

Mat-2.4136 Special Topics in Decision Making: Fuzzy Sets

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Exercise 3: Extension principle

1. A function  $f : X \rightarrow Y$  can be seen as a subset of  $X \times Y$ . Consider the function defined by the pairs  $\{(1, 2), (2, 3), (3, 2), (4, 1), (5, 3), (6, 2)\}$  where, for instance,  $(1, 2)$  means that 1 is mapped to 2. Now, considering the crisp set

$$A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\} \subseteq X$$

what is its image  $B = f(A)$ ? And if  $A$  is the following fuzzy set?

$$A = \{(1, 0.3), (2, 0.9), (3, 1), (4, 0.1), (5, 0.2), (6, 1)\}$$

2. Consider the function  $f(x) = x^2$  as a  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ . If  $A$  is the following symmetric fuzzy number in the parameters  $a$  and  $\alpha$ ,

$$\mu_A(x) = \begin{cases} 1 - \frac{|a-x|}{\alpha} & \text{if } |a-x| \leq \alpha \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

then what is  $B$ ? Find the analytic expression of  $B$ .

3. Consider  $f(x_1, x_2) = x_1 + x_2$  as a mapping  $f : X \times X \rightarrow Y$  and the following two fuzzy sets on  $X$

$$A = \{(1, 0.6), (2, 0.8), (3, 1), (4, 0.6)\} \quad B = \{(0, 0.5), (1, 1), (2, 0.9)\}$$

Use the extension principle to find the fuzzy subset  $C$  of  $Y$  obtained by applying  $f$  to  $A$  and  $B$ .

4. Calculate

$$\begin{aligned} &[-1, 2] + [1, 3]; \\ &[-2, 4] - [3, 6]; \\ &[-3, 4] \cdot [-3, 4]; \\ &[-4, 6]/[1, 2] \end{aligned}$$

5. Consider the two fuzzy numbers

$$\mu_A(x) = \begin{cases} (x+1)/2, & \text{if } -1 \leq x \leq 1 \\ (3-x)/2, & \text{if } 1 < x \leq 3 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad \mu_B(x) = \begin{cases} (x-1)/2, & \text{if } 1 \leq x \leq 3 \\ (5-x)/2, & \text{if } 3 < x \leq 5 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Use the interval arithmetic to find their product. (Klir & Yuan, sections 4.3-4-4).