## **NBE-E4310 - Biomedical Ultrasonics**

## EXERCISE 3 (20p)

#### Independent/group work 14.2.2019 at 12-14; correct solutions 28.2.2019 at 12-14

Submission: Please submit your responses via MyCourses as one zip file containing your responses in pdf and Matlab format.

The deadline for submitting your Exercise 3 responses is at 11:00 AM on Feb 28, 2019.

# 1. Acoustic mercury "fountain" (2p)

An ultrasonic beam is focused on the surface of liquid mercury directly from below. As a result a  $100 \ \mu m$  tall fountain is formed. What is the  $I_{\rm spta}$ ? How about  $I_{\rm sppa}$ , when the duty cycle of the ultrasound exposure is 40%?

### 2. Geometric attenuation (6p)

Derive the expression of the geometric attenuation when the sound is produced by a:

- a) point source,
- b) line source.

#### 3. Cavitation (6p)

Calculate the resonance size for a bubble excited by 1 MHz Ultrasound in water,

- a) near the water-air interface at 1 atm
- b) at 10 cm depth

c) at 1 m depth

# 4. Ultrasound safety (6p)

The instantaneous intensity at the PNP is:

- a)  $1 \frac{W}{\text{cm}^2}$
- **b)**  $100 \frac{W}{\text{cm}^2}$
- c)  $1000 \frac{W}{\text{cm}^2}$

Which of these are likely to cause biological damage? Why?

Assume that the ultrasound is delivered in short pulses with no macroscopic thermal effects.