Preparing for a negotiation: a systematic approach

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Preparation Checklist

- 1. Analyse the environment: country, market, company, regulatory restrictions, cultural expectations etc
- 2. Estimate BATNAs yours and TOP's
- 3. Know your own INTERESTS, assess TOP's and prepare mutually beneficial OPTIONS
- 4. Decide on CRITERIA to support your proposals
- 5. Assess where your power lies; develop strategies to enhance it

Use the following worksheets to help you **prepare systematically** for your negotiation.

This checklist and the accompanying worksheets are based on ideas presented in *Getting ready to negotiate: a step by step guide to preparing for any negotiation*, Fisher and Ertel (1995); *Negotiation*, Harvard Business Essentials (2003); *Power and Influence*, Kotter, (1985); *Essentials of negotiation*, Lewicki, Saunders, Minton (1997); *The Negotiating Edge*, Kennedy (2003); *Built to Win*, Movius and Susskind (2009)

What key information do you need about the country, market, TOP before you begin negotiations?

How will other parties, particularly the government and regulatory bodies, affect the negotiation?

What is your relationship and history with TOP? How will that relationship affect the discussions?

How do people negotiate in that particular culture? What are their expectations?

What do you hope to accomplish as a result of the negotiations? What outcomes are you and key stakeholders within your organisation aiming to achieve? What is your mandate? What decisions are you empowered to make?

Who will be on your team? Will multiple interests be represented? Have you clarified the roles that each person will play during the negotiation process?

Done

2

2a. Determine and improv			Done
What are the possible alternatives to a negotiated agreement?	Pros	Cons	
1.			
2.			
3.			
Which would be the best alter	native and why?		
How could you improve your	BATNA?		

2b. Assess TOP's BATNA

What could they do to satisfy their interests if you fail to reach an agreement?	Pros	Cons
1.		
2.		
3.		
What would you do in their sh	oes? Which alternatives look be	st?

How could you make their BATNA seem less attractive?

3

Done

3. Know your interests, assess TOP's and prepare options

My interests	Possible options	Their interests
What do I care about?		What do they care about?
Issue 1.		
Issue 2.		
Issue 3		
Issue 4		
Issue 5		

Done

Done

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4. Decide on criteria to support your proposals

What criteria can we cite to persuade them our proposals are fair?

How could we create objective criteria if none exist?

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5. Assess power and develop strategies to enhance it Done

What kind of power do you possess? How can you enhance it?

What kind of power does TOP possess? How will they try to exploit their power?

Legitimate	Comes from having a recognised position or authority. Limited to the
	areas where it is recognised or valid.
Reward	Able to give something TOP that wants or withhold something they want
	or expect.
Coercive	Able to inflict punishment / generate fear if wishes /demands are not
	met.
Expert	The most acceptable type of power. Gained through experience or
	knowledge.
Referent	These people have attributes which other people admire or wish to
	emulate.
Connection	Who you know, the network you are able to draw on.
Information	You have good information sources which gives you access to the latest
	information that nobody else gets.