

$$G_e(j\omega) = K \frac{j\frac{\omega}{\omega_0} + 1}{j\frac{\omega}{k\omega_0} + 1}$$

$$\angle G_e = \arctan\left(\frac{\omega}{\omega_0}\right) - \arctan\left(\frac{\omega}{k\omega_0}\right)$$

$$\frac{d}{d\omega} (\angle G_e) = \frac{1}{\omega_0} \frac{1}{1 + \left(\frac{\omega}{\omega_0}\right)^2} - \frac{1}{k\omega_0} \frac{1}{1 + \left(\frac{\omega}{k\omega_0}\right)^2} = 0$$

$$\text{Kun } \omega = \omega_0 \sqrt{k} = \omega_m$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Toleenus: } & \frac{1}{\omega_0} \frac{1}{1+k} - \frac{1}{k\omega_0} \frac{1}{1 + \left(\frac{\sqrt{k}}{k}\right)^2} \\ & = \frac{1}{\omega_0} \frac{1}{1+k} - \frac{1}{\omega_0} \frac{1}{k+1} = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Olkoon } \alpha = \arctan(u), \beta = \arctan(v)$$

$$\text{Tunnetaisi } \tan(\alpha + \beta) = \frac{\tan(\alpha) + \tan(\beta)}{1 - \tan(\alpha) \cdot \tan(\beta)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \tan\left[\arctan(u) + \arctan(v)\right] = \frac{u + v}{1 - uv}$$

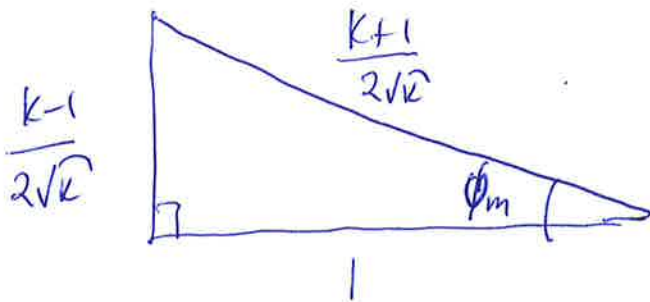
$$\Rightarrow \arctan(u) + \arctan(v) = \arctan\left(\frac{u + v}{1 - uv}\right)$$

$$\phi_0 = \arctan\left(\frac{\omega}{\omega_0}\right) - \arctan\left(\frac{\omega}{k\omega_0}\right)$$

$$= \arctan \frac{\frac{\omega}{\omega_0} \left(1 - \frac{1}{k}\right)}{1 + \left(\frac{\omega}{\omega_0}\right)^2 \frac{1}{k}}$$

$$\omega = \omega_m = \sqrt{k} \omega_0$$

$$\Rightarrow \phi_m = \arctan \frac{\sqrt{k} \left(1 - \frac{1}{k}\right)}{2} = \arctan \frac{k-1}{2\sqrt{k}}$$



$$\Rightarrow \sin \phi_m = \frac{k-1}{k+1}$$