Organisational change in the digitalization era – how to bring the myth to life?

Milja Nohynek Karoliina Kettukari 14.3.2019



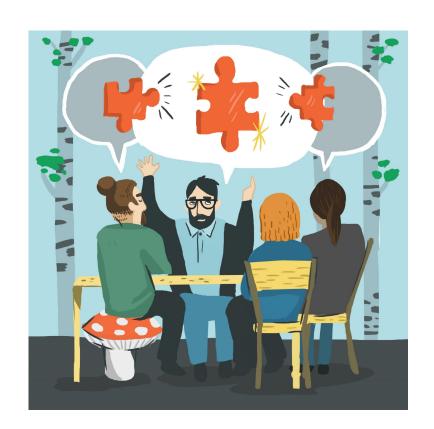
Nice to see all of you here!

- Introductions
- Bold promise
- Promising yet boring content
- Awkward assignment
- More boring content
- Everything you really need to know in one slide



Nice to see all of you here!

- Introductions
- Myth of change management by the book
- Change in self governance organizations
- Awkward assignment
- Reality check: change in large organizations
- Everything you really need to know in one slide



Your amazing lecturers

Milja Nohynek

- Driving digital workplace change at large Finnish organizations
- 6 years in consulting business
- Msc / Aalto University Business School



Karoliina Kettukari

- Co-creating modern digital workplaces and changing the organizational culture
- 7 years experience of improving internal communications and teamwork
- MSc / School of Management, University of Tampere



Our bold promise...

We will tell you everything you need to know about change in organisations

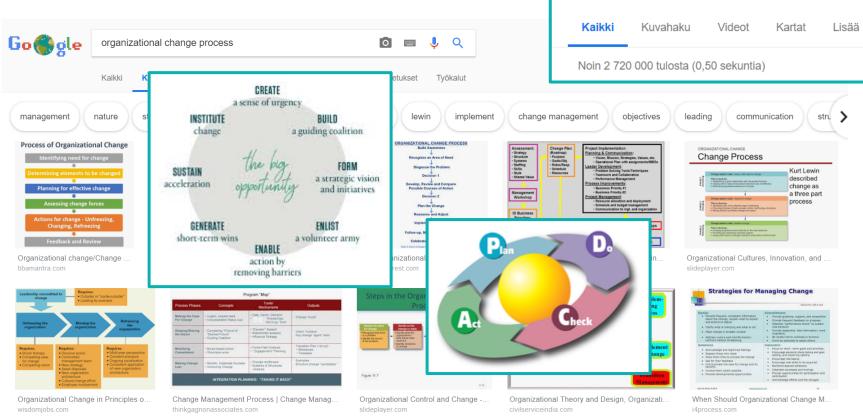
AND we will tell you why you can forget everything you just learned about change in organisations

Part 1:

Myth of change management process by the book



Everyone has an opinion





aalto university management of change

Change management theories are like beauty product ads. They give you (false) hope.

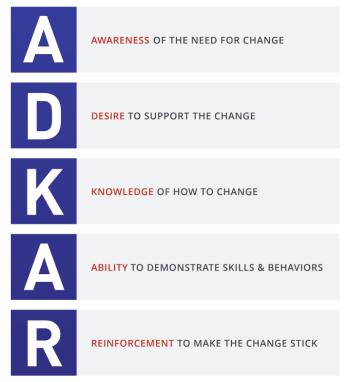




Case: from theory to practise



In theory: Prosci Adkar Model



Prosci Adkar Model

How the customer buys it





How we really do it

(confidential)



Good theories never work the same way in practice

Why?

Because we're humans, not objects

Part 2:

Change in self governance organisations



Background theory ;) Adaptive management of change

- Low to none hierarchy
- Giving and taking responsibility
- Open communication
- Co-creating
- Mindfulness
- Leadership and management as a narrative discourse
- Aims to empowerment of the employees and the organisation

Read more (in Finnish): Master's thesis: Mahdollistavan johtajuuden (ante)narratiiveja (2014)

Itseohjautuvuus in English

Self determination

Self organisation
Self governance

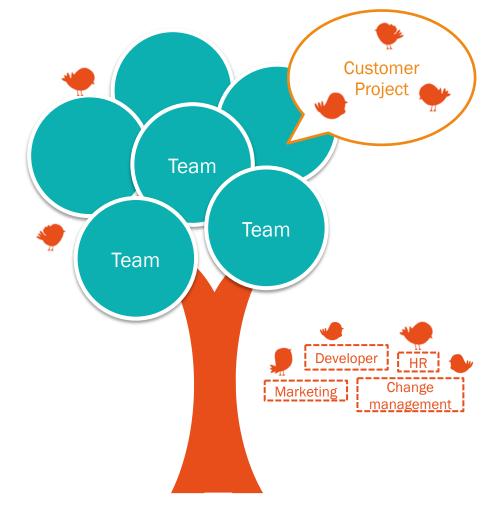
Self leadership

Empowerment
Shared leadership

Read more (in Finnish): Ellun Kanat: Kumpi itseohjautuu: tiimi vai yksilö?

Organization at Digital Illustrated

- 70 humans, 0 managers
- Flat organization
- DI provides facilities and sets economic constraints
- Self-organized teams based around customers and projects
- Virtual teams for competence sharing and support functions
- Coaches & mentors for personal development



What it takes to be self organised?

Be responsible

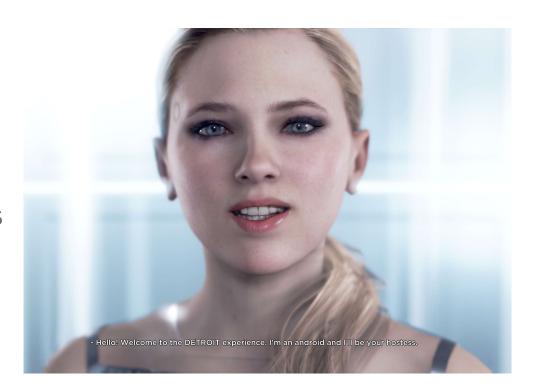
- Communication
- Focus
- Resilience



What it takes to be self organised?

Be human

- Empathy
- Where's people, there's structures
- Work and life balance



Be the change that you wish to see in the world

- If you want something to happen, do it yourself
- Be brave and experience
- Not all good ideas go viral
- Have patience: time is a relative construction



Knowledge sharing is power

- Open communication with centrified tools designed for work purposes
- Common work, common files
- Virtual teams
- Beer & Talk
- Breakfast Keynotes
- Retrospectives



Assignment time!

Get your phones or laptops ready



Go to www.kahoot.it

Join in with game PIN: XXYY

Read questions here on screen

You have 30 seconds to answer!



<u>Photo</u>

Part 3:

Reality check: change in large organisations



The story about the monkeys



If it was possible to ask the monkeys why they beat up on all those who attempted to climb the ladder, their most likely answer would be "I don't know. It's just how things are done around here."

Moral of the story?

Next time someone says, "That isn't how we do things here," ask the question "Why?" It may generate some interesting new thoughts and discussions. If not, tell them about the five monkeys and the bananas.

Disclaimer

Another moral of the story?

'That "Five Monkeys Experiment" Never Happened. Obviously.'

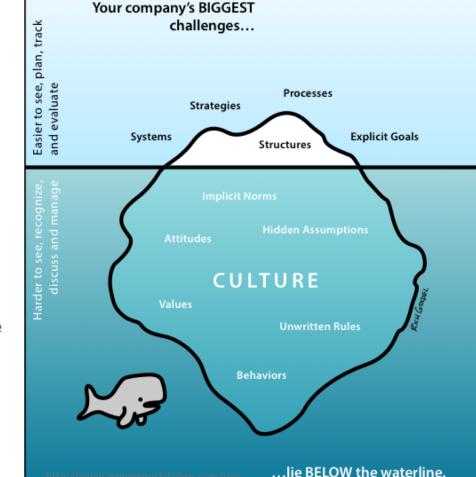
It's a story. On the internet.

Culture?

VISIBLE: Systems, strategies, processes, explicit goals, structures

NON-VISIBLE: implicit norms, hidden assumptions, attitudes, values, unwritten rules, behaviors

- -> When complexity of work grows, non-visible elements becomes more important than visible elements
- -> That's why it's important to focus on the non-visible elements of the culture more in knowledge work based organizations
- -> Which is hard and time consuming

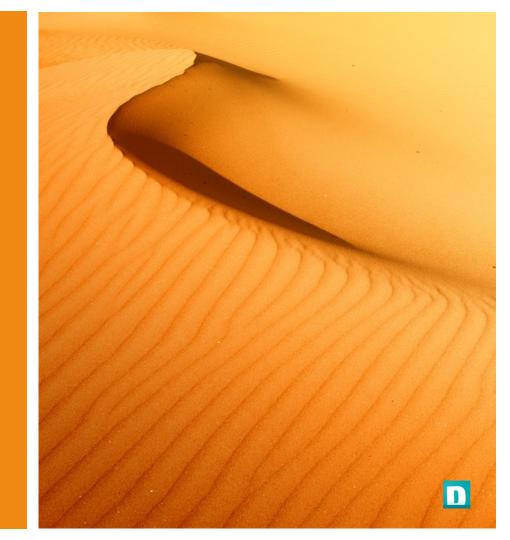


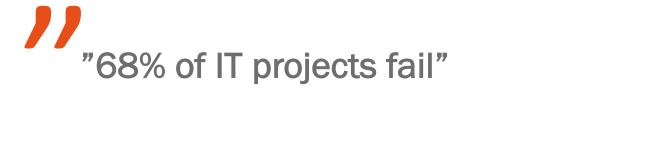


IT Projects are not about technology. They are about changing the way we work

Every (IT) Consultant, everywhere, all the time

Why everything fails?

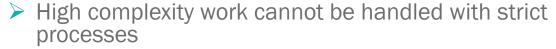




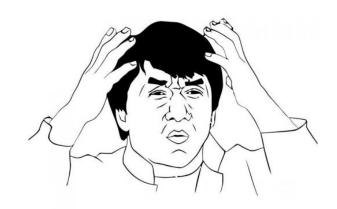
Why?

Legacy culture prevents digital adoption:

- Analogic tools and working habits
- Strict processes and control
- Authoritarian hierarchies



- No "one size fits all" –model because every context is different
- Too much focus on gluing new tools on old way of working



Change in IT in large organizations in Finland

..as seen from consultant's perspective:

- · Companies are moving to the cloud
 - Work from anywhere, anytime is starting to get more standard (wuhuu!)
- New tools emerge quickly



However...

Organizational "Game of Thrones" often prevent the best solutions to be made from the end user point of view



People experience "new tool fatigue"



There is huge gap between employees' digital skills





Millenials vs. Baby boomers

Millenials

- Trying new things all the time
- Collaboration & team work



Baby boomers

- "If you don't know how it works, you cannot touch it"
- Knowledge is power (& limited)



Citations from real-life situations

"I have no time to learn these tools"

"Personally I don't like to send messages."

"I cannot find the instruction paper on how to add the attachment to email, so can I send this issue to you tomorrow?"

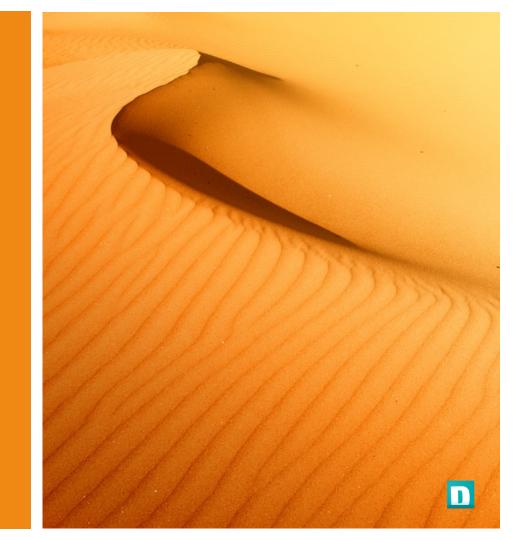
"Where can I find the Internet?"



Story of cucumbers and pickles



Cases:
How the change is actually happening in large organizations in Finland?



Case: Enterprise Social

"Enterprise social software (also known as or regarded as a major component of **Enterprise 2.0**), comprises **social** software as used in "**enterprise**" (business/commercial) contexts."

Adoption of Enterprise Social in Finland



Why Enterprise social projects failed?

- Enterprise social is not mandatory to use in traditional way
 - Like billing systems or time tracking systems
 - No easily visible connection to revenue
- Organizational context differed radically between organizations
 - Cases VR and YIT
 - "Presence of management was the biggest strength of Yammer adoption"
 - "Absence of management was the biggest strength of Yammer adoption"

Lessons learned: Different adoption tools we use now to drive change

- Background analysis
 - Culture & way of work analysis
 - Questionnaires, interviews
 - Pilots
- Excecutive & managerial buy-in
 - Top-management workshops
 - Business decision makers' workshops
 - Middle-management workshops
- Key user involvement
 - Change groups (all levels, top influencers)
 - Coach network
 - Virtual teams
- Employee-level workshops & trainings
 - Learning centers, videos, clinics for teams

Part 4:

Everything you REALLY need to know about change in organisations



OWNERSHIP BACK TO THE BASICS



WHAT'S IN IT FOR ME?







Thank you! Kiitos!



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