

Session 5: Urban logistics 35E00750 Logistics Systems and Analytics

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Course contents

Part 1. Background

- 1. Understanding supply chains
- 2. Achieving supply chain fit
- 3. Mathematical programming for Logistics & SCM
- 4. Guest lecture: Janne Kilpua (intralogistics)

Part 2. Transportation

- 5. Urban logistics
- 6. Vehicle routing problems

Part 3. Facilities

- 7. Warehousing technologies
- 8. Guest lecture: Vesa Hämetvaara (Konecranes)
- 9. Facility location problems

Part 4. Data

- 10. Digital logistics
- 11. Logistical drivers and metrics



Setting the scence



Last mile vs. first mile



Middle mile **First mile** Last mile Supply Chain Perspective IIII . Manufacturer Distribution Distribution Distribution Customer Centre Centre Centre <u>i</u>

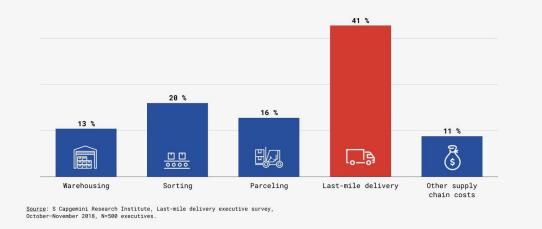


Perspective

Rising cost of last-mile delivery

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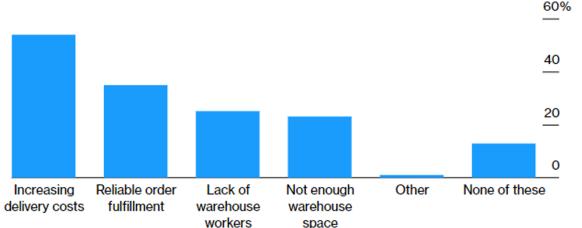
Last-mile delivery is the biggest cost driver in the supply chain.



https://www.bloomberg.com/news/articles/2020-12-07/delivery-cost-is-top-last-mile-issue-in-retail-logistics-chart

Fulfillment Challenges

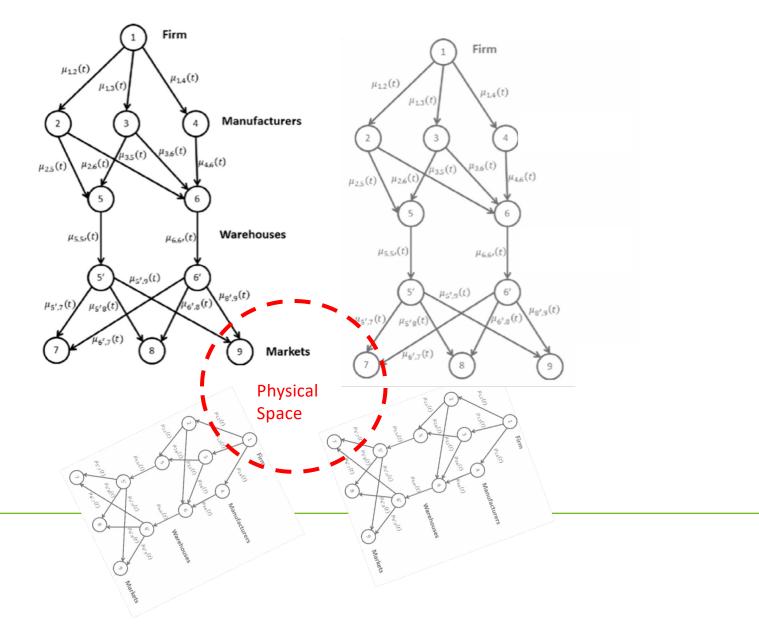
Last mile of supply chain poses hurdles for U.S. retail, e-commerce executives
Share of respondents



https://www.capgemini.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/01/Report-Digital-%E2%80%93-Last-Mile-Delivery-Challenge1.pdf



Where in the supply chain is city/urban logistics?







- City centers are often **challenging** for deliveries and collection due to **narrow streets** and **traffic jams**
- Logistics efficiency was not taken into account in planning old houses' shops and waste rooms
- City logistics involves planning deliveries in urban areas with high population density





City logistics challenges



- Market challenges (Savelsbergh & van Woensel, 2016)
 - Growth in urban population
 - Growth in e-commerce
 - The on-demand economy (delivery speed, flexibility, and reliability) and omnichannel retail
 - The sharing economy (gig workers, sharing logistics assets)

Challenges related to livability

- Climate change
- Air quality
- Congestion
- Noise pollution
- Safety
- Use of limited space



City logistics segments





General cargo and retail



Temperature controlled



Facility goods



Parcel and express delivery



Construction and renovation



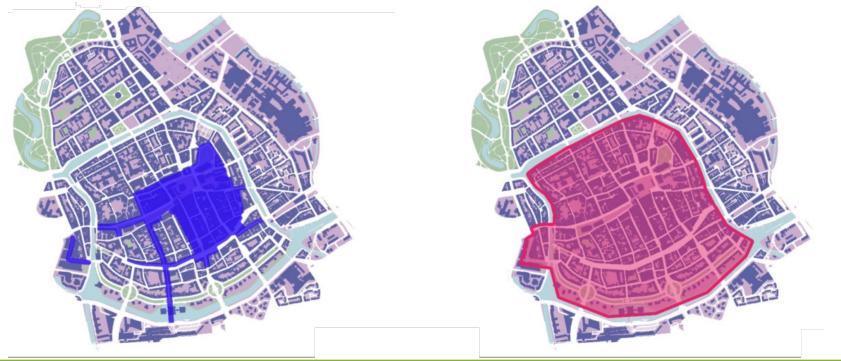
Waste logistics



City logistics policy in Groningen



Larger area time access restrictions for freight transport (from 2022) and zeroemission zone (from 2025)





Time access restrictions (from 2022)



• 5 AM to noon

- Cargo bike and LEV: as much as possible
- Delivery van: only if cargo bike and LEV are inefficient
- Trucks: allowed for large volumes

Noon to 6 PM

- Cargo bike and LEV: allowed when needed
- Delivery van: now allowed
- Trucks: not allowed
- After 6 PM
 - Cargo bike and LEV: allowed when needed
 - Delivery van: under very specific circumstances (+waiver)
 - Trucks: not allowed





Time access restrictions (from 2022)



• Strict enforcement using Automatic Number Plate Recognition (ANPR)





Time access restriction



- Strict enforcement using Automatic Number Plate Recognition (ANPR)
- Consistent waiver policy



Innovative solutions





Historic trends in logistics

Consolidation



Combine shipments when possible





Consolidation



Combine shipments when possible

- Volume per trip goes up
- Economies of scale emerge
- Per unit transportation costs go down





Increasing scale





1995: OOCL California (5300 TUE)

2005: Cosco Guangzhou (9400 TUE)

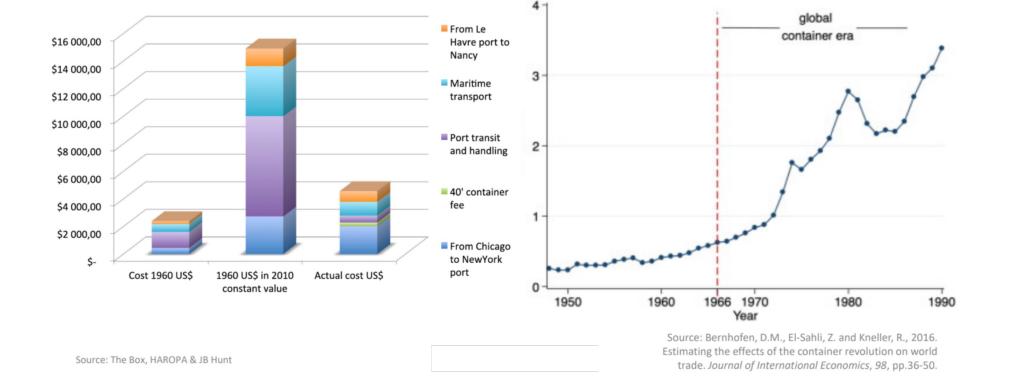
2022: Ever Alot (24004 TUE)

Source (in Dutch): https://www.nt.nl/scheepvaart/2022/08/10/dit-zijn-de-grootste-containerschepen-van-de-afgelopen-66-jaar/?gdpr=accept





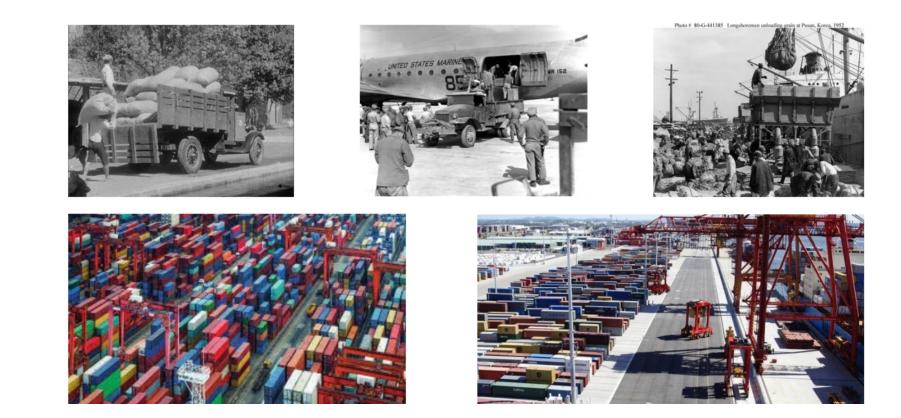
Economies of Scale





Automation





Source: http://www.physicalinternetinitiative.org/



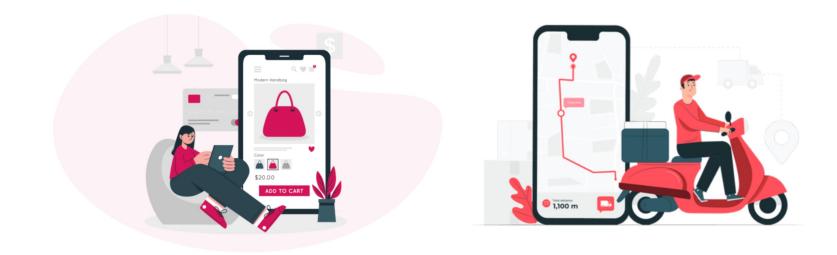


How the on-demand economy challenges historic trends

On-demand economy



On-Demand Economy is defined as the economic activity created by **technology companies** that fulfill consumer demand via the **immediate provisioning of goods and services**





On-demand economy



On-Demand Economy is defined as the economic activity created by **technology companies** that fulfill consumer demand via the **immediate provisioning of goods and services**

- Platform economy?
- Gig economy?
- Sharing economy?



On-demand economy



Mobility and travel

- $\circ~$ Uber / Lyft / etc.
- Go Sharing / Felix / etc.
- o Airbnb

Food delivery

- Just Eat Takeaway / Doordash / etc.
- AH / Picnic
- Professional services

• ...

OPINION

Let's Uberize The Entire Economy

Capital Flows Contributor *Guest commentary curated by Forbes Opinion. Avik Roy, Opinion Editor.*

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POST WRITTEN BY

Brian M. Carney

Mr. Carney is a senior vice president at Rivada Networks.



Oct 27, 2014, 05:23pm EDT



Challenges of fast and flexible delivery





Smaller shipment sizes



Shorter delivery times



Challenges with vehicle sizes





Large vehicles don't fit urban space



1 large vehicle = many smaller ones



Challenges with vehicle emissions





Emitting vehicles no longer desired/allowed



Zero-emission vehicles often smaller and with limited range



Summarizing the main challenges



Sustainability

Climate change and other environmental concerns with internal combustion engines

Social

- Aging workforce, shortage of truck/van drivers
- Safety issues and public space usage involved with road-freight

Economic

- Increasingly difficult to consolidate freight and deliver using full truckloads
- Expanding the fleet is costly
- 1 to 1 replacement (emitting to zero-emission) are not always available and are often more expensive
- \circ Wages of truck/van drivers are the largest part of the total cost of transportation



A framework for innovative city logistics



What is the future of urban logistics?







Multi-tier city logistics system



Exploiting most zone-appropriate Bicycle, scooter, drone π-container transport, handling & storage Urban transporter, modes, vehicles, means & facilities personal vehicle Tramway, light rail, metrobus, barge Suburbs Urban truck Long-distance vehicle Train Midtown 🚔 Ship Plane, airship 🚫 Urban hub V Open DC -80 City Center 23 **Building on synergies** between freight logistics **Exploiting existing** and people mobility infrastructures (subway, tramway) Aiming for gains in and gradually economic, environmental developing innovative and societal efficiency and interconnected sustainability infrastructures

Aalto University School of Business Source: Crainic, T. G., & Montreuil, B. (2016). Physical internet enabled hyperconnected city logistics. *Transportation Research Procedia*, 12, 383-398.

Multi-tier city logistics system



Multi-tier systems consist of

- 1. different modes of transport (i.e., vehicle technology) at different tiers of the system
- 2. nodes (i.e., facilities) connecting the different tiers
- 3. information technology to design, plan, and control logistics operations in the system



1. Vehicle technology



- Zero-emission vehicle technology
- Smaller-scale vehicle technology
- Autonomous vehicle technology



(Autonomous) vehicle technology



Autonomous vehicles





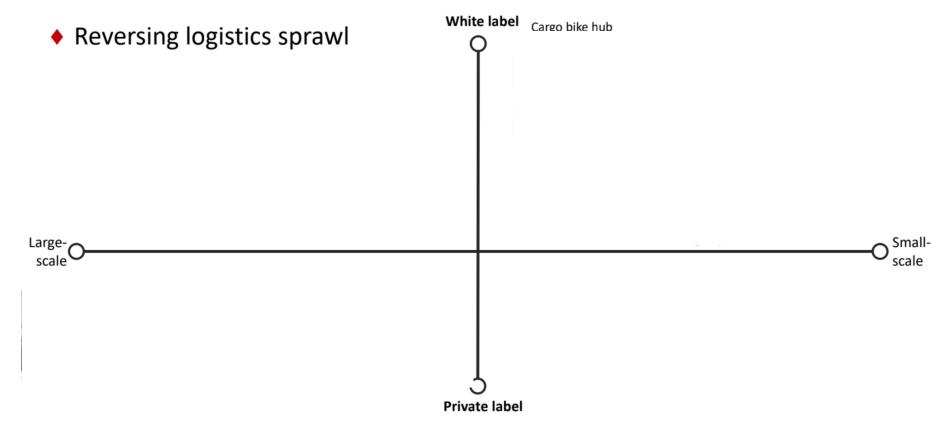
(Autonomous) vehicle technology





2. Facilities in multi-tier system

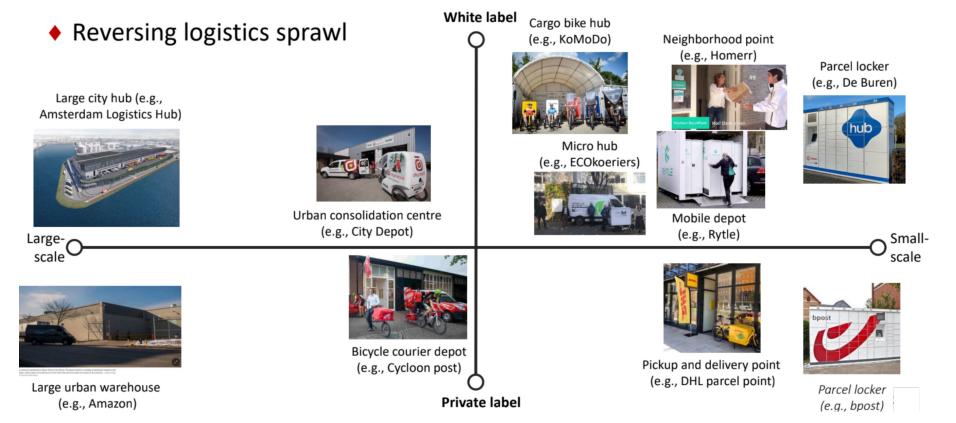






2. Facilities in multi-tier system







3. Information technology



- Commercial platforms, such as:
 - Crowd-sourced (bike) couriers
 - Renting logistics space (warehouse)
- City-initiated platforms, such as:
 - Find a (un)loading bay
 - Track traffic load
- Community-owned and operated platforms, such as:
 - Cargo bike sharing



Now, let's delve into each of them





Zero-emission vehicle technology

Uptake of zero-emission vehicles



- Cargo bikes
- (Light) electric commercial vehicles
- (Battery and Hydrogen) electric trucks

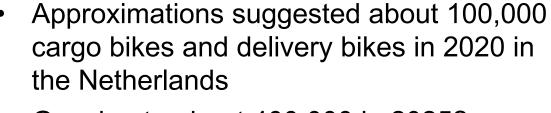


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Cargo bikes



• Growing to about 400,000 in 2025?





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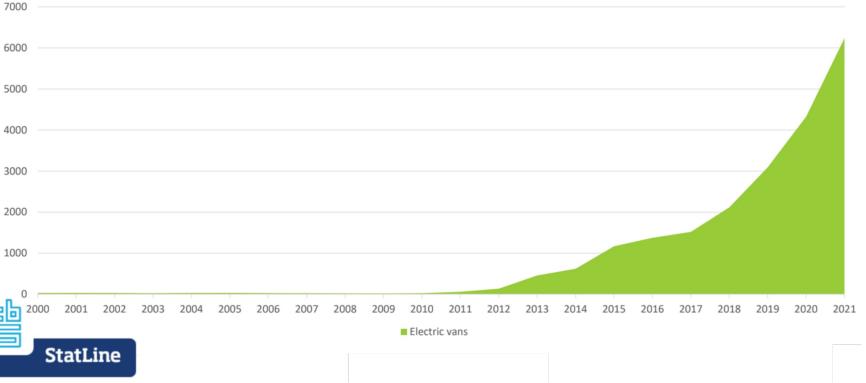


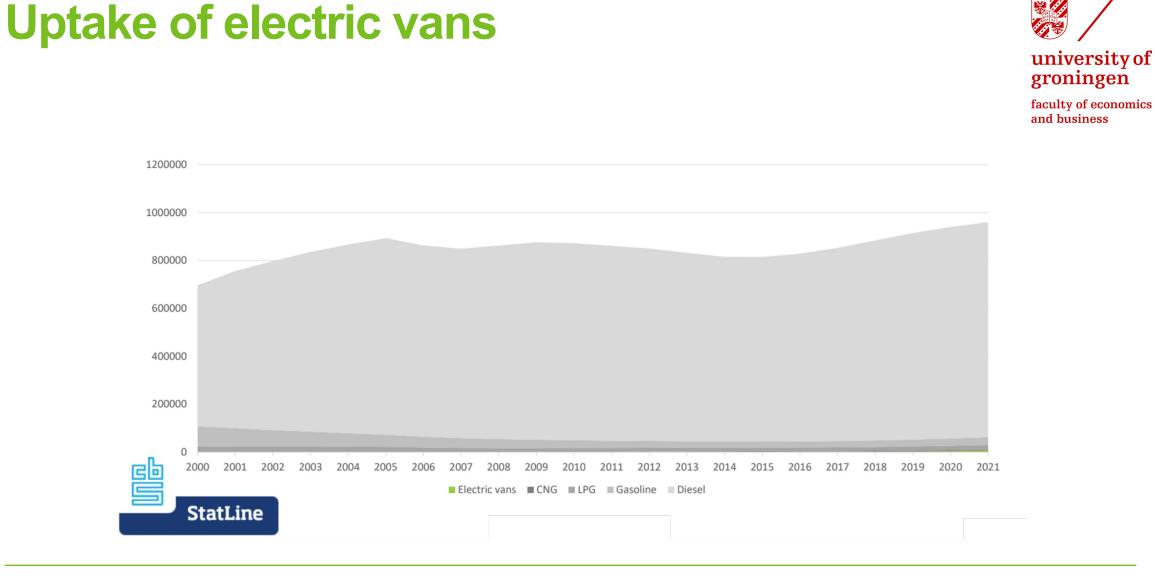














Uptake of electric trucks



Trucks (rigid) in 2021							
Total	Diesel	Gasoline	LPG	CNG	Electric		
62491	60964	875	285	168	155		
100%	97,6%	1,4%	0,5%	0,3%	0,2%		



Semi-trailer trucks in 2021							
Total	Diesel	Gasoline	LPG	CNG	Electric		
81179	80195	47	124	176	22		
100%	98,8%	0,1%	0,2%	0,2%	0,03%		







Source: EU (2016)

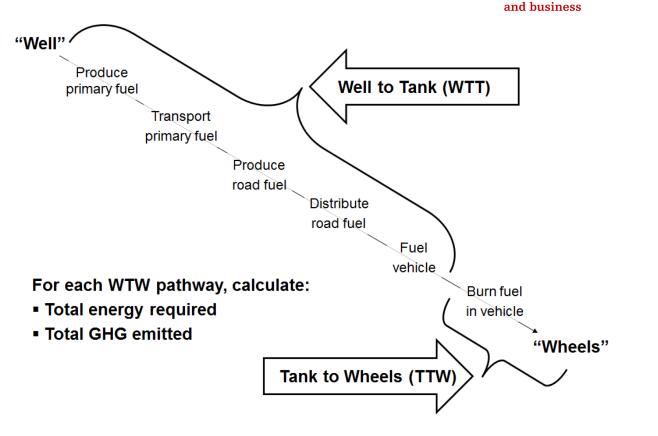
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Life cycle impact Battery Electric Vehicles (BEVs)

Life cycle phases

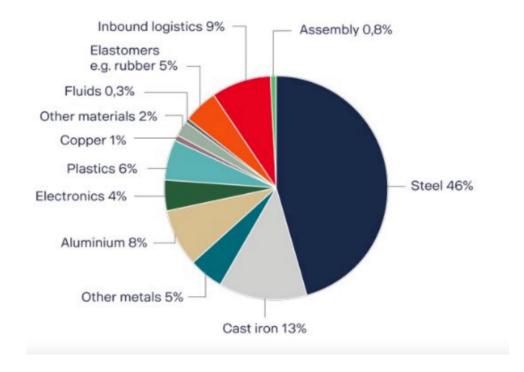
- Production phase
- Use phase
 - Fuel/energy consumption (wellto-tank & tank-to-wheel)
 - Maintenance
- Recovery



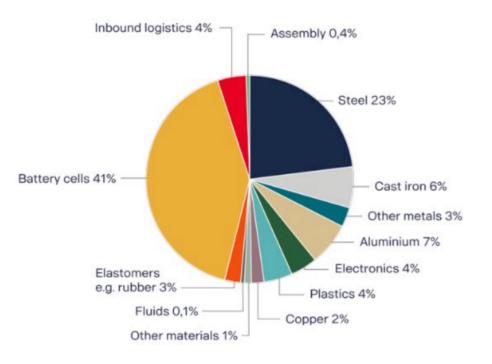


ICEV

Production phase



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BEV

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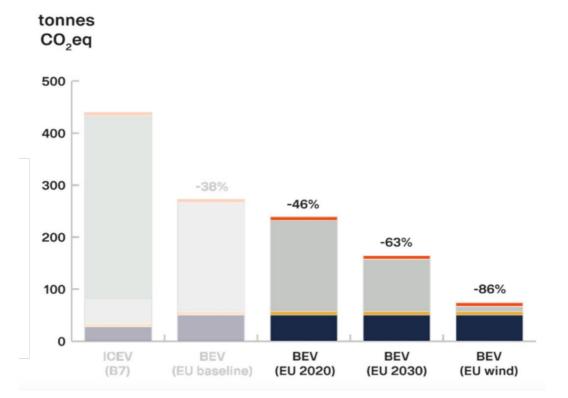
48

Use phase

Life cycle comparison

- Similar vehicles ICEV vs BEV
- 500 000 km
- 6.1-ton avg payload

Vehicle	Production	Maintenance	Use WtT	Use TtW	Recovery
ICEV (B7)	27,5	2,4	44,9	354,3	2,1
BEV (EU baseline)	53,6	2,4	209,5	0,0	2,1
BEV (EU 2020)	53,6	2,4	175,0	0,0	2,1
BEV (EU 2030)	53,6	2,4	100,2	0,0	2,1
BEV (EU wind)	53,6	2,4	4,7	0,0	2,1







Facilities: Pickup points

Source: Buijs, P. and Niemeijer, R. "A Greener Last Mile: Reviewing the Carbon Emission Impact of Pickup Points in Last-Mile Parcel Delivery". Available at http://dx.doi.org/10.2139/ssrn.4169737

Pickup points (customer-pickup)





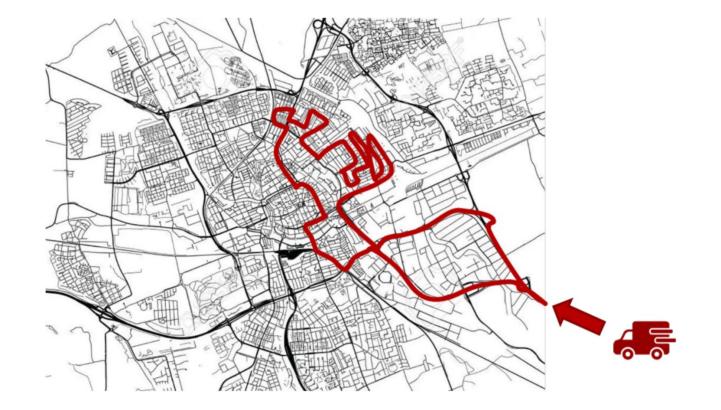






Efficiency gains for courier

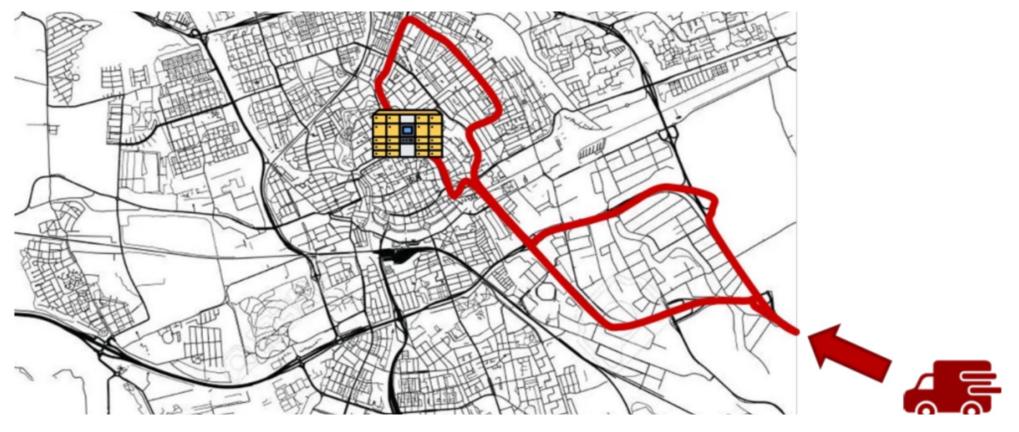






Efficiency gains for courier

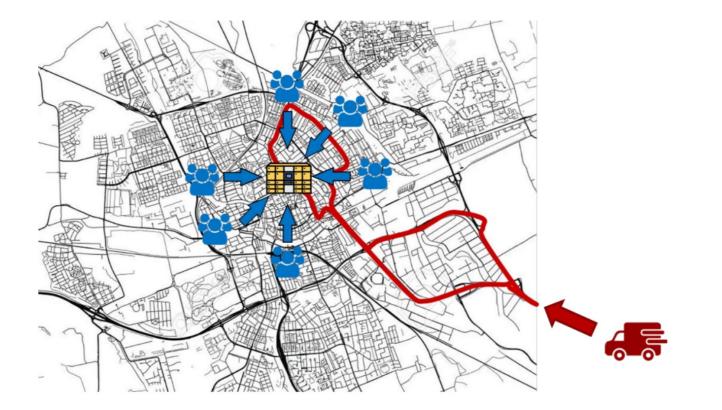






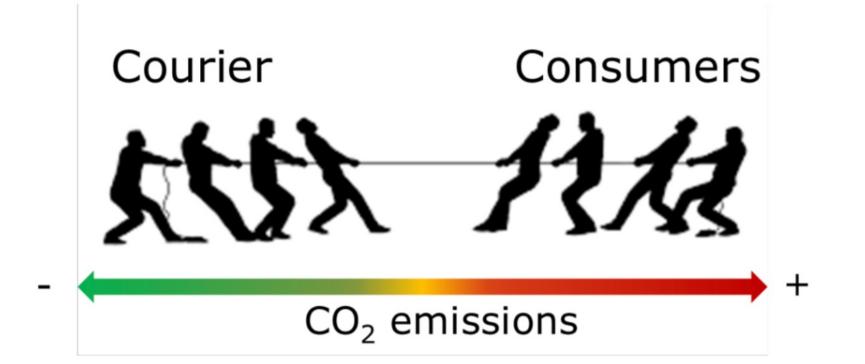
Efficiency gains for courier





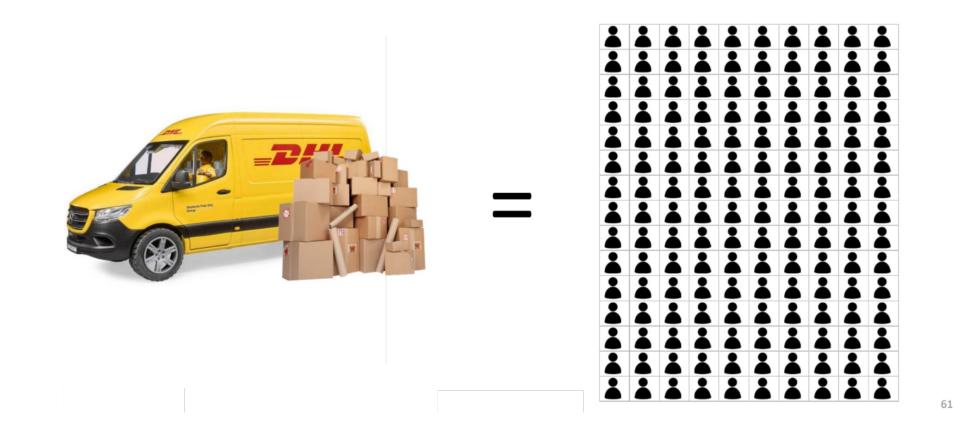














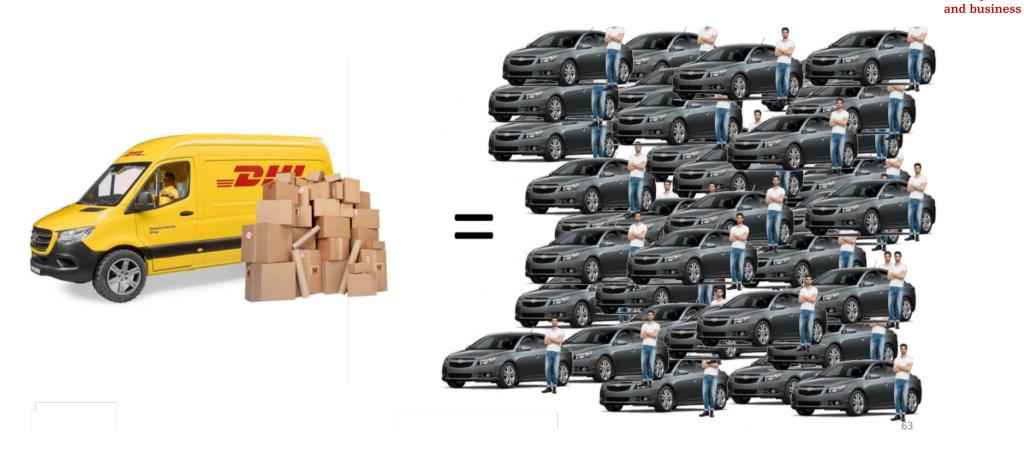


point (km)



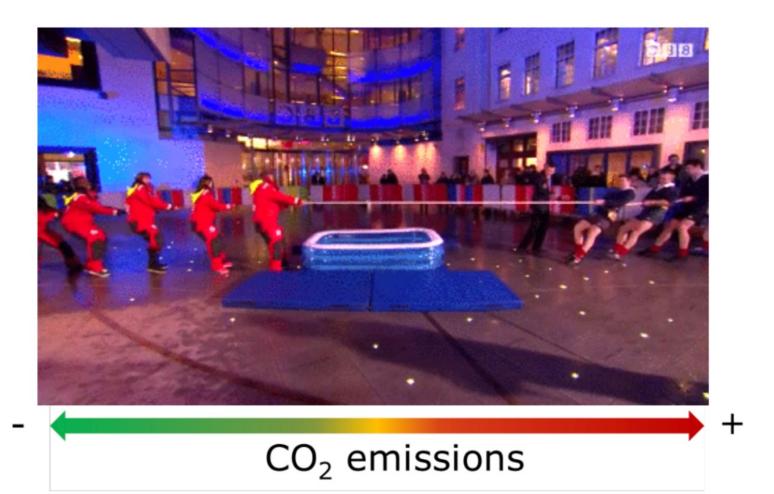
Transport mode usage













Solution? Dense network!





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Facilities: (mobile) (micro) depots

Source: Verlinde, S., Macharis, C., Milan, L., & Kin, B. (2014). Does a mobile depot make urban deliveries faster, more sustainable and more economically viable: results of a pilot test in Brussels. Transportation Research Procedia, 4, 361-373.

Vehicle efficiency





- Parcel delivery courier activities:
 - Loading (at depot)
 - Driving to beginning of route
 - En-route (parcel deliveries)
 - Diving time
 - Stop time
 - Driving back to depot
 - Unloading at depot
 - (Breaks/wait time/other)



Mobile depots



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Mobile "depots"











Platform technology

Tapping into big player's logistics







To employ gig workers





- Models for scheduling matching
 - Pure self-scheduling (Postmates, Doordash, Uber Eats)
 - Hybrid or centralized scheduling (Amazon Flex)
 - En-route matching (Flitsmeister)
 - Bulletin-board matching (DHL myways)



Source: Alnaggar, A., Gzara, F., & Bookbinder, J. H. (2021). Crowdsourced delivery: A review of platforms and academic literature. *Omega*, *98*, 102139.

Let's take a more techno-centric view!

10 emerging future transport innovations

How technologies and ideas shape the future of transport





1. Micro-retail

- Small-scale pop-up shops and boutique storefronts that leverage a variety of innovative downsized activities
- Mimicking the small entrepreneur concept





2. Self-service marketplaces





Self-service market

The Automat 1936





3. Virtual Restaurants / Ghost kitchens







4. Mobile depots







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5. Drone logistics

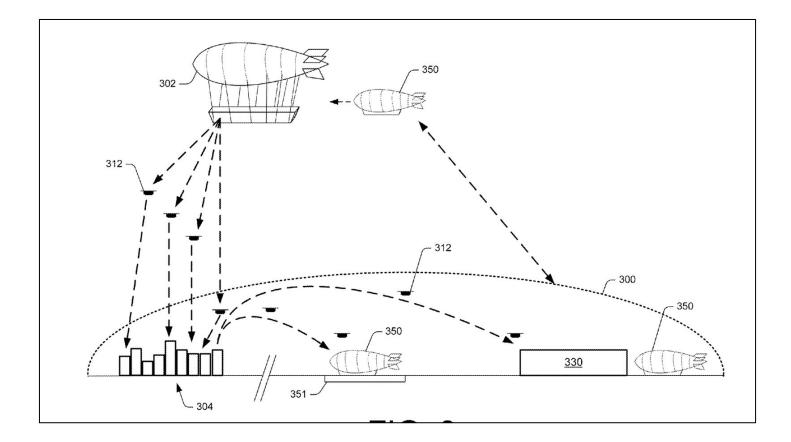






6. Amazon's patented airborne warehouses







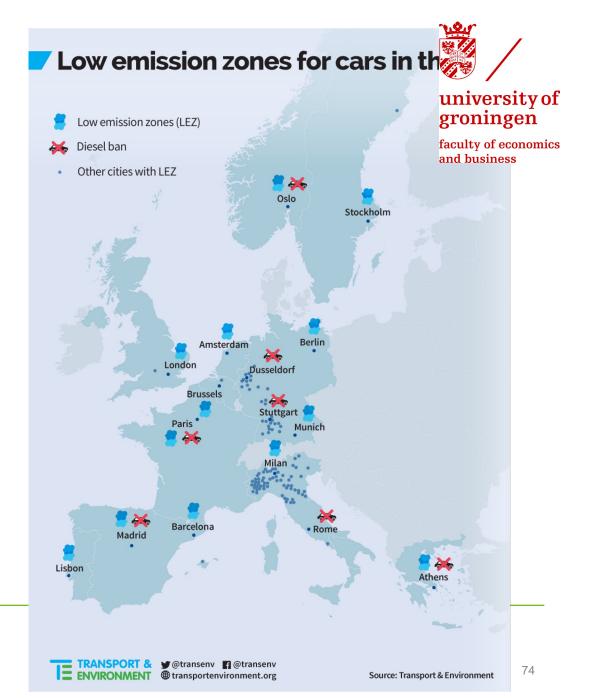
7. Pollution control zones

France's Cannes to Ban Polluting Cruise Ships



Norway proposes ban on heavy fuels and scrubbers in world heritage fjords

G H Y O O



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8. Warehouse automation





https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=e31UgBT5bKE



9. Public-private infrastructure sharing





In 2019, Amazon India partnered with Indian Railways for inter-city transportation of e-commerce packages on 13 lanes and also set up pickup kiosks for customers in Kolkata and Mumbai

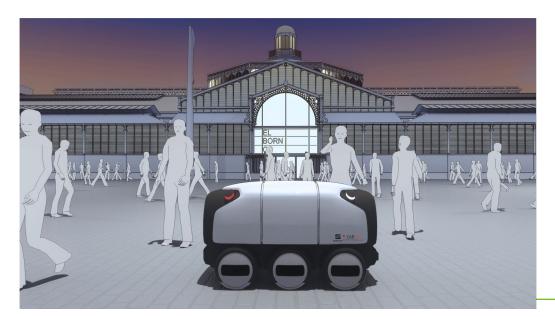




10. Autonomous delivery vehicles



- Developed by CARNET (VW, Seat and UPC)
- Launched in city of Esplugues (Barcelona)
- Pilot includes Hamburg (Germany) and Debrecen (Hungary)





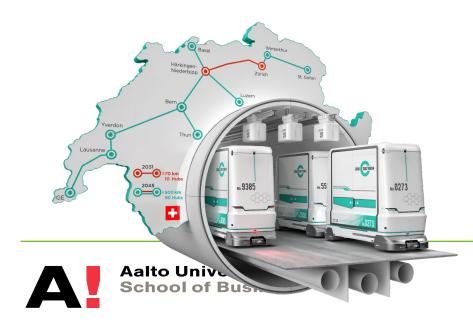


Exploring the future of logistics



Technology improving material flows

- Cargo sous terrain (CST) project
- To be completed by 2045
- 500-kilometer network of tunnels
- 30 billion euros
- Transport freight between Switzerland's busiest cities

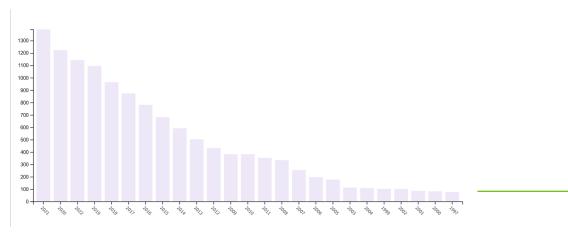




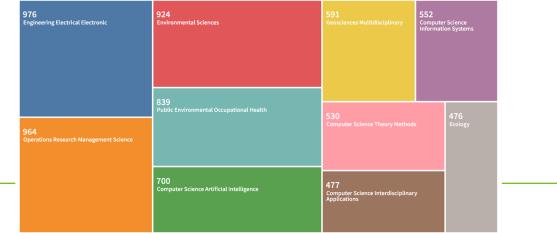
https://play.swissinfo.ch/play/tv/sci--tech/video/how-robot-cars-maytransport-freight-under-switzerland?urn=urn:swi:video:46675024



12,760 publications found from Web of Science Core Collection



European Space Agency Open Call <u>https://commercialisation.esa.int/2022/09/building-the-</u> european-space-logistics-ecosystem-for-in-space-transportation/ 12,760 publications by top 10 disciplines (Note SCM/Logistics is missing!)



DHL Space Logistics <u>https://www.dhl.com/global-en/delivered/globalization/space-logistics-satellite-transportation.html</u>

Lyft vs. Uber case



Individual assignment

• Due in around one week (Sunday, midnight #midnightslikethis)

• Case description is available on MyCourses

• Questions? Concerns?





Thank you!

Questions?

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