

**Problem 1:**

A single-phase full wave rectifier with resistive load of  $12 \Omega$  and AC source of  $120 V_{\text{rms}}$ , 60 Hz. Determine,

- a) The average, peak, and rms currents in the load and in each diode.
- b) Determine the peak reverse voltage across each of the diodes.

**Problem 2:**

A single-phase full-wave rectifier with an ac source of  $200 \sin(\omega t)$  V has a resistive load of  $20 \Omega$ .  $\omega=377$ .

Determine

- a) Average current in the load and in each diode.
- b) Peak reverse voltage across each of the diodes.
- c) Power factor

**Problem 3:**

For the controlled single-phase bridge rectifier has an  $18 \Omega$  resistive load and has a  $120 V_{\text{rms}}$  at 60 Hz source. The delay angle  $\alpha$  is 45.

Determine

- a) average load current
- b) rms load current
- c) rms source current
- d) power factor

**Problem 4:**

A load of  $50 \Omega$  is connected to an AC source of 60 Hz,  $230 V_{\text{rms}}$ . Full wave-controlled rectifiers has a delay angle of 45 degrees.

Determine

- a) Average load current
- b) Power absorbed by the load
- c) Source VA.

**Problem 5:**

For an ideal full-wave rectifier with a 60-Hz ac source and maximum voltage of 100 V.

It is to supply a load that requires a dc voltage of 100 V and will draw 0.4 A.

Determine the filter capacitance required to limit the peak-to-peak output voltage ripple to 1 percent of the dc output.

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