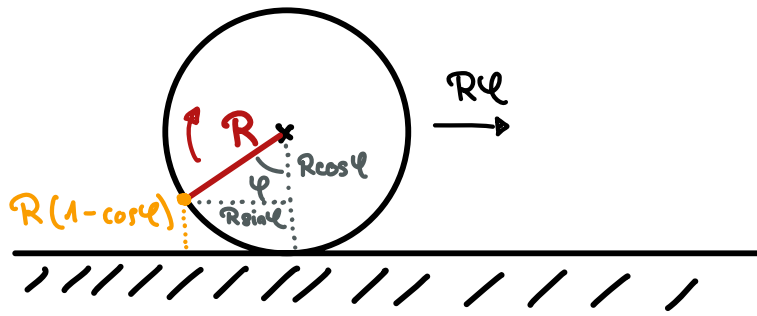


K1



Kiven käyrä parametrisoidussa muodossa:

$$\begin{cases} x(\varphi) = R(1 - \cos \varphi) \\ y(\varphi) = R(\varphi - \sin \varphi) \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \dot{x}(\varphi) = R \sin \varphi \\ \dot{y}(\varphi) = R(1 - \cos \varphi) \end{cases}$$

Käyrän pituus

$$\begin{aligned} l &= \int_0^{2\pi} \sqrt{\dot{x}^2 + \dot{y}^2} d\varphi = \int_0^{2\pi} R \sqrt{1 - 2\cos \varphi + \cos^2(\varphi) + \sin^2(\varphi)} d\varphi \\ &= R \int_0^{2\pi} \sqrt{2 - 2\cos \varphi} d\varphi = 2R \int_0^{2\pi} \sin \frac{\varphi}{2} d\varphi = -4R \cos \frac{\varphi}{2} \Big|_0^{2\pi} \\ &= 8R \end{aligned}$$

joten

$$\frac{l}{2\pi R} = \frac{8R}{2\pi R} = \underline{\underline{\frac{4}{\pi}}}$$

K2 a) $\underline{r}(t) = at^2 \underline{i} + bt \underline{j} + c \ln(t) \underline{k} \Rightarrow \underline{\dot{r}}(t) = 2at \underline{i} + b \underline{j} + \frac{c}{t} \underline{k}$

Käyrän pituus, kun $t \in [1, T]$

$$l = \int_1^T \|\underline{\dot{r}}(t)\| dt = \int_1^T \sqrt{(2at)^2 + b^2 + \left(\frac{c}{t}\right)^2} dt$$

ja kun $b^2 = 4ac$

$$\begin{aligned} l &= \int_1^T \sqrt{4a^2t^2 + 4ac + \frac{c^2}{t^2}} dt = \int_1^T \sqrt{\left(2at + \frac{c}{t}\right)^2} dt \\ &= \int_1^T \left(2at + \frac{c}{t}\right) dt = \left[at^2 + c \ln(t)\right]_1^T = \underline{\underline{a(T^2 - 1) + c \ln(T)}} \end{aligned}$$

b) Käyrä on heliksin muotoinen.

$$\begin{cases} \dot{x}(t) = a(\cos^2 t - \sin^2 t) \\ \dot{y}(t) = 2a \cos t \sin t \\ \dot{z}(t) = b \end{cases}$$

Sen pituus, kun $t \in [0, T]$:

$$\begin{aligned} l &= \int_0^T \sqrt{\dot{x}^2 + \dot{y}^2 + \dot{z}^2} dt \\ &= \int_0^T \sqrt{a^2(\cos^4 t - 2\cos^2 t \sin^2 t + \sin^4 t) + 4a^2 \cos^2 t \sin^2 t + b^2} dt \\ &= \int_0^T \sqrt{a^2(\cos^2 t + \sin^2 t)^2 + b^2} dt = \int_0^T \sqrt{a^2 + b^2} dt = \underline{\underline{T \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}} \end{aligned}$$