Aalto university Björn Ivarsson

Exercise sheet 12

Complex Analysis, MS-C1300.

Hand in exercise 1 and 2 in separate files for grading. Deadline Wednesday 29.11 at 23:59. The exercises should be uploaded to the correct folder on MyCourses as pdf-files with name and student number in the file name. Submission via MyCourses is the only accepted way. Done during class Thursday 30.11 or Friday 1.12.

(1) Obtain the Laurent series expansions of

$$f(z) = \frac{1}{2z - z^2}$$

and

$$g(z) = \frac{2 - 2z}{(2z - z^2)^2}$$

in:

(a) 
$$\Delta^*(0,2) = \{ z \in \mathbb{C}; 0 < |z| < 2 \}$$
 (2p)

- (b)  $\Delta^*(2,2) = \{z \in \mathbb{C}; 0 < |z-2| < 2\}$ (c)  $D = \{z \in \mathbb{C}; |z| > 2\}$ (2p)
- (2p)

(2) Let  $\gamma(t) = e^{it}$ , for  $0 \le t \le 2\pi$ . Calculate

$$\int_{\gamma} f(z) \, dz$$

when:

(a) 
$$f(z) = z^3 e^{-1/(z^4)}$$
 (3p)  
(b)  $f(z) = (z^2 + z) \sin(1/z)$  (3p)

(3) Calculate

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\cos x}{(x^2 + \pi^2)^2} dx$$

(*Hint:* Evaluate

$$\lim_{R \to \infty} \int_{\gamma(R)} \frac{e^{iz}}{(z^2 + \pi^2)^2} \, dz,$$

where  $\gamma(R) = [-R, R] + \tilde{\gamma}_R$ , and  $\tilde{\gamma}_R(t) = Re^{it}, 0 \le t \le \pi$ .

(4) Calculate

$$\int_{|z-e|=2} \frac{1}{(z-1)\operatorname{Log}(z)} dz$$

where |z - e| = 2 is positively oriented.