



# Sustainable Energy Solutions: Case Example of Pyrolysis Technology Development

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Energy R&D Competences

**Energy Forum**  
**12 October 2023**



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# Introduction to Valmet



- **Leading supplier of process technologies, automation, and services** for the pulp, paper, and energy industries

# A strong financial profile and balanced business portfolio

2022 key figures of Valmet

**Orders received**  
EUR 5,194 million

**Net sales**  
EUR 5,074 million

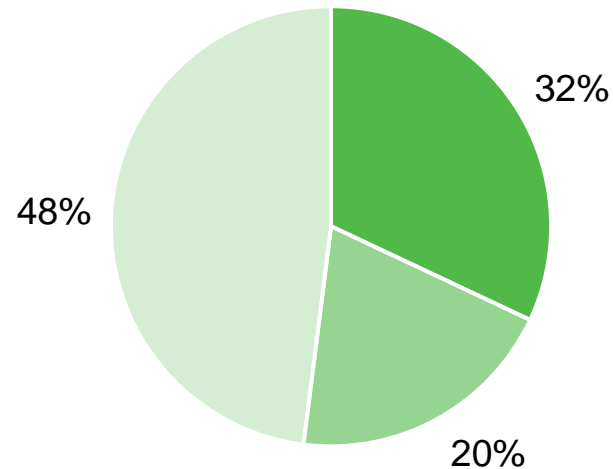
**Comparable EBITA**  
EUR 533 million

**Comparable EBITA margin**  
10.5%

**Order backlog**  
EUR 4,403 million

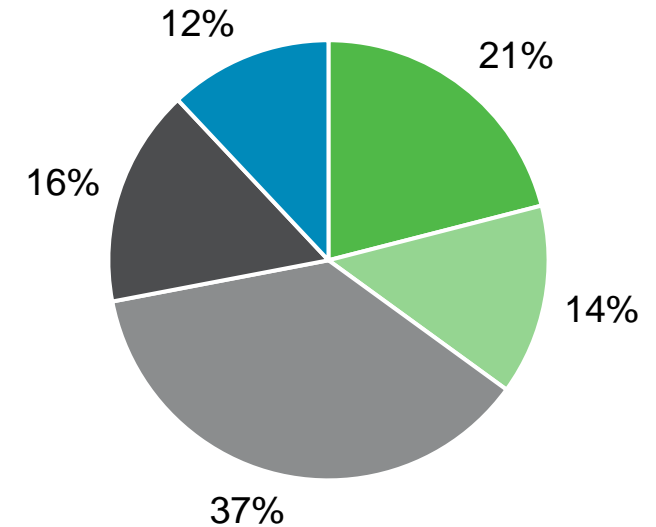
**Employees**  
17,548

Net sales by segment



- Services
- Automation
- Process Technologies

Net sales by area



- North America
- South America
- EMEA
- China
- Asia-Pacific

# Unique offering combining process technology, services and automation

## Board and paper technologies

- Board, paper and tissue production lines
- Rebuilds
- Machine sections

## Services

- Spare and process parts
- Workshop and roll services
- Fabrics
- Maintenance development and outsourcing
- Field services
- Process upgrades
- Industrial Internet solutions

## Pulp technologies

- Complete pulp mills
- Pulp mill processes
  - Wood handling, Cooking and fiber line, Pulp drying and baling, Chemical recovery

## Energy technologies

- Heat and power generation
- Air emission control
- Biofuels production

## Flow Control and Automation Systems

- Valves
- Valve automation
- Valve controls
- Distributed Control Systems (DCS)
- Quality Management Systems (QMS)
- Analyzers and measurements
- Industrial applications
- Services and Industrial Internet solutions



# Leading technology supplier of biomass and multifuel boiler plants globally



Renewables to energy

Biomass to energy



Sorted waste to energy (RDF-  
refuse derived fuel)



Multifuel to energy

Co-firing biomass, waste (RDF,  
SRF) and fossil fuels (coal, gas)



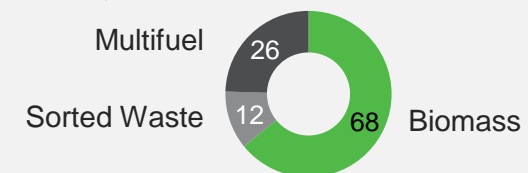
Industrial boilers

O&G / Process Gas Boiler plants  
Heat recovery boiler plants

## Air emission control

- Over 200 Bubbling Fluidized Bed boilers (BFB) since 1979  
Capacity 10-400 MW<sub>th</sub>
- Over 100 Circulating Fluidized Bed boilers (CFB) since 1980 Capacity 50 -1000 MW<sub>th</sub>
- Over 30 Modularized biomass power plants since 1999 Capacity 2-10 MW<sub>e</sub>
- 8 Gasification plants for waste and biomass

Since 2007 ~100 new boiler plants  
Total capacity ~ 12 000 MW<sub>th</sub>





# Why Pyrolysis at Valmet?



# Strategic direction towards more valuable products

## Resources

### Biomass

- Forest residues
- Agro residues

### Industrial residual wastes

- Pulp & Paper
- Mechanical forest industries
- Process industries

### Municipal solid waste (MSW)

- Refuse-derived fuels

### Commercial & Industrial wastes (C&I)

- Refuse-derived fuels

### Plastics

## Thermochemical Conversion

Pyrolysis

Gasification

Combustion

## Value

Chemicals

Materials

Fuels

Electricity

Steam

Heat

Value

Volume

# New revenue from bio and waste streams with different technologies

Biomass gasification	Vaskiluodon Voima, Finland, 2013	140 MW gas to replace coal in PC boiler	
Waste gasification	Lahti Energia, Finland, 2012	2*80 MW <sub>th</sub> waste	
Biomass indirect gasification	Göteborg Energi, Sweden, 2013	20 MW <sub>th</sub> SNG	
Integrated pyrolysis	Fortum, Finland, 2013	30 MW <sub>th</sub> bio-oil	
Lignin extraction	Domtar Plymouth, USA, 2013 Stora Enso, Finland, 2015	25 000 ton/a lignin 50 000 ton/a lignin	
Steam exploded black pellets	FICAP, France, 2020	120 000 ton/a	
Biomass pre-treatment	Clariant, Romania, 2021 Orlen, Poland	50 000 ton/a 2G ethanol 25 000 ton/a	

# Advanced biofuel demand in Europe is targeted to multiply by 8-fold by 2030 and the pace will only accelerate towards 2040

## Road transport

- EU Renewable Energy Directive
- National emission reduction targets
- Incentives for advanced biofuels



Demand in 2030 **7 Mtoe** Demand in 2040 *Pending legislation*

## Aviation

- ReFuelEU regulation
- Binding SAF blending targets
- Increasing ambition 2030



Demand in 2030 **0.9 Mtoe** Demand in 2040 **5.5 Mtoe**

## Maritime

- FuelEU Maritime regulation
- Binding fuel GHG reduction targets
- Non-food or feed rawmaterials



Demand in 2030 **0.8 Mtoe** Demand in 2040 **1.5 Mtoe**

Global supply of advanced biofuels in 2023 around **1 Mtoe**

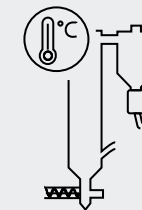
Demand growth by **2030**  **8 Mtoe**



**Ambition:**

**1 Mt/a** pyrolysis oil with Valmet's technology by 2035\*

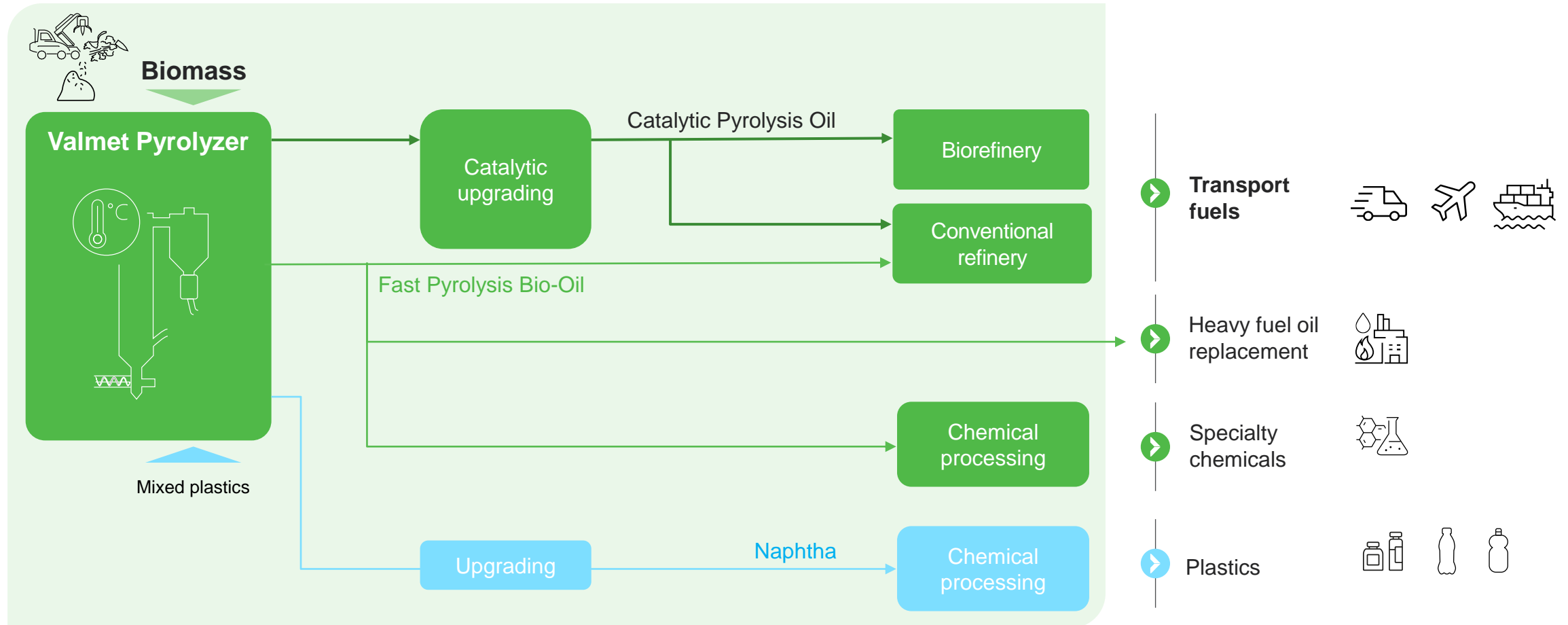
**10x**



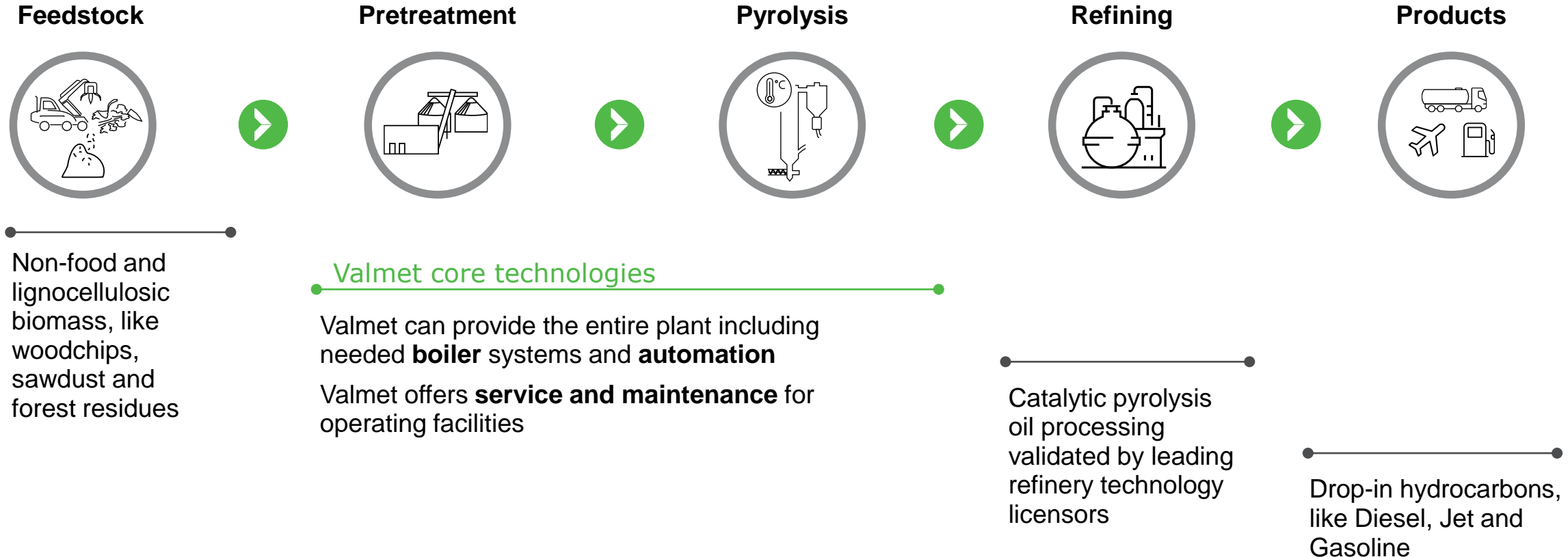
**100 kt/a**

\*Pyrolysis-based fuels **10-15%** share of advanced biofuels markets

# Valmet offers fast pyrolysis and catalytic pyrolysis technology for high-value products



# Valmet offers the entire plant solution including automation and services during the operation

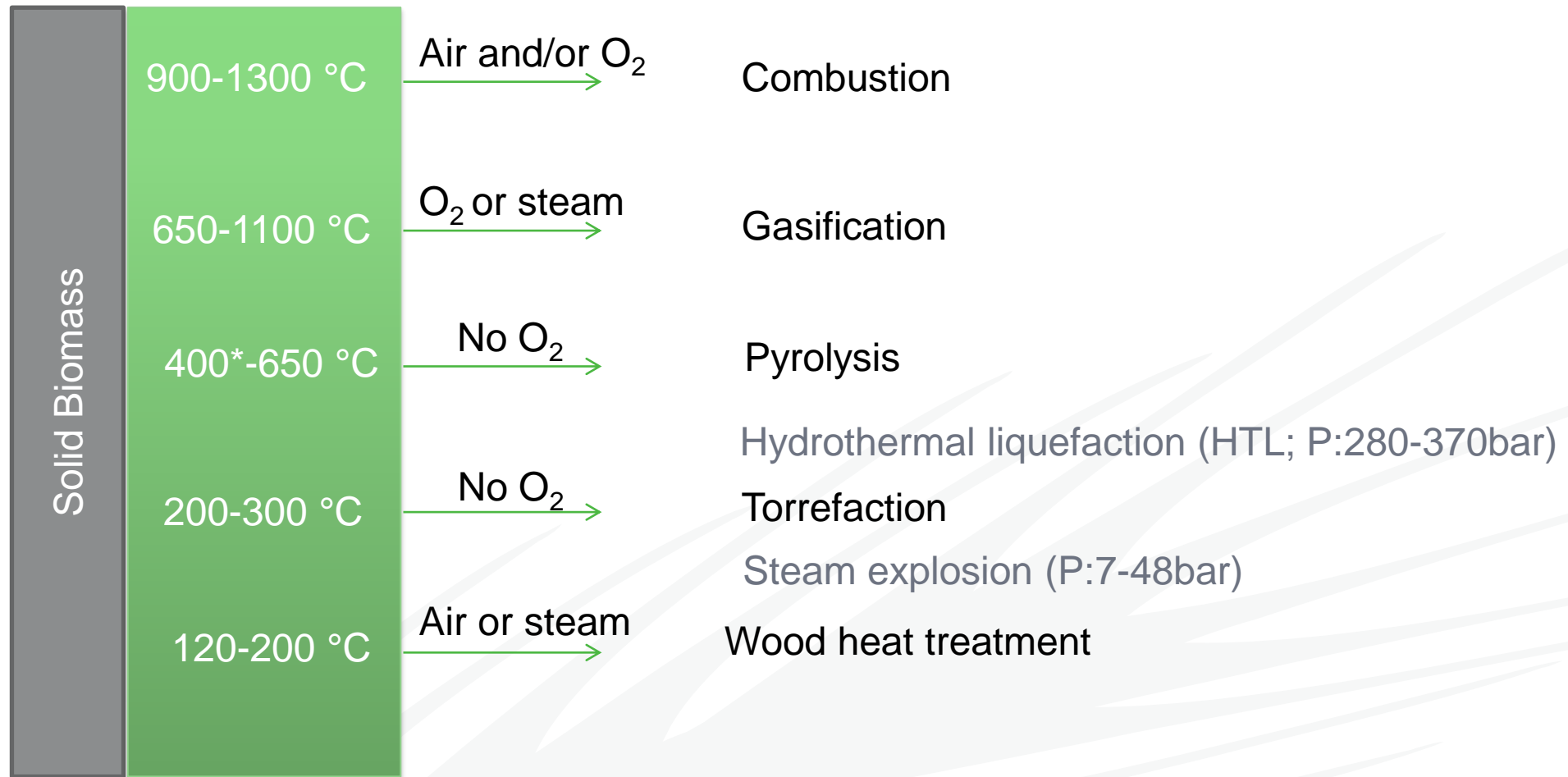




# Pyrolysis Concept

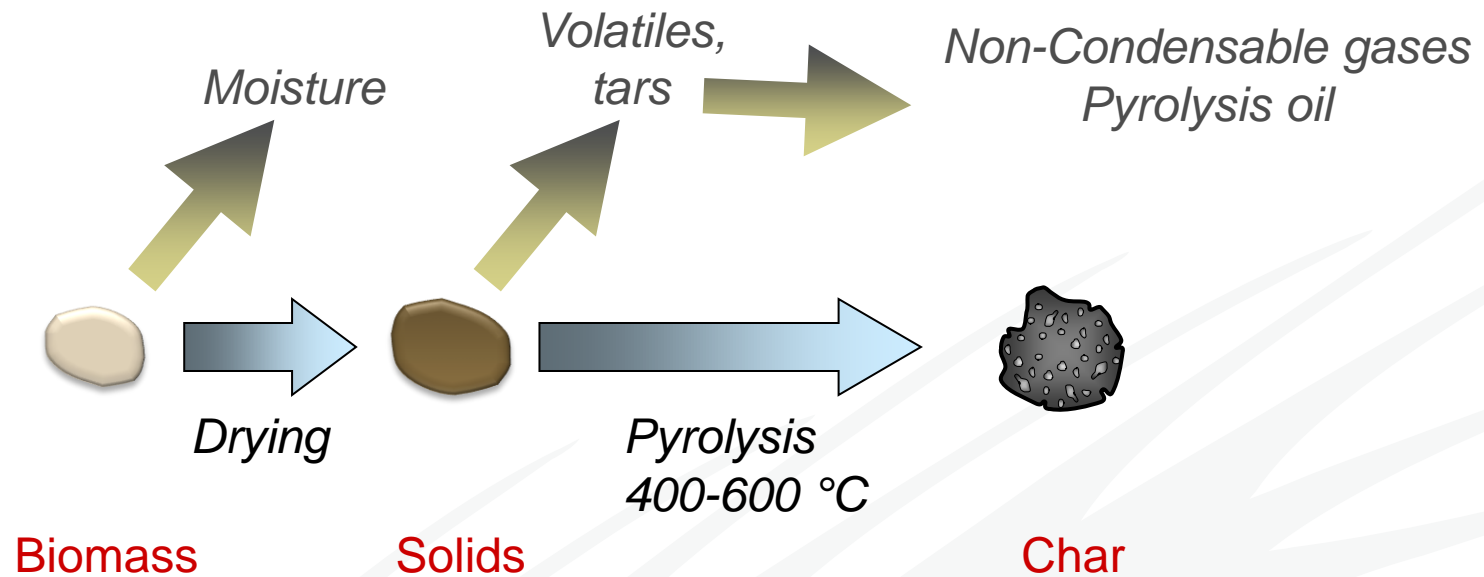
Mechanism

# Thermochemical Conversion



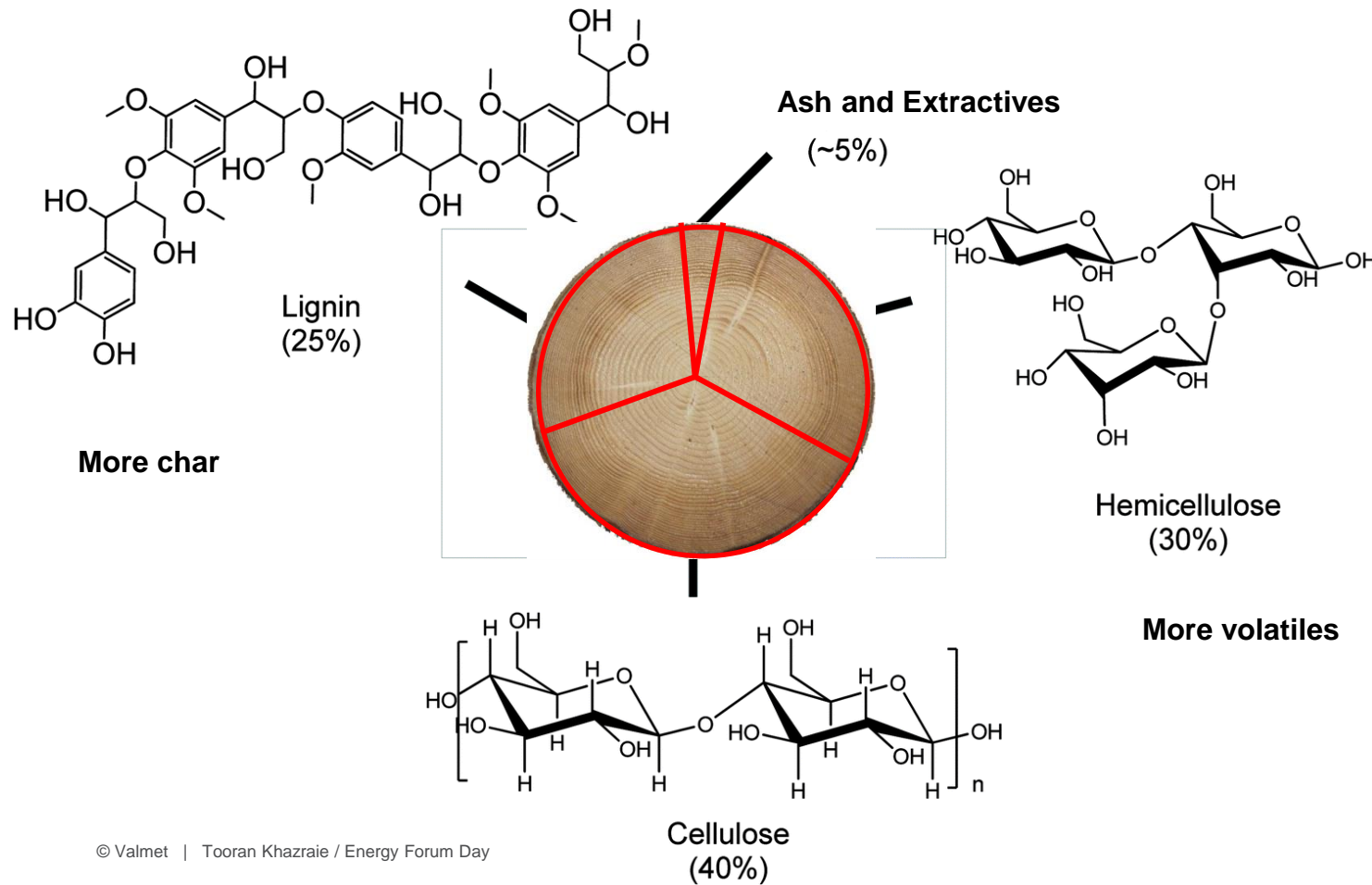
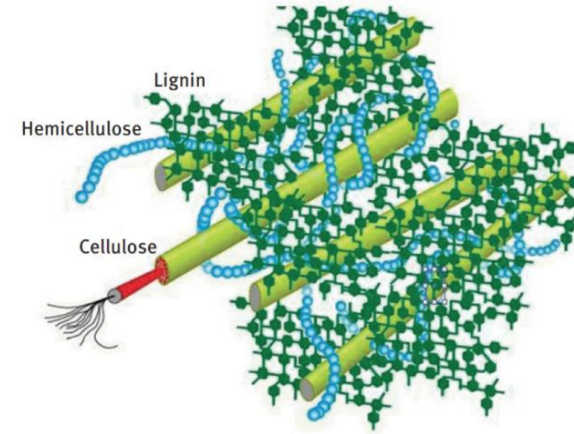
\*~300C in presence of catalyst

# Pyrolysis (fast vs. slow)

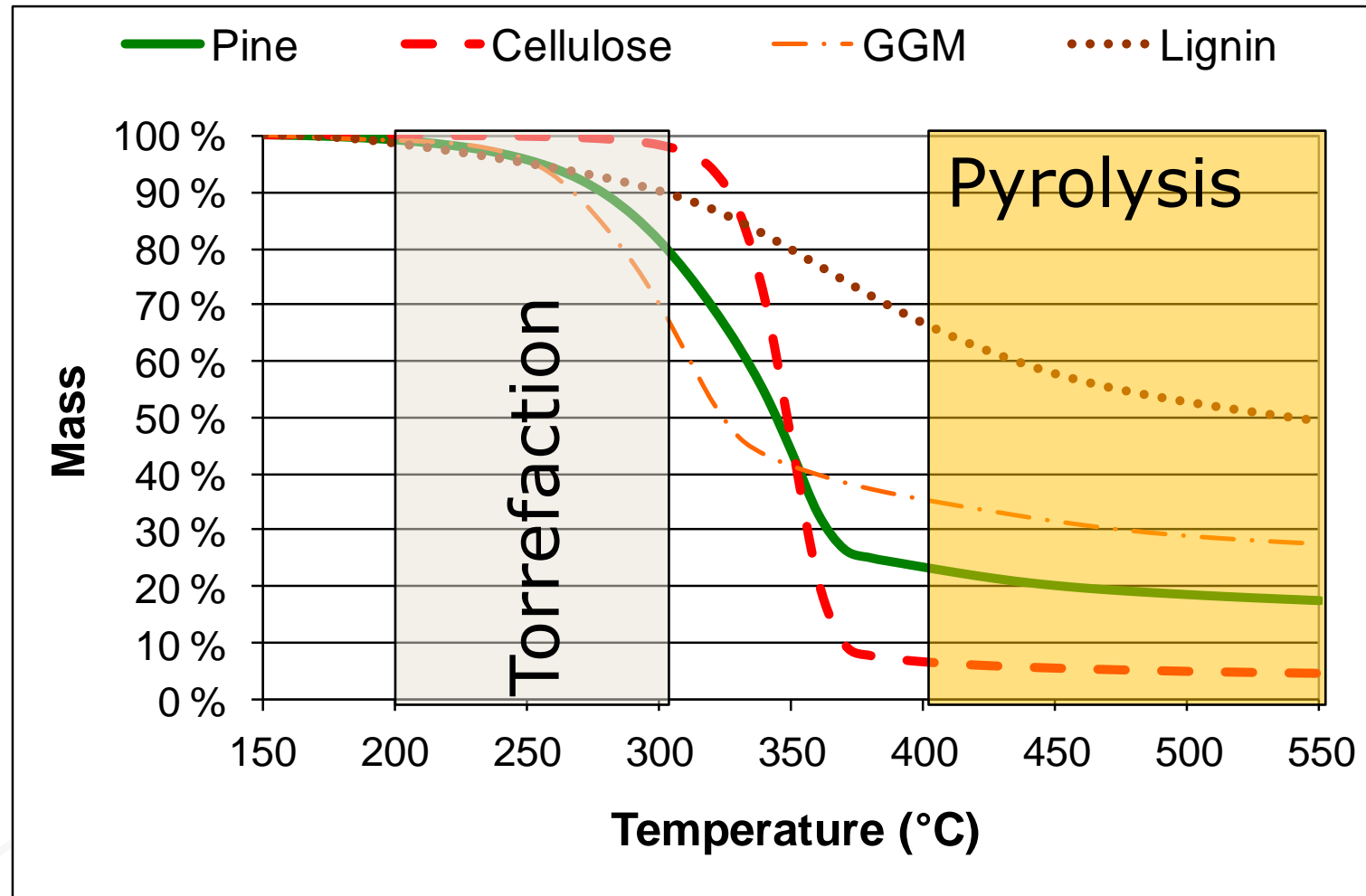




# Biomass



# Biomass Components vs. Heat-treatment



Pine, cellulose, GGM: A. Aho *Int. J. Mol. Sci*, 2008, 9

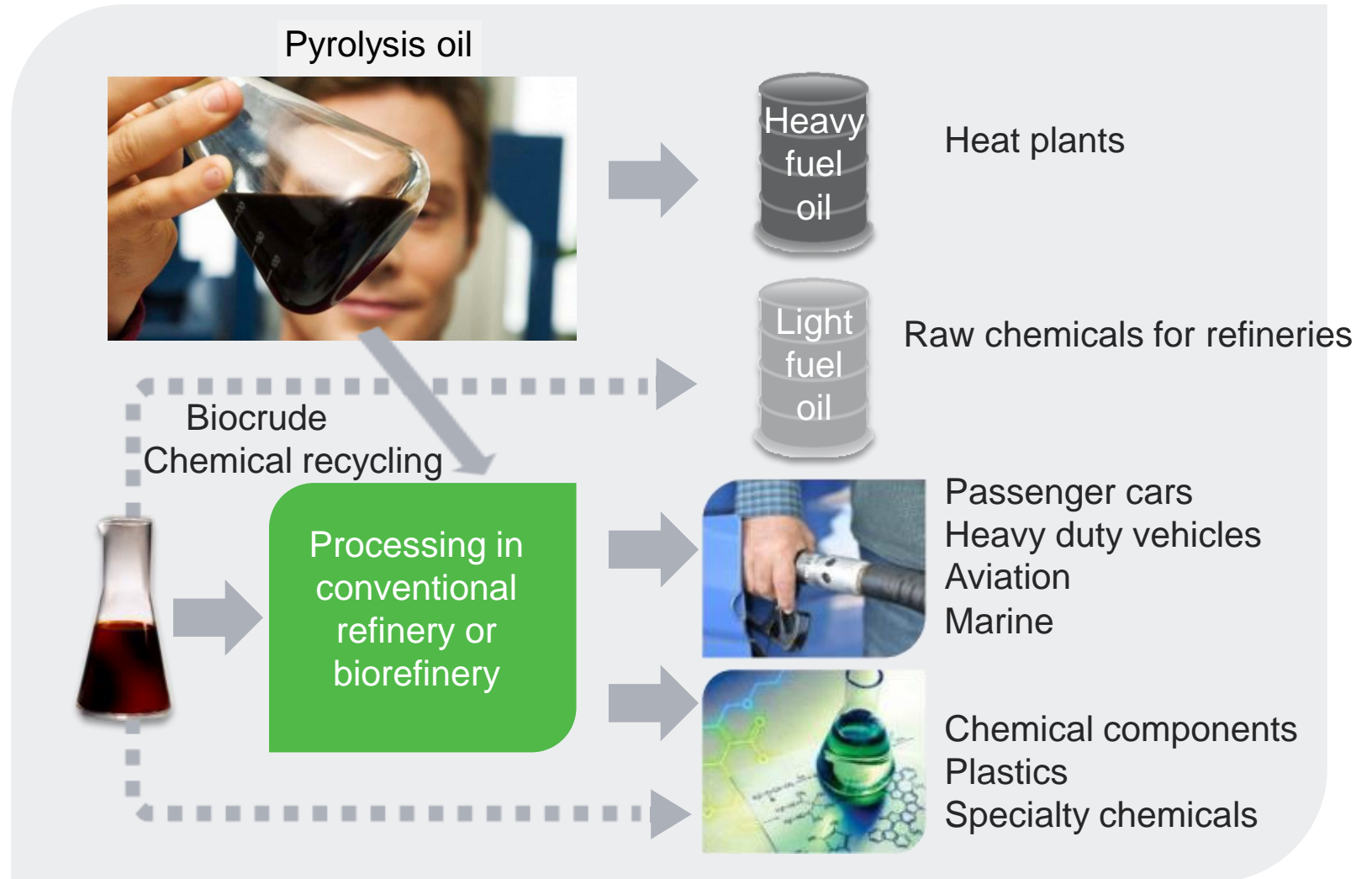
Lignin: I. Linden, *Flame days*, 2011

# High-value products via pyrolysis, routes and potential



**Fast  
pyrolysis**

**Catalytic  
pyrolysis**



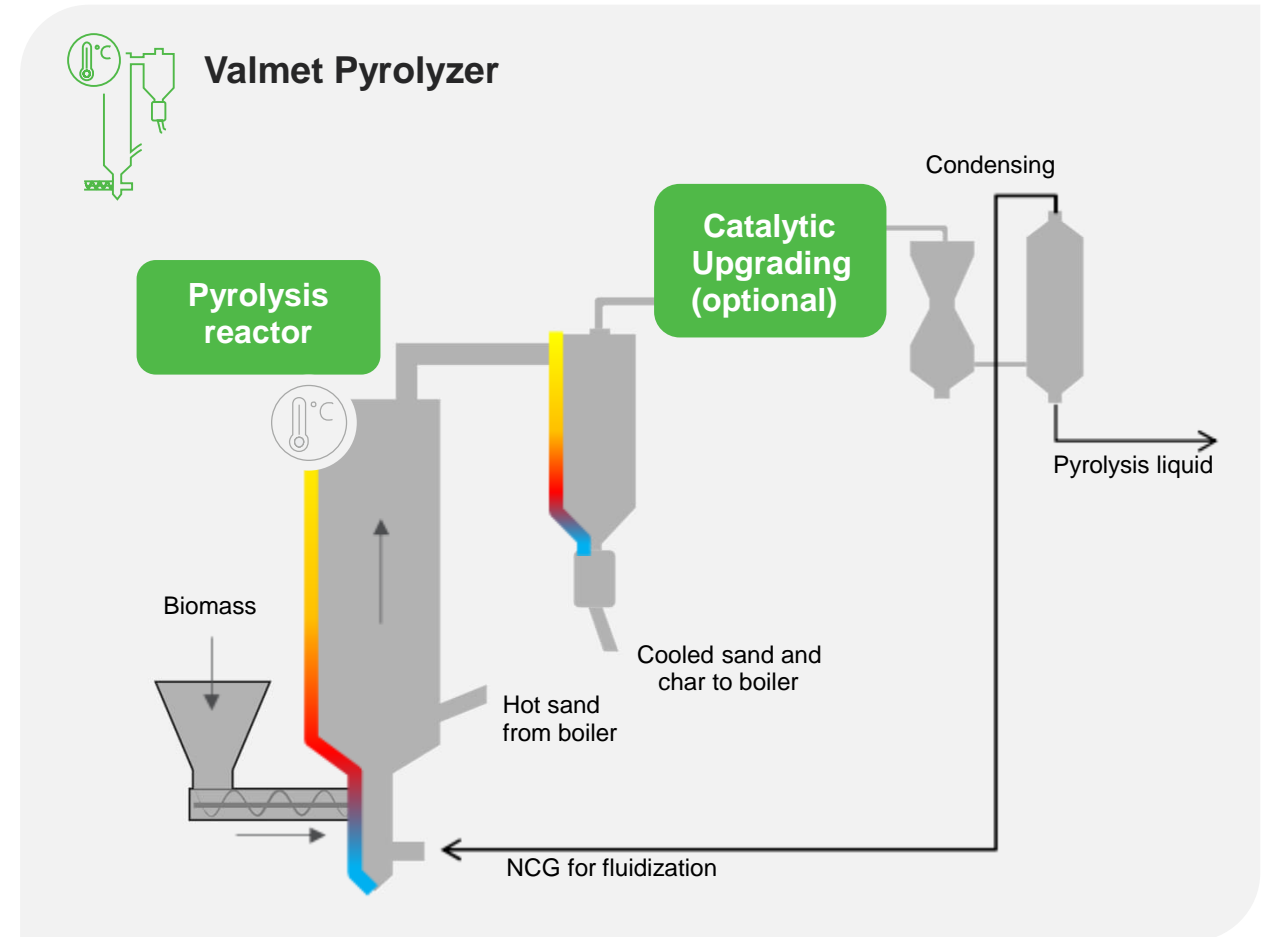


# Pyrolysis

Operation Units

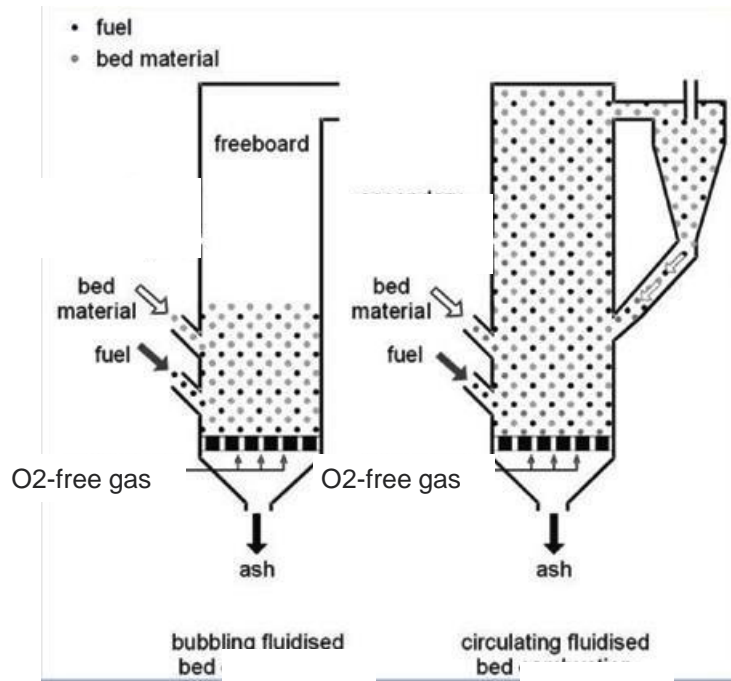
# Pyrolysis can be used to convert the biomass into high-value end products such as drop-in fuels and biochemicals

- Pyrolysis is the thermal decomposition of feedstock in absence of oxygen
- The process yields three main components
  - Pyrolysis liquid
  - Char
  - Non-condensable gas (NCG)
- Suitable for most lignocellulosic and plastic feeds
  - Woody biomass such as chips, sawdust or forest residue
  - Styrene or mixed waste plastics
- Products
  - Fast Pyrolysis Bio-Oil (FPBO)
    - Feedstock for refinery, co-processing to biofuels
    - Feedstock for biochemicals
    - Replacing Heavy Fuel Oil in heating
  - Catalytic Pyrolysis Oil (CPO), also known as biocrude, for hydroprocessing in a refinery to produce drop-in fuels

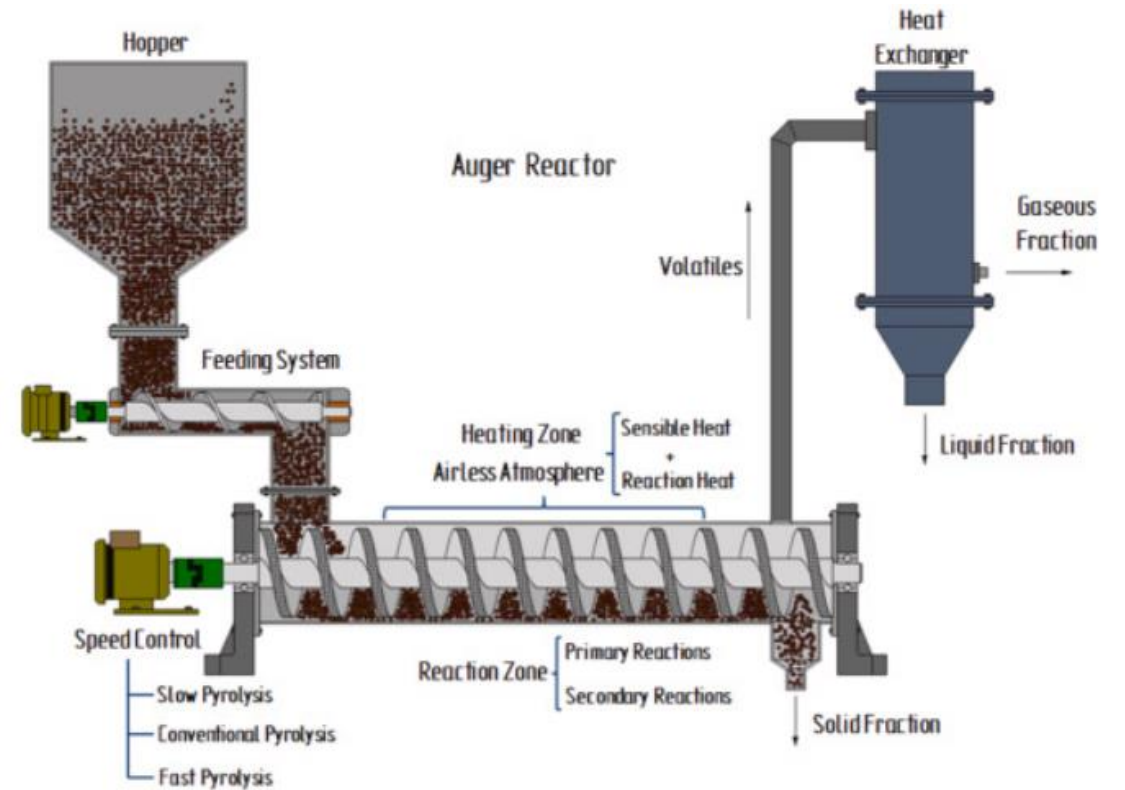


# Reactor types for pyrolysis

- Fluidized Bed Reactor



- Auger/Screw Reactor

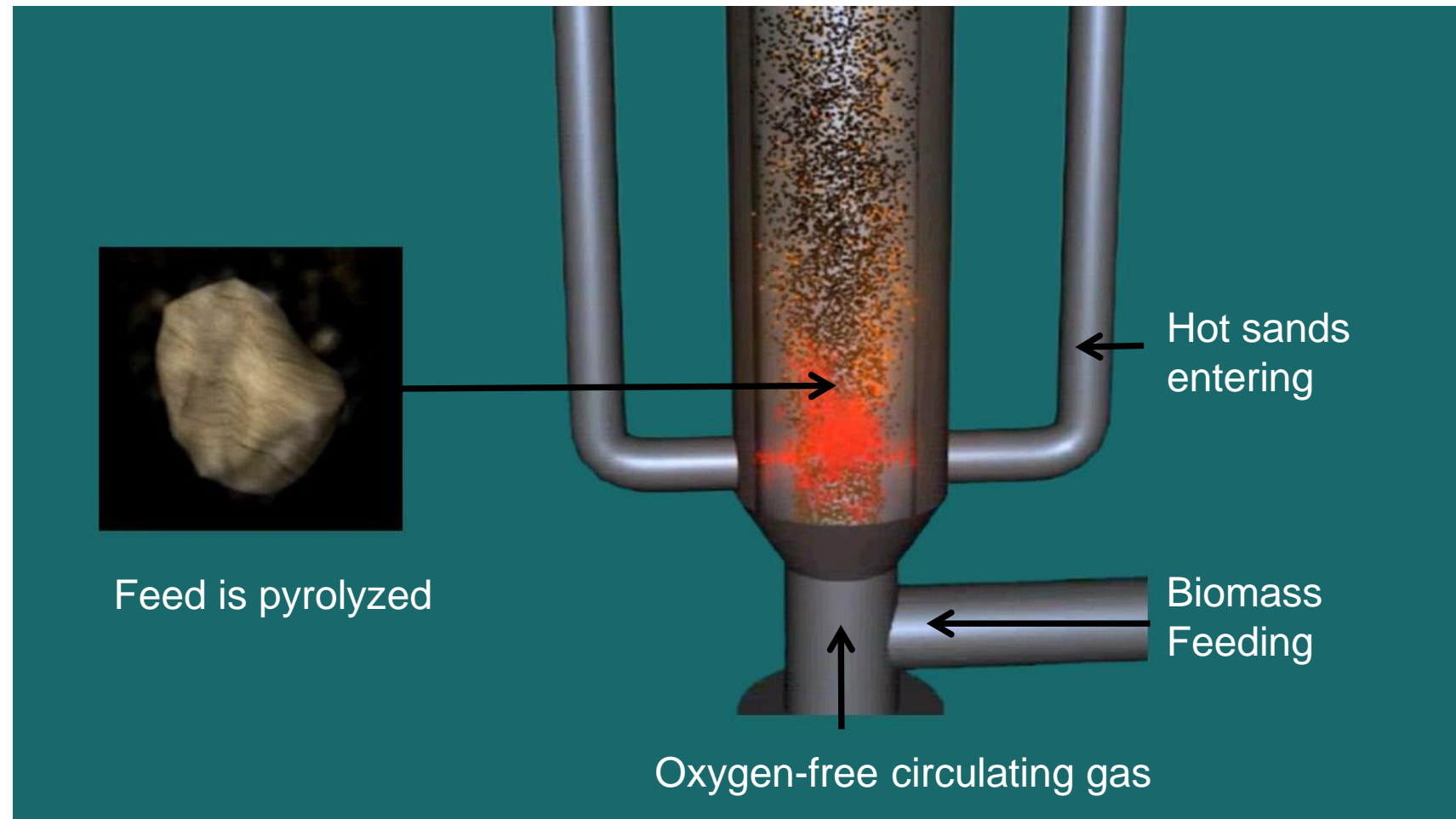


<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dcBAqLR65Hg>  
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OEuKW7RAmJM>

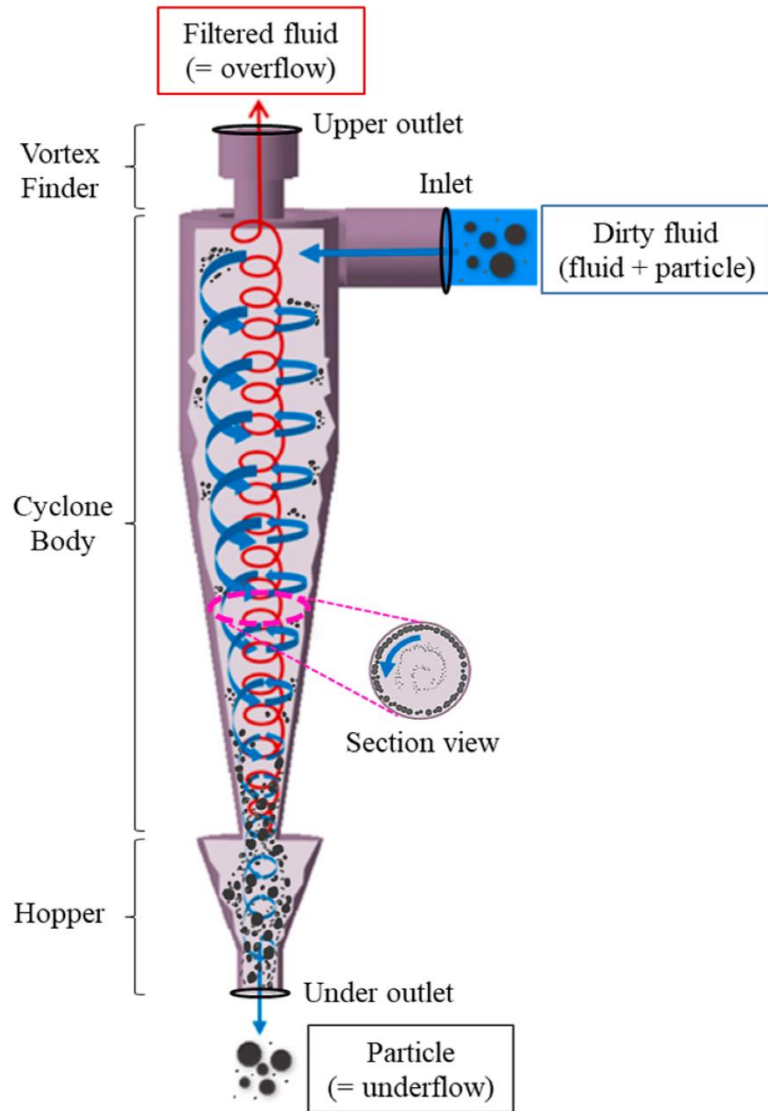
<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1364032118308098#0025>

# Pyrolysis Reactor at Valmet

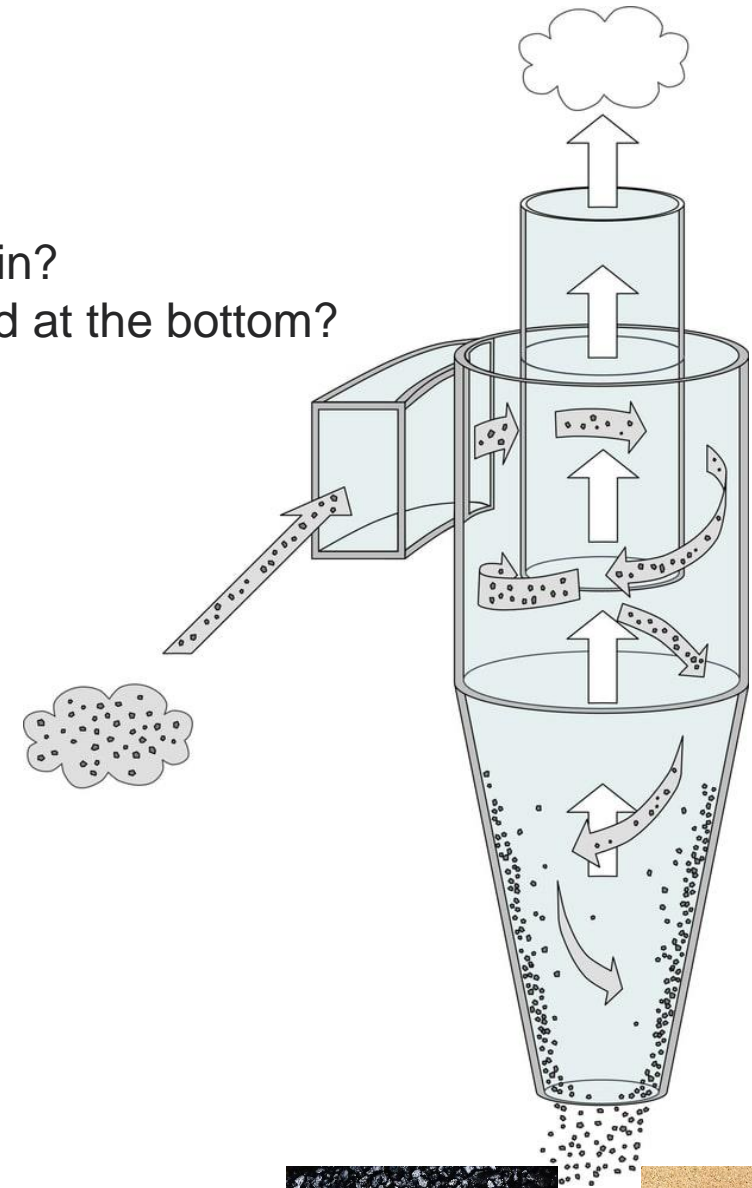
- Fluidized bed reactors could be scaled up
- Residence time is short



# Cyclone



What does inlet contain?  
What will be separated at the bottom?  
What leaves on top?

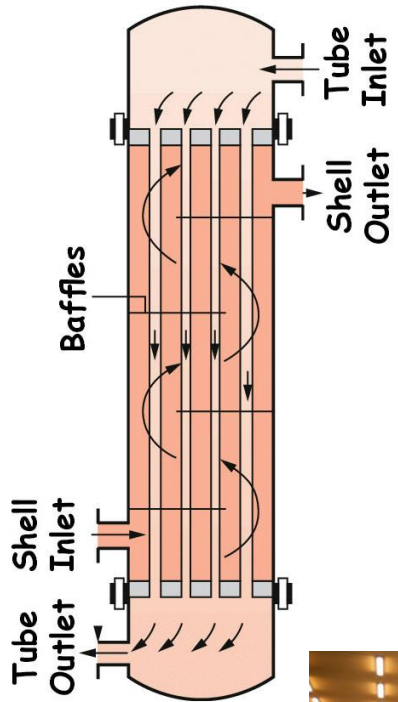


Sand, char  
and vapors

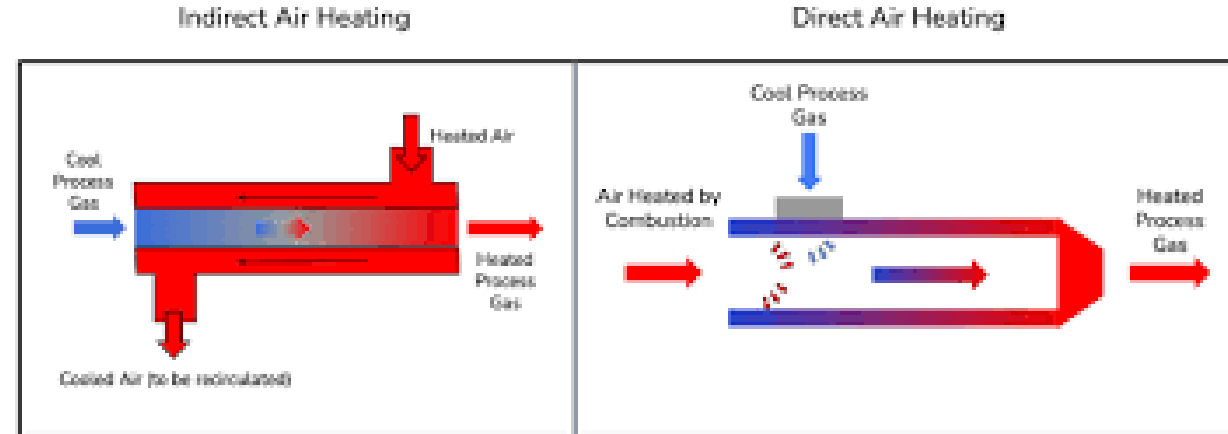




# Condensation units



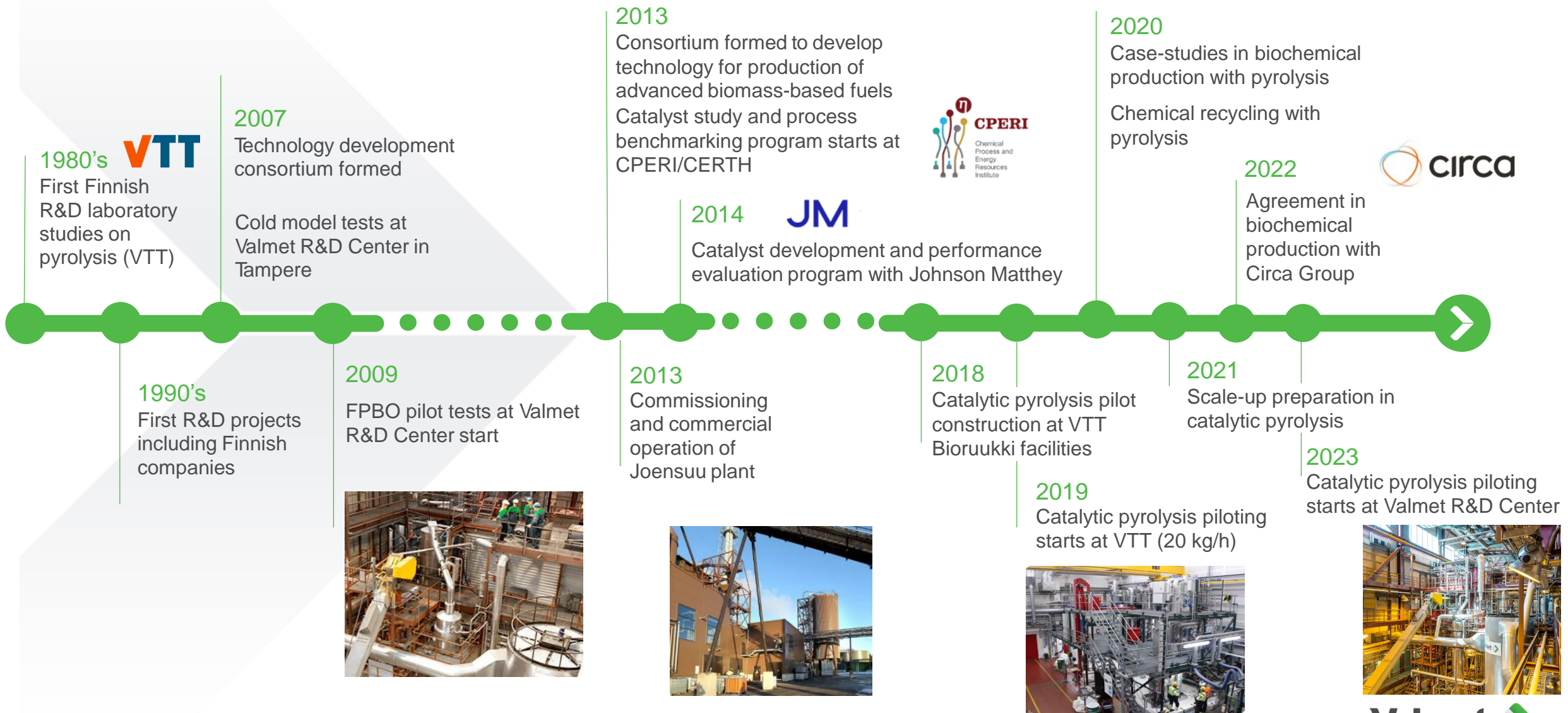
## Indirect vs. direct heat exchangers





# Pyrolysis at Valmet

# Valmet's Pyrolysis R&D, in co-operation with partners

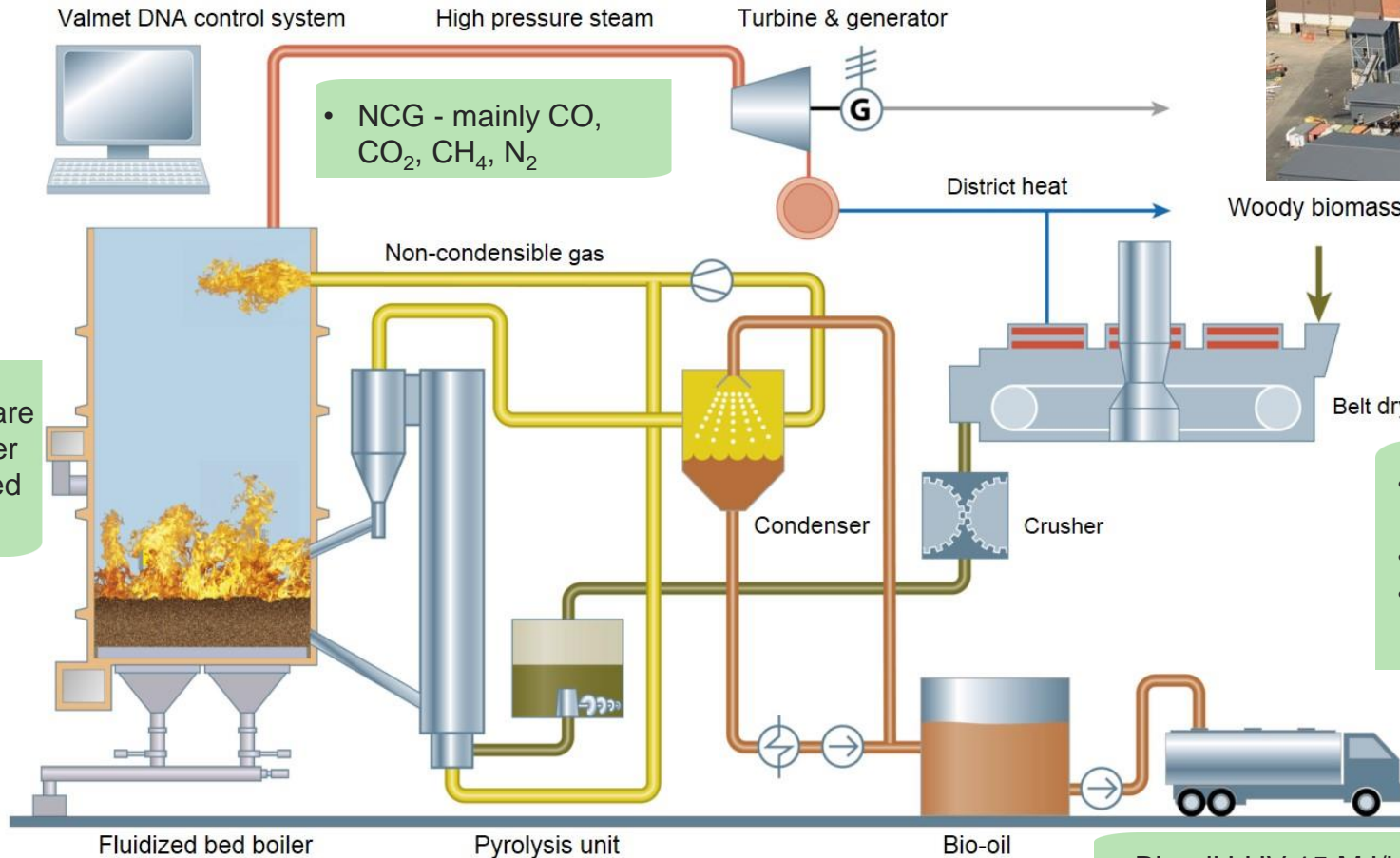


# Valmet Fast Pyrolyzer

Technical description: fluidized bed boiler integrated fast pyrolysis



Fortum plant, 50 kt Bio-oil per annum



- Feedstocks: woodchips, forest residue, sawdust

- Dryer uses process excess heat, district heat, LP-steam
- Drying to < 10 % H<sub>2</sub>O
- Milling to < 5 mm size

- Bio-oil LHV 15 MJ/kg
- Water content 25 %
- pH: 2-3

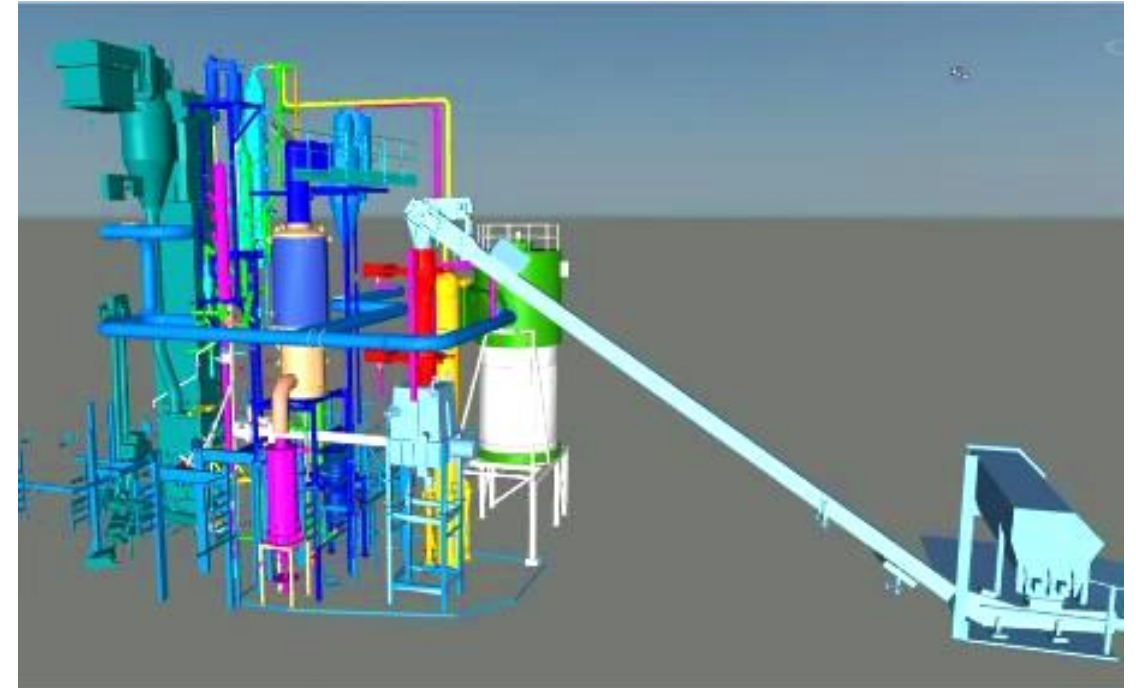
- Reactor temperature 460 - 500 °C
- Continuous circulation of hot bed material

- Residuals (char & NCG) are combusted in the FB boiler
- Excess energy is produced

# Valmet Pyrolyzer – development streams

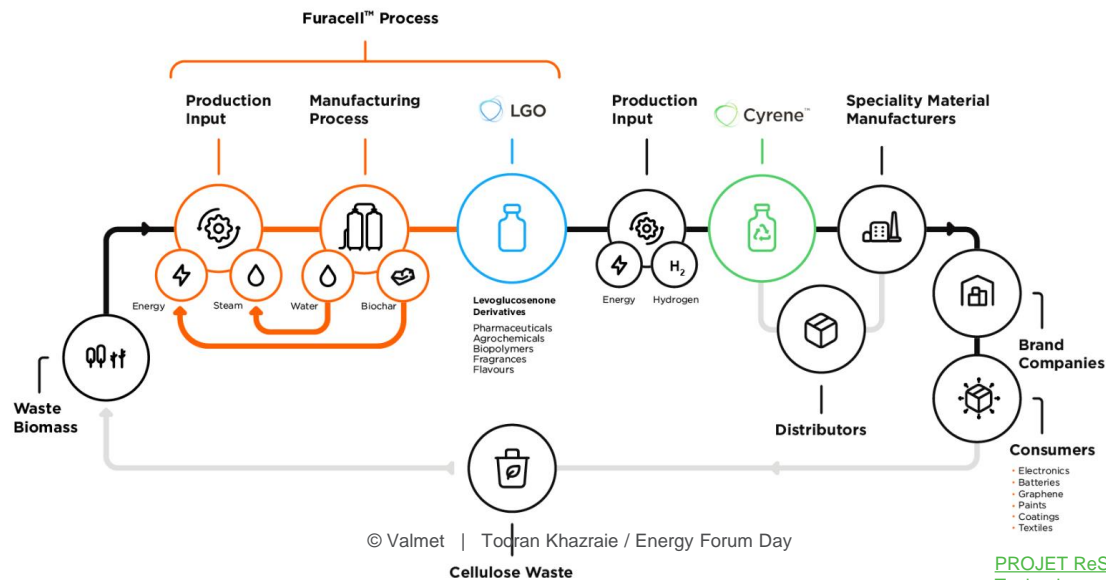
## Pyrolysis is Valmet's technology solution for:

- Biomass to chemicals
  - Pyrolysis liquid can be utilized as a raw material for renewable chemicals (for instance solvents)
- Biomass to traffic fuels
  - Catalytic pyrolysis of biomass can produce renewable feedstock to oil refinery (= biocrude)
- Chemical recycling of waste plastic
  - Pyrolysis can be applied also for plastics, targeting a feedstock for new plastics and chemicals



# Biomass to Chemicals

- Circa Group produces biochemicals through pyrolysis
  - Different platform chemicals in the product liquid
  - For instance, Circa converts LGO to Cyrene, environmentally friendly solvent
    - Cyrene could be a replacement for NMP or DMF solvents
- Valmet delivers the key equipment of the pyrolyzer to the ReSolute project in Carling, France
  - Feed input: 2 t DS/h
  - CFB boiler: 10 MW

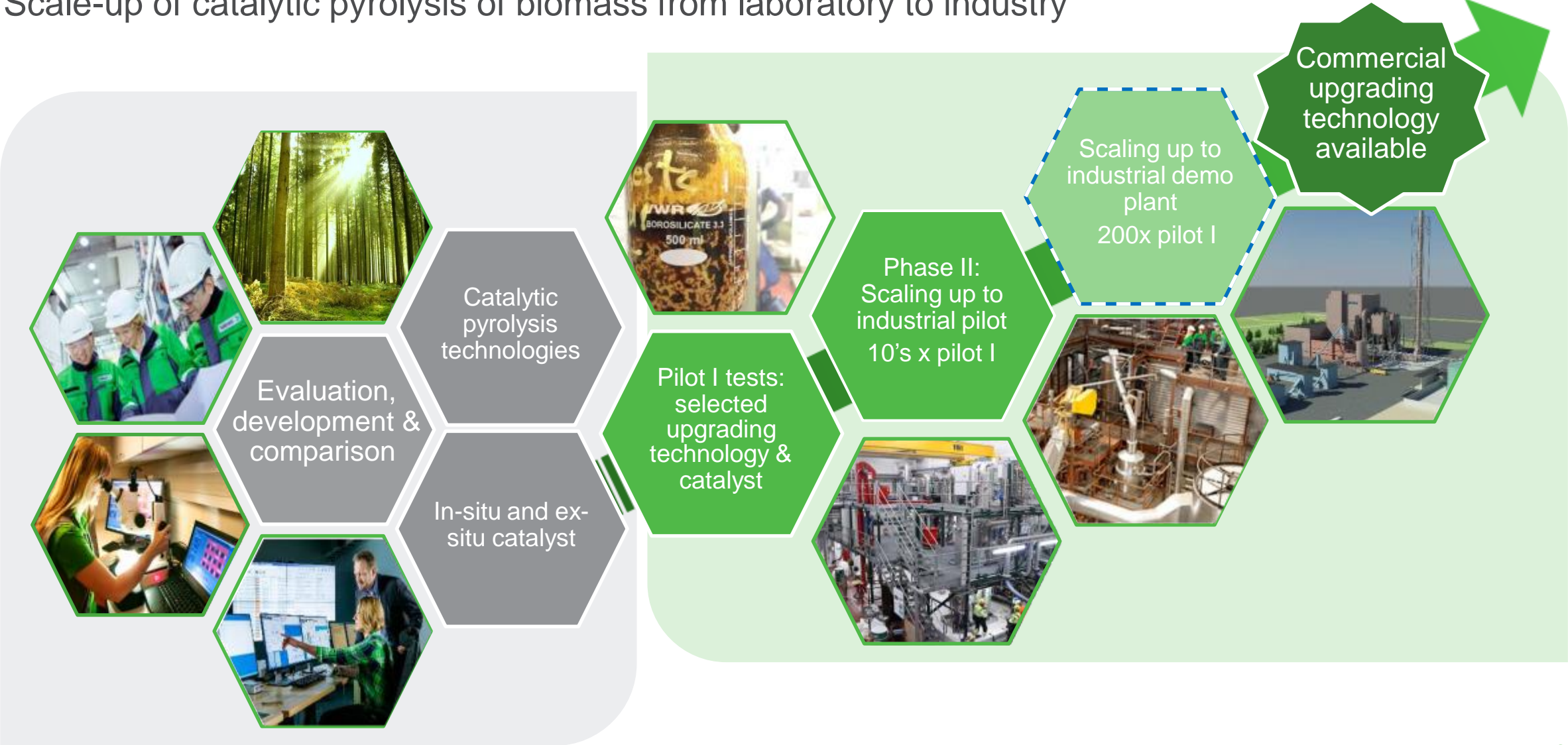


[PROJET ReSolute CIRCA CEH SAINT-AVOLD – YouTube Technology - Circa Group AS \(circa-group.com\)](#)



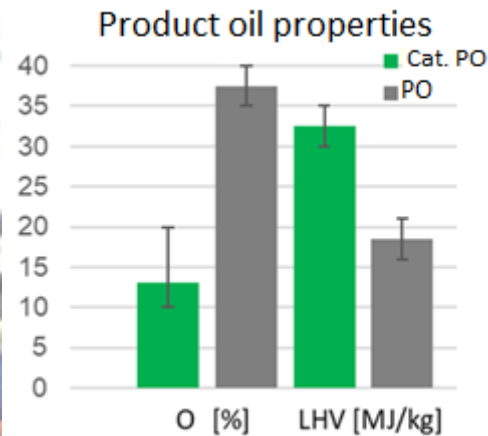
# Development of Valmet Pyrolyzer with Catalytic Upgrading

Scale-up of catalytic pyrolysis of biomass from laboratory to industry

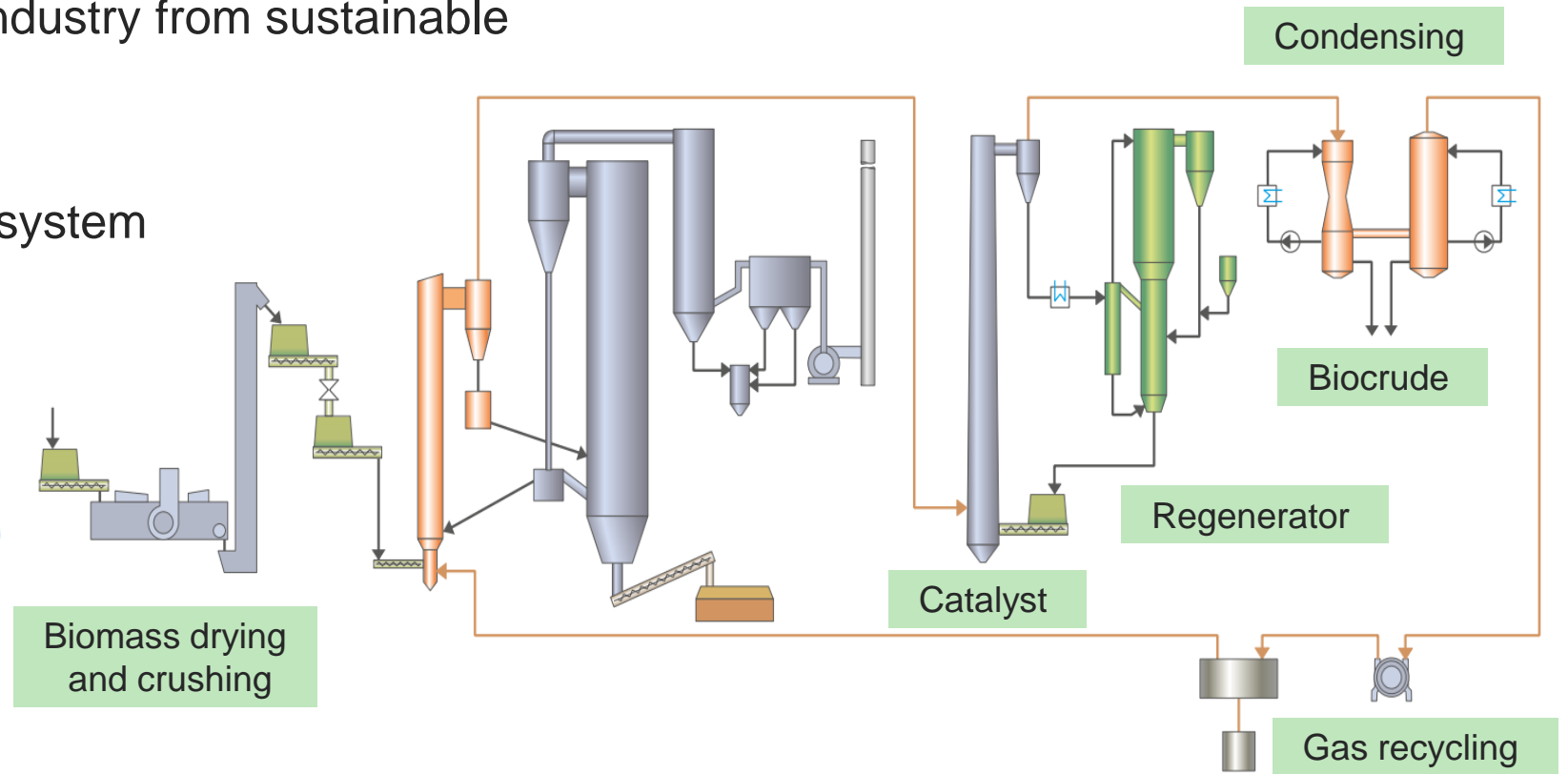


# Biomass to traffic fuels – pyrolysis with catalytic upgrading

- Target: to produce renewable feedstock (biocrude) to refineries and petrochemical industry from sustainable biomass sources
- Technology: dual reactor Valmet Pyrolyzer system
  - First stage: Fast pyrolysis
  - Second stage: Catalytic upgrading with catalyst regeneration



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# Catalytic pyrolysis pilot plant commissioned successfully!

Valmet Energy R&D Center (Tampere, Finland)

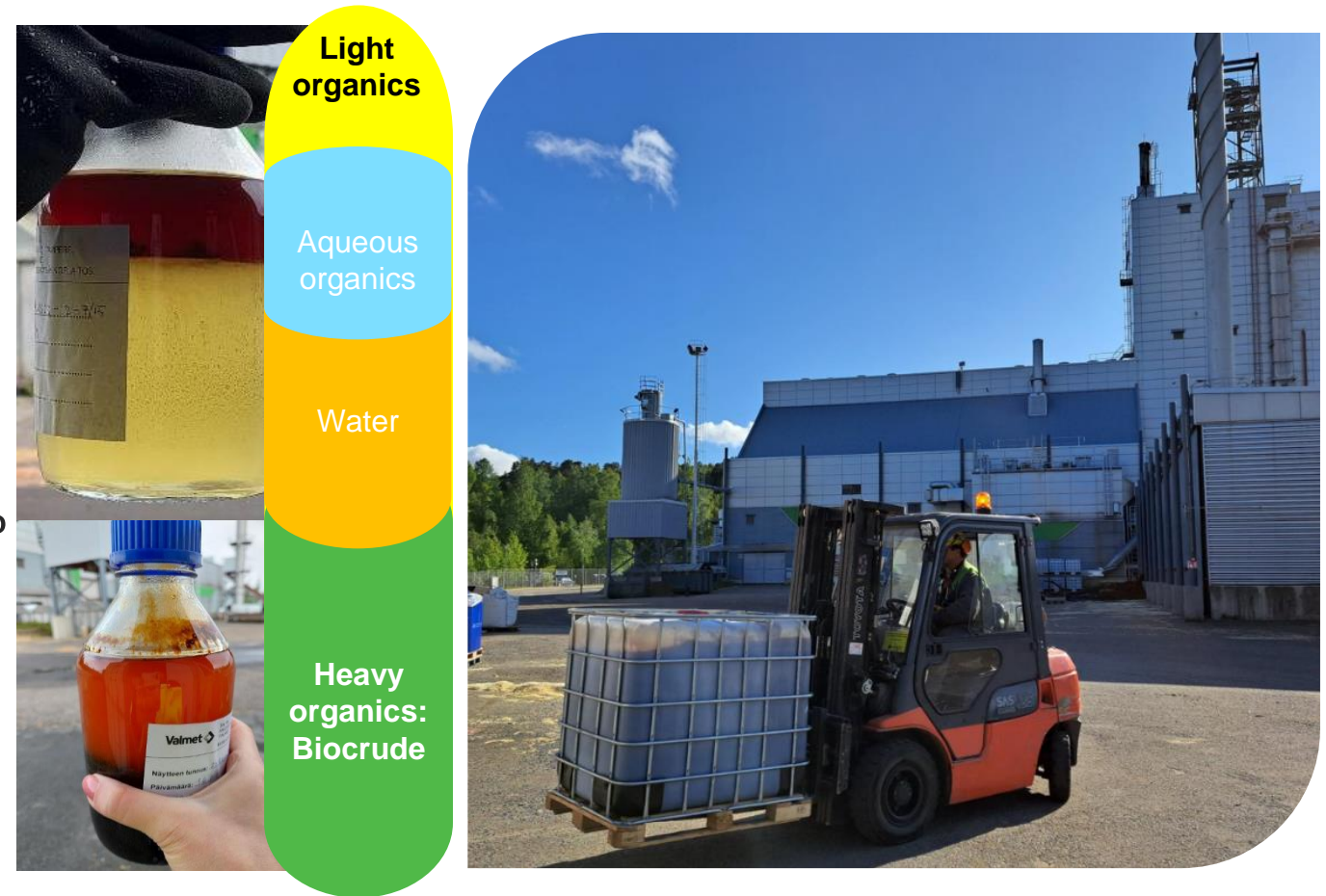
- **Revamp** of existing fast pyrolysis pilot to include continuous catalytic treatment of pyrolysis vapors
  - Design of demo/commercial unit + down-scaling to pilot
  - **Pre-engineering** started late 2021, **hot commissioning** completed June 2023
  - Feed capacity **400 kg/h**, production rate several tons of liquids/day
  - Various biomass feedstock can be tested
  - Utilizes commercially available catalyst
  - Operates at atmospheric pressure
- **Separate pyrolysis and catalytic upgrading stages**
  - Catalyst *contamination reduced* significantly
  - Independent parameter control, e.g.:
    - Pyrolysis and catalytic stage temperatures & residence times
    - Catalyst flow rate to upgrading stage
    - Catalyst regeneration temperature & time
- Reference plant for process and concept development



# Preliminary results from commissioning

## Catalytic pyrolysis oil properties and yields

- Feedstock: pine sawdust (dried)
- Product liquid properties
  - Oxygen content: 10-20 %
  - TAN: 10-40
  - Heating value >35 MJ/kg
- Product liquid energy yield ~40 %
- Carbon recovery to product liquids > 40%
  - Char separation under development to enable carbon negative operation



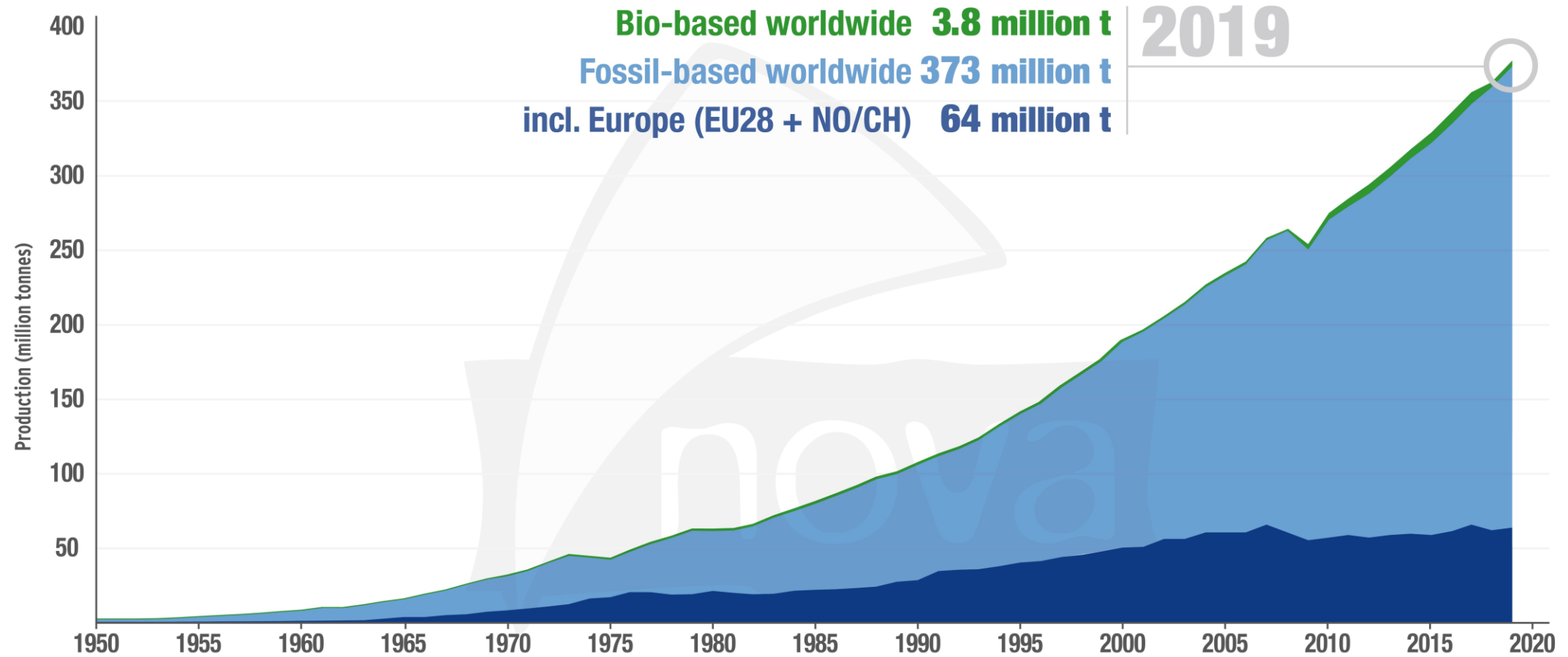
# Why is plastic chemical recycling needed?

- EU is aiming at 50 % recycling rate of all plastic packaging by 2025 and 55 % by 2030.
- Waste hierarchy:



- Mechanical recycling has priority over chemical recycling
- Mechanical recycling output material has limited use cases

# Plastics production from 1950 to 2019



# Suurin osa kodeissa lajitellusta muovijätteestä päätyi poltettavaksi – MOT selvitti, kuinka hyvin muovin kierrätys onnistuu

Fortumin antamat luvut muovinkierrätyksen onnistumisesta eivät ole vastanneet totuutta viime vuosina.



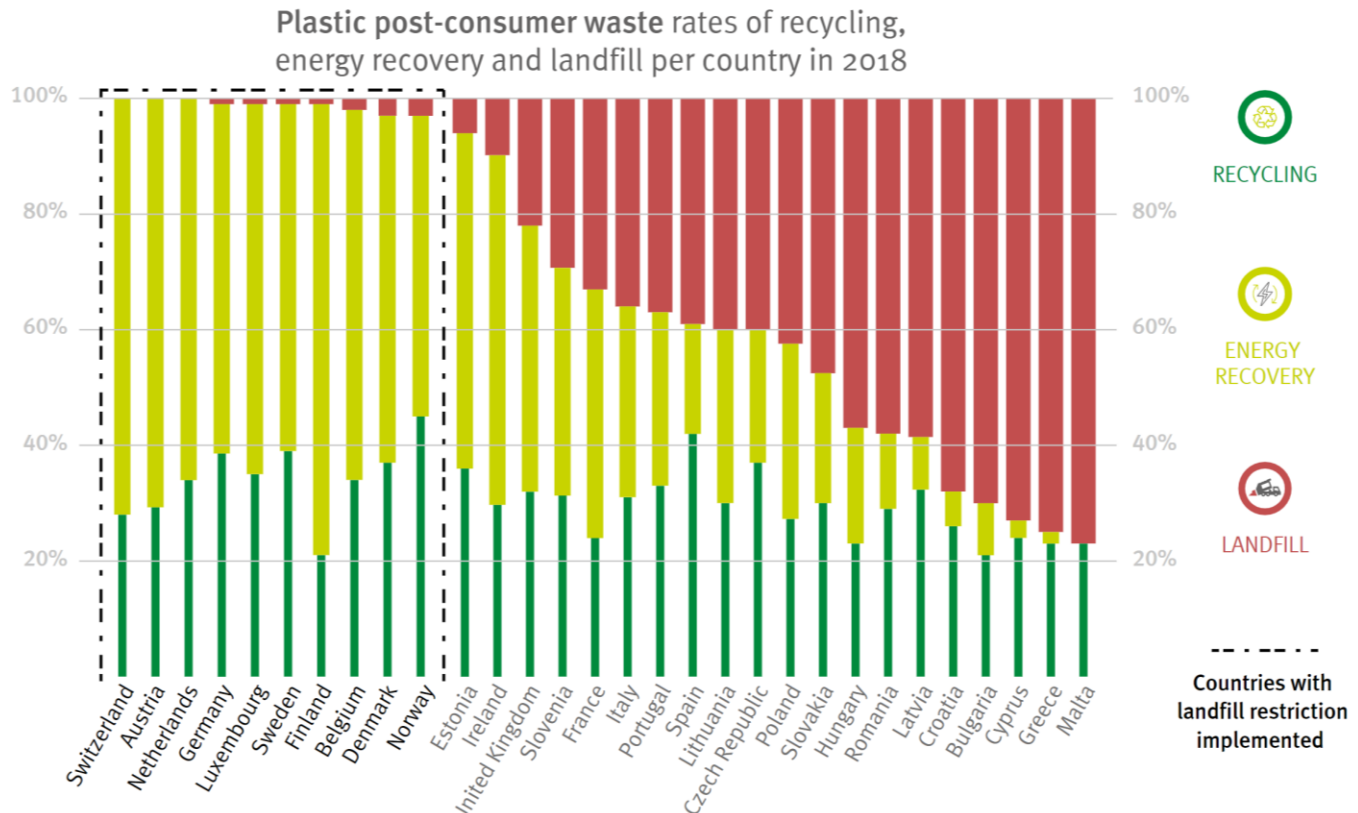
Nämä jätemuovipaalit ovat matkalla Saksaan, koska kotimainen kapasiteetti ei riitä kaiken suomalaiskotien muovijätteen käsittelyyn. Kuva: Janne Järvinen / Yle

Fortum has managed to mechanically recycle only 37 % of collected plastic waste. Rest is incinerated.

## ZERO LANDFILLING IS NEEDED TO ACHIEVE THE CIRCULAR ECONOMY OF PLASTICS

SOURCE: Conversio Market & Strategy GmbH

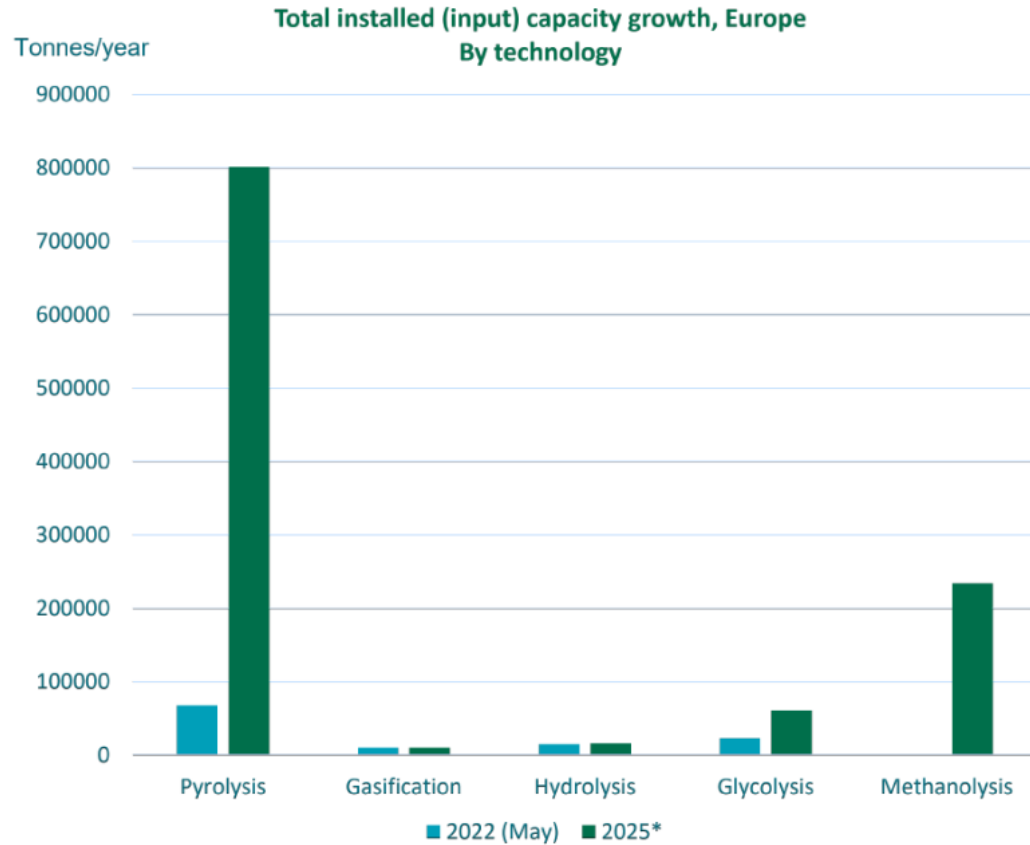
Countries with landfill restrictions of recyclable and recoverable waste have, on average, higher recycling rates of plastic post-consumer waste.



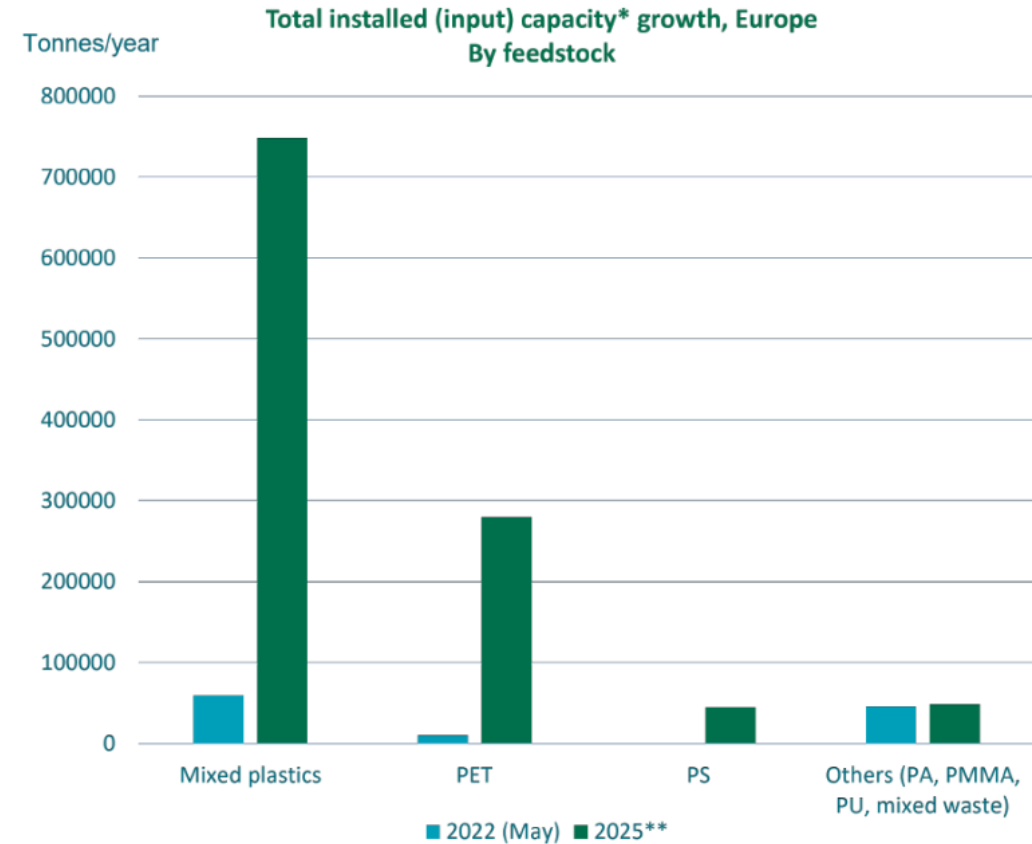
# Plastics – there are many different kinds of them



# Plastic Chemical recycling industry in Europe



\* Based on announced projects, not including projects considered as pre-FID stage as of May 2022  
Source: ICIS Recycling Supply Tracker – Chemical, 2022



\* Includes pyrolysis, gasification, glycolysis, hydrolysis and methanolysis projects  
\*\* Based on announced projects, not including projects considered as pre-FID stage as of May 2022  
Source: ICIS Recycling Supply Tracker – Chemical, 2022

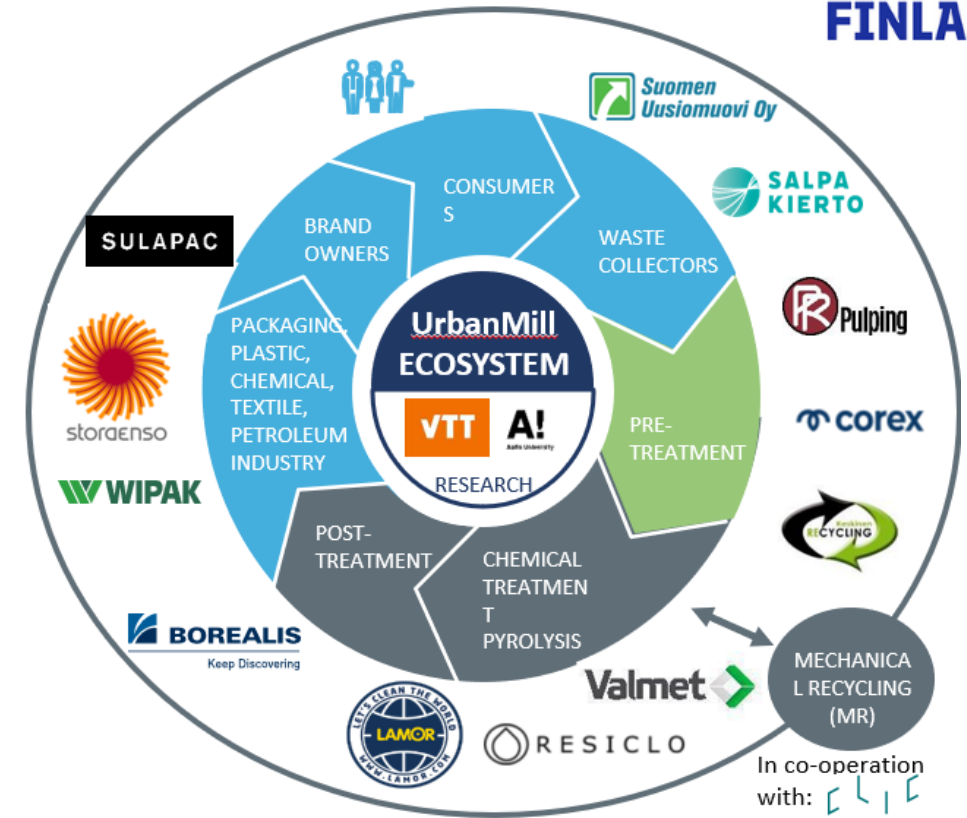


# UrbanMill in a nutshell



BUSINESS  
FINLAND

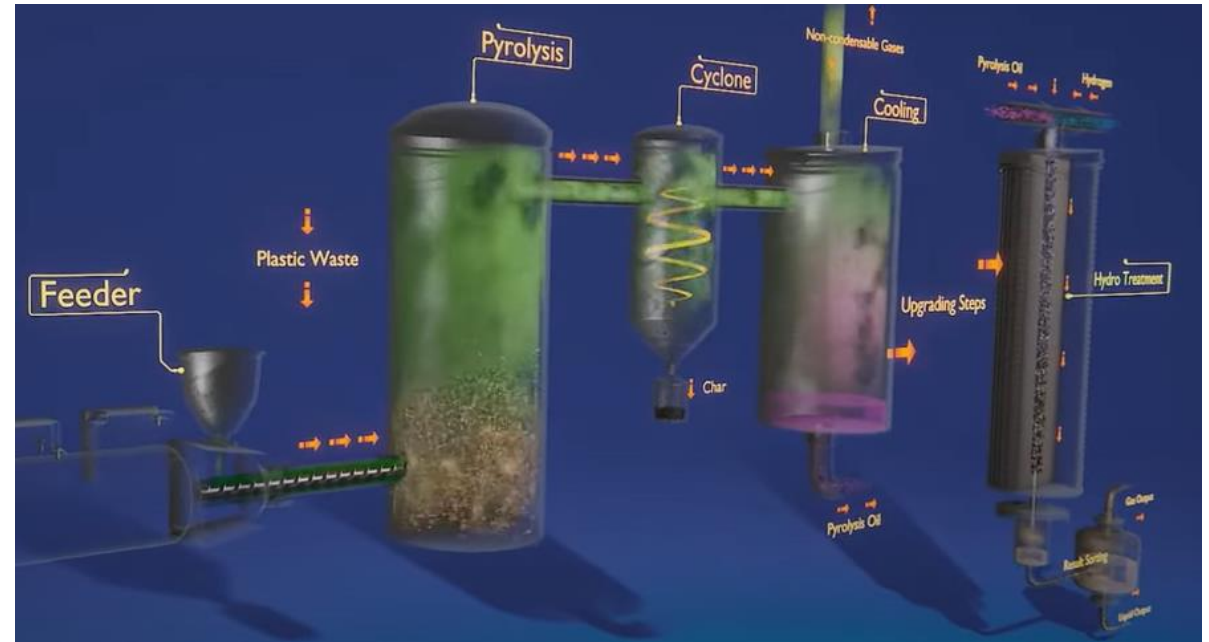
- Two-year project of 3 M€, Funded by Business Finland
- Aims to **develop** a pyrolysis-based industrial **chemical recycling concept** for plastic waste
  - Targeted feedstock: highly mixed plastic waste
  - Targeted product: intermediate for high-quality plastic material





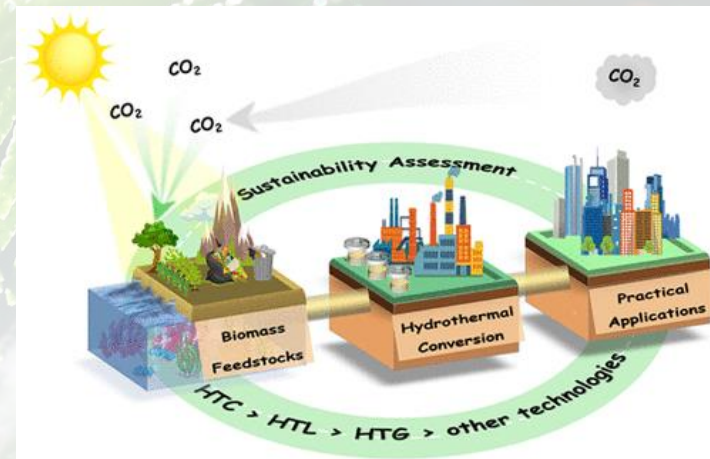
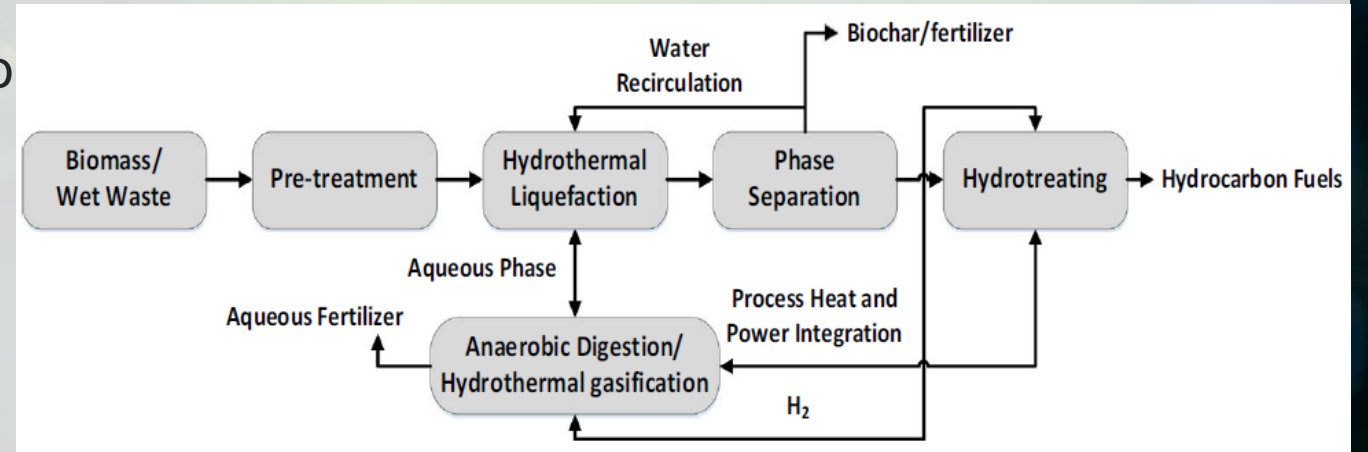
# Chemical Recycling with Plastic Pyrolysis

- Plastic recycling
  - Mechanical
  - Chemical
    - Pyrolysis is identified as a key promising technology
- Research currently in the piloting scale to verify scale-up potential. Investigations on
  - Suitable feedstock
  - Feeding method
  - Removal of impurities and volatiles
  - Reactor type
  - Handling the side products
  - Post treatments: Fractionation and catalytic upgrading
  - Interesting final products



# HTL is a promising pathway for wet wastes

- HTL is one of the most promising new technologies to convert **wet** feedstocks to renewable fuels
- Wet feedstocks
  - Agro waste
  - Algae
  - Municipal solid waste
  - Bio waste/Food waste
  - Sludges
  - Black liquor
- The oil as the final product
  - Has high heat value
  - Has low oxygen
  - Can be separated from the aqueous phase
  - Is stable
  - Needs post-treatment (refining)



# Comparison of HTL and Pyrolysis

	<b>Fast pyrolysis</b>	<b>Catalytic Pyrolysis</b>	<b>Hydrothermal liquefaction</b>
Oil's oxygen content %	35-45%	10-35%	10-20%
Complexity	Low	Medium/High	High
Suitable feedstock	Dry biomass, plastic	Dry biomass, plastic	wet feedstock, biosludge, black liquor, algae, biomass and plastic
Challenges	Upgrading to fuel	Low oil yield	High-temperature pumps and handling the aqueous phase

# Technology plays a key role in mitigating climate change

Valmet is actively developing pyrolysis technology towards biochemical and biofuel applications

- We are capable of industrial piloting with catalytic pyrolysis to produce feedstock for biofuels or -chemicals
- Next step is to bring catalytic pyrolysis into demonstration and commercial scale
  - Valmet has deliveries & experience in commercial scale FP
  - Catalytic pyrolysis technology ready for demo development
  - Alternative feedstocks are of interest and will be evaluated
  - Value stream development is enabled by large scale piloting and sample production in sufficient volumes
- Adaptation potential of the fast pyrolysis process
  - Commercial scale delivery for biochemical production
  - Development in chemical recycling progressing
- We are open to joint development utilizing pyrolysis for different end products (confidential or public projects)



