

$$J(x) = \sum_{n=1}^N (y_n - g \cdot x)^2$$

$$x^* = \arg \min_x J(x)$$

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial x} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \sum_{n=1}^N (y_n - g \cdot x)^2$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^N \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (y_n - g \cdot x)^2$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^N (-g) \cdot 2 \cdot (y_n - g \cdot x)$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^N [-2g \cdot y_n + 2g^2 x]$$

$$= -2g \left[\sum_{n=1}^N [y_n - g \cdot x] \right]$$

$$= -2g \left[\underbrace{\left(\sum_{n=1}^N y_n \right) - N \cdot g \cdot x}_{=0} \right] = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{n=1}^N y_n = N \cdot g \cdot x^*$$

$$x^* = \frac{1}{g \cdot N} \sum y_n$$

$$[y_n = g \cdot x + v_n]$$

in slides
 x^*

$$E[x^*] = \frac{1}{g \cdot N} \sum_{n=1}^N E[y_n]$$

$$g \cdot x \text{ as } E[v_n] = 0$$

$$= \frac{1}{g \cdot N} \sum E[g \cdot x + r_n]$$

$$= \frac{1}{g \cdot N} \sum_{n=1}^N g x = \frac{1}{g \cdot N} N g x = x$$

$$\text{Var}[x^*] = \text{Var}\left[\frac{1}{g \cdot N} \sum_{n=1}^N y_n\right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{g^2 N^2} \text{Var}\left[\sum_{n=1}^N y_n\right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{g^2 N^2} \sum_{n=1}^N \text{Var}[y_n]$$

$$= \frac{1}{g^2 N^2} \sum_{n=1}^N \text{Var}[g x + r_n]$$

$$= \frac{1}{g^2 N^2} \sum_{n=1}^N \sigma_{r,n}^2 \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Var}[r_n] = \sigma_{r,n}^2 \\ \text{Var}[g x] = 0 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{g^2 N^2} \cdot N \sigma^2 = \frac{\sigma^2}{g^2 N}$$

$$\text{std} = \sqrt{\text{Var}} = \frac{\sigma}{|g| \cdot \sqrt{N}}$$

$$y_n = \underbrace{\frac{c}{g}} \cdot \underbrace{p^x}_x + r_n$$

$$x^* = \hat{x} = \frac{c}{2N} \sum_{n=1}^N y_n$$

$$y_1 = g_1 \cdot x + r_1$$

$$y_2 = g_2 \cdot x + r_2$$

⋮

$$\vec{y} = \begin{pmatrix} y_0 \\ \vdots \\ y_n \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{y} = G \vec{x} + \vec{r} \quad , \quad \vec{z} \cdot \vec{z} = \sum z_i^2 = \vec{z}^T \vec{z}$$

$$J(\vec{x}) = (\vec{y} - G \vec{x})^T (\vec{y} - G \vec{x})$$

$$\nabla J(\vec{x}) = \frac{\partial J}{\partial \vec{x}} = \begin{pmatrix} \partial J / \partial x_1 \\ \partial J / \partial x_2 \\ \vdots \\ \partial J / \partial x_n \end{pmatrix}$$

notation
oops.
↓

$$\vec{x}^* = \vec{x}^\dagger = \arg \min_{\vec{x}} J(\vec{x})$$

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial \vec{x}} = 0$$

$$J(\vec{x}) = (\vec{y} - G \vec{x})^T (\vec{y} - G \vec{x})$$

$$= \vec{y}^T \vec{y} - \vec{y}^T G \vec{x} - \underbrace{\vec{x}^T G^T \vec{y}}_{\vec{z}} + \underbrace{\vec{x}^T G^T G \vec{x}}_{\vec{z}}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \vec{x}} (\vec{a}^T \vec{x}) = \vec{a} \quad \left\{ \vec{a}^T \vec{x} = \vec{x}^T \vec{a} \right.$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \vec{x}} (\vec{x}^T \vec{a}) = \vec{a}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \vec{x}} (\vec{x}^T A \vec{x}) = (A + A^T) \vec{x} = 2A \vec{x} \quad \swarrow \text{symm. } A$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \vec{x}} = 0 - G^T \vec{y} - G^T \vec{y} + 2G^T G \vec{x} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{\vec{x}} = (G^T G)^{-1} G^T \vec{y}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} -2G^T \vec{y} + 2G^T G \vec{x} = 0 \\ G^T \vec{y} = G^T G \vec{x} \\ \widehat{G^T G \vec{x}} = G^T \vec{y} \quad (G^T G)^{-1} \\ \hat{\vec{x}} = (G^T G)^{-1} G^T \vec{y} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\begin{aligned} E[\hat{\vec{x}}] &= E[(G^T G)^{-1} G^T \vec{y}] \\ &= E[(G^T G)^{-1} G^T (G \vec{x} + \vec{r})] \\ &= E[(G^T G)^{-1} G^T G \vec{x}] + \underbrace{E[(G^T G)^{-1} G^T \vec{r}]}_0 \\ &= (G^T G)^{-1} (G^T G) \vec{x} \\ &= \vec{x} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Cov}[\hat{\vec{x}}] &= \text{Cov}[(G^T G)^{-1} G^T \vec{y}] \\ &= \text{Cov}[(G^T G)^{-1} G^T (G \vec{x} + \vec{r})] \\ &= \text{Cov}[(G^T G)^{-1} G^T \vec{r}] \\ &= (G^T G)^{-1} G^T R G (G^T G)^{-1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Cov}[\vec{z} + \vec{r}] = \text{Cov}(\vec{r})$$

$$\vec{y} = G\vec{x} + \vec{v}, \quad E[\vec{v}] = 0, \quad \text{Cov}(\vec{v}) = R$$

$$\begin{aligned} J(\vec{x}) &= (\vec{y} - G\vec{x})^T W (\vec{y} - G\vec{x}) \\ &= (\vec{y} - G\vec{x})^T R^{-1} (\vec{y} - G\vec{x}) \quad \leftarrow \vec{x}^T \vec{a} \\ &= \underbrace{\vec{y}^T R^{-1} \vec{y}} - \underbrace{\vec{x}^T G^T R^{-1} \vec{y}} \\ &\quad - \underbrace{\vec{y}^T R^{-1} G \vec{x}} + \underbrace{\vec{x}^T G^T R^{-1} G \vec{x}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial \vec{x}} = -G^T R^{-1} \vec{y} - G^T R^{-1} \vec{y} + 2G^T R^{-1} G \vec{x} = 0$$

$$-2G^T R^{-1} \vec{y} + 2G^T R^{-1} G \vec{x} = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} G^T R^{-1} G \vec{x} &= G^T R^{-1} \vec{y} \quad | \quad (G^T R^{-1} G)^{-1} \\ \vec{x} &= (G^T R^{-1} G)^{-1} G^T R^{-1} \vec{y} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} J(\vec{x}) &= (\vec{y} - G\vec{x})^T R^{-1} (\vec{y} - G\vec{x}) \\ &\quad + (\vec{x} - \hat{\vec{x}})^T P^{-1} (\vec{x} - \hat{\vec{x}}) \end{aligned}$$

