidance



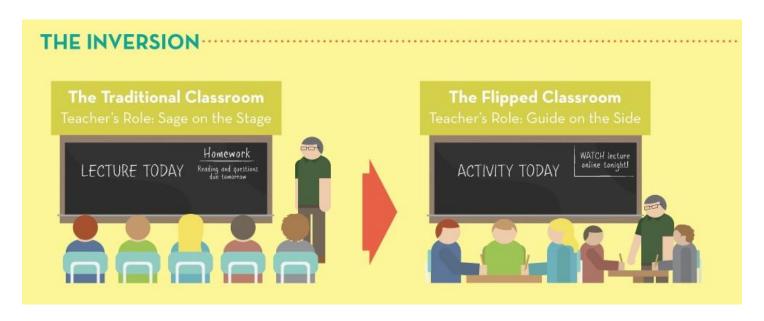
Small group discussion; teacher observing



Student (group) -led interaction

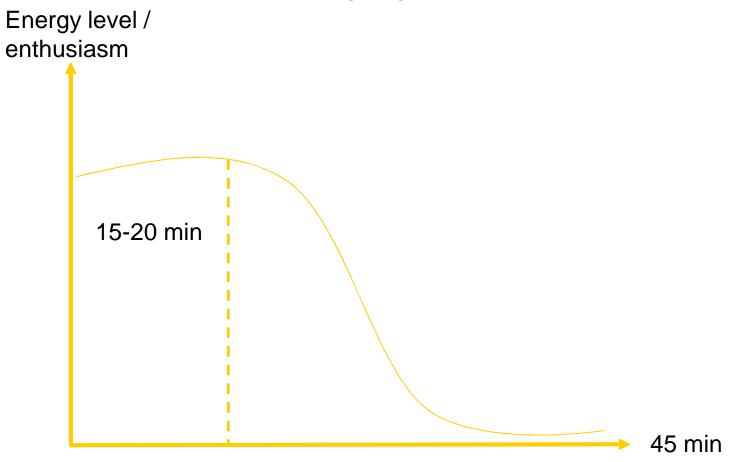


### Flipped Classroom



http://www.knewton.com/flipped-classroom/

### The rhythm of teaching vs. energy level



E.g., Johnson, A. & Proctor, R. W. 2004. Attention, theory and practise

### Open questions to trigger thinking

(Aarnio & Enqvist 2002)

- What do you think...?
- What are the grounds for...?
- What does it mean...?
- What are the consequences...?
- How do you understand...?
- Where does it come from that...
- What is the meaning of...?
- What if...?
- What has x to do with y?
- How do you feel...?
- How do you describe...?
- How do you find this...?
- What kind of actions...?



### **Short break**

### Group work: interaction and teaching methods

- Two groups (15 min).
- Consider your experiences regarding successful and unsuccessful interaction in teaching and learning.
- Select one teaching situation and create a demostration about the situation (one succesful and one unsuccesful situation)
  - Analyse why the interaction was successful or unsuccesful
  - How could you affect interaction by using different teaching methods (ideas: Hyppönen & Linden (2009) s. 34-54)?
  - Select a personal experience of such case for the others to consider and discuss
- Demostrate your presentation/performance to the others (~5 min)
- The others observe and discuss (~5 min) about the interaction in demo

# Feedback and for the next session



### Information for contact session 4

- Teaching practice is May, 12
- Teaching practice has three parts:
  - A) Teaching plan
  - B) Teaching based on your plan
  - C) Giving and receiving oral and written feedback
- You will have an opportunity to teach in a small group (3-4 persons) something from your own field for 20 min
- We suggest you to try a method or a way of teaching that is new to you
- Think about the following: aims of the teaching practice, content, methods, interaction, learning theory perspective, possible evaluation etc.
- Is there a particular theme on which you would like to receive feedback?



### Homework

- 1. Write a plan for your teaching practice and submit it on MyCourses by May, 10. Instructions can be found on MyCourses.
- Second pedagogical observation:
   Comment on two discussions on MyCourses written by someone else. DL June, 1.



### Feedback via Presemo

http://presemo.aalto.fi/intro28cs3

### Thank you!

