

NBE-E4310 - Biomedical Ultrasonics

EXERCISE 2 (30p)

Independent/group work 31.1.2019 at 12-14; correct solutions 7.2.2019 at 12-14

Submission: Please submit your responses via MyCourses as one zip file containing your responses in pdf and Matlab format.

The deadline for submitting your Exercise 2 responses is at 11:00 AM on Feb 7, 2019.

1. Common measures of intensity (5 p)

A focused continuous wave is traveling along the z -axis. The file (I_ta.txt) contains a z -slice of intensity data in the x - y plane near the focus of the beam. Each element corresponds to the time average intensity (in W/cm^2) in a $100\ \mu m$ by $100\ \mu m$ area.

- Plot the time average intensity in the x - y plane near the focus and calculate the total power of the beam within a 2 mm distance from the center of the beam in the x - y plane. (3p)
- Calculate the I_{sata} in the region defined in a). (2p)

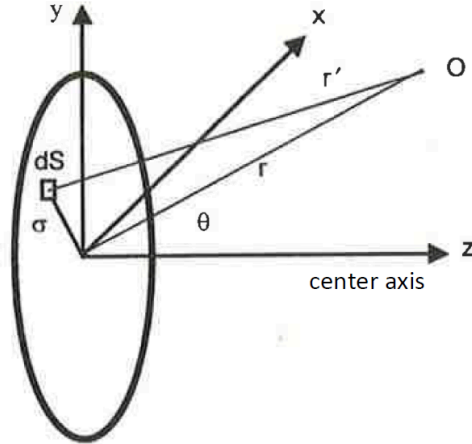
2. Radiation Force (5p)

You apply the field presented in Problem 1 to a perfect absorber. The entire power defined by I_ta.txt is absorbed.

- What is the radiation force exerted on the absorber? (3p)
- What is the maximum Langevin pressure applied to the interface, given that the interface is at the focus of the beam? (2p)

3. Transducers (20p)

Consider a circular ultrasound transducer of a radius $a = 6 \text{ mm}$ and operating frequency of $f_0 = 1 \text{ MHz}$ in water.



a) Calculate numerically the pressure field at the center axis z as a complex presentation. Plot the envelope of the pressure at the center axis in the near field. (5p)

Use the following expression:

$$p_z(r) = i \frac{p_0 k}{2\pi} \int \int \frac{e^{-ikr}}{r} dS$$

Consider the parameters given below:

$$p_0 = 1 \text{ MPa}$$

transducer element size = $50 \mu\text{m}$

b) Plot the numerical expression and analytical expression of the pressure at the centre axis. (5p)

Use the following analytical expression:

$$p_z(z) = 2p_0 \left| \sin \left\{ \frac{kz}{2} \left[\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{a}{z}\right)^2} - 1 \right] \right\} \right|$$

c) Consider the complex vector $p_z(z)$ representing the pressure at center axis. Plot an animation of 8 cycles of the pressure signal over the time $p_z(z) e^{i\omega t}$. (5p)

d) Calculate numerically the pressure field at the center plane xy as a complex presentation. Plot the envelope of the pressure at the center plane xy in the near field. Then plot an animation of 8 cycles of the pressure field over the time $p_{xz}(x, z) e^{i\omega t}$ (5p)