

$$\nabla \times \bar{E} = -j\omega \bar{B} - \bar{j}_m$$

$$\nabla \times \bar{H} = j\omega \bar{D} + \bar{j}$$

$$\nabla \cdot \bar{D} = \rho$$

$$\nabla \cdot \bar{B} = \rho_m$$

## SIMPLE DUALITY

|                                 |                                 |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| $\rho \rightarrow \rho_m$       | $\rho_m \rightarrow \rho$       |
| $\bar{D} \rightarrow \bar{B}$   | $\bar{B} \rightarrow \bar{D}$   |
| $\bar{E} \rightarrow -\bar{H}$  | $\bar{H} \rightarrow -\bar{E}$  |
| $\bar{j}_m \rightarrow \bar{j}$ | $\bar{j} \rightarrow \bar{j}_m$ |

Duality:  $\bar{E}_d = \alpha \bar{H}$   
 $\bar{H}_d = \beta \bar{E}$

$$\nabla \times \bar{E}_d = -j\omega \bar{B}_d - \bar{j}_{m,d} \Rightarrow \alpha \nabla \times \bar{H} = -j\omega \bar{B}_d - \bar{j}_{m,d}$$

$$= \alpha (\bar{j} + j\omega \bar{D})$$

$$\nabla \times \bar{H}_d = j\omega \bar{D}_d + \bar{j}_d$$

$$= \beta \nabla \times \bar{E} = \beta (-\bar{j}_m - j\omega \bar{B})$$

$$\bar{B}_d = -\alpha \bar{D}$$

$$\bar{j}_{m,d} = -\alpha \bar{j}$$

$$\bar{D}_d = -\beta \bar{B}$$

$$\bar{j}_d = -\beta \bar{j}_m$$

$$\nabla \cdot \bar{D}_d = \rho_d$$

$$= -\beta \nabla \cdot \bar{B} = -\beta \rho_m$$

$$\rho_d = -\beta \rho_m$$

$$\nabla \cdot \bar{B}_d = \rho_{m,d}$$

$$\rho_{m,d} = -\alpha \rho$$

$$= -\alpha \nabla \cdot \bar{D} = -\alpha \rho$$

$$\bar{D}_d = -\beta \bar{B} \quad \bar{E}_d = \alpha \bar{H}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{D}_d &= \bar{\epsilon}_d \cdot \bar{E}_d + \bar{\zeta}_d \cdot \bar{H}_d \\ -\beta \bar{B} &= \bar{\epsilon}_d \cdot \alpha \bar{H} + \bar{\zeta}_d \cdot \beta \bar{E} \\ \bar{B} &= \underbrace{-\bar{\zeta}_d \cdot \bar{E}}_{\bar{j}} - \underbrace{\frac{\alpha}{\beta} \bar{\epsilon}_d \cdot \bar{H}}_{\bar{\mu}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{B}_d &= \bar{j}_d \cdot \bar{E} + \bar{\mu}_d \cdot \bar{H} \\ = -\alpha \bar{D} &= \alpha \bar{j}_d \cdot \bar{H} + \beta \bar{\mu}_d \cdot \bar{E} \end{aligned}$$

$$\bar{\epsilon}_d = -\frac{\beta}{\alpha} \bar{\mu}_d$$

$$\bar{\zeta}_d = -\bar{j}$$

$$\bar{j}_d = -\bar{j}$$

$$\bar{\mu}_d = -\frac{\alpha}{\beta} \bar{\epsilon}_d$$

①

# INVOLUTION

$$(\bar{E}_d)_d = \bar{E}$$

$\underbrace{\hspace{1.5cm}}_{\alpha \bar{H}}$

$$\bar{H}_d = \beta \bar{E}$$

$$\alpha \bar{H}_d = \alpha \beta \bar{E} = \bar{E}$$

$$\alpha \beta = +1$$

$$\beta = \frac{1}{\alpha}$$

②

$$(\epsilon_0, \mu_0)_d = \epsilon_0, \mu_0$$

$$\epsilon_{0d} = -\frac{\beta}{\alpha} \mu_0 = \epsilon_0$$

$$\mu_{0d} = -\frac{\alpha}{\beta} \epsilon_0 = \mu_0$$

$$(\epsilon_{0d} \mu_{0d} = \epsilon_0 \mu_0)$$

$$\epsilon_d = -\frac{\beta}{\alpha} \mu$$

$$\mu_d = -\frac{\alpha}{\beta} \epsilon$$



$$\frac{\beta}{\alpha} = -\frac{\epsilon_0}{\mu_0}$$

$$\frac{\alpha}{\beta} = -\eta_0^2$$

$$\frac{\alpha}{\beta} = \alpha^2 = -\eta_0^2$$

$$\alpha = \pm j\eta_0$$

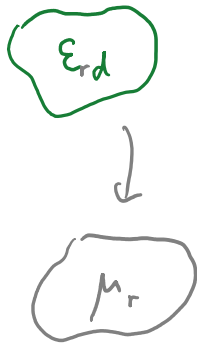
$$\begin{aligned}\bar{E}_d \times \bar{H}_d^* &= \alpha \bar{H} \times (\beta \bar{E})^* \\ &= \pm j \eta_0 \bar{H} \times \left( \pm \frac{j}{\eta_0} \bar{E}^* \right) \\ &= -\bar{H} \times \bar{E}^* \\ &= \bar{E}^* \times \bar{H}\end{aligned}$$

(Real part remains)  
invariant

$$\alpha = \pm j \eta_0$$

$$\beta = \mp \frac{j}{\eta_0}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\beta &= \frac{1}{\alpha} = \frac{1}{\pm j \eta_0} \\ &= \mp \frac{1}{j \eta_0} = \mp \frac{j}{\eta_0}\end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}\epsilon_d &= \epsilon_{rd} \epsilon_0 = -\frac{\beta}{\alpha} \mu = -\left(-\frac{1}{\eta_0^2}\right) \mu \\ &= \frac{\epsilon_0}{\mu_0} \mu_r \mu_0\end{aligned}$$

$$\epsilon_{rd} = \mu_r$$

$$PEC_d = PMC$$

$\delta$  large

$$\epsilon = \epsilon' - j\sigma/\omega$$

$$k_d = \omega \sqrt{\mu_d \epsilon_d} = \omega \sqrt{\mu \epsilon} = k$$

$$\begin{aligned}\eta_d &= \sqrt{\frac{\mu_d}{\epsilon_d}} = \sqrt{\frac{\eta_0^2 \epsilon}{\mu} \eta_0^2} \\ &= \eta_0^2 \frac{1}{\eta}\end{aligned}$$

$$\eta_d \eta = \eta_0^2$$

$$\epsilon_d = \frac{\mu}{\eta_0^2}$$

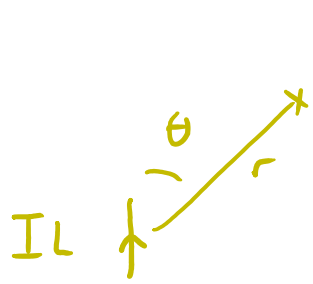
$$\begin{aligned}\mu_d &= -\frac{\alpha}{\beta} \epsilon \\ &= \eta_0^2 \epsilon\end{aligned}$$

∩

$$\partial \neq \quad + \quad \bar{J} = I L \bar{u} \delta(\bar{r})$$

$$\text{dual: } \bar{J}_d = -\beta \bar{J}_m = \frac{j}{\gamma_0} \bar{J}_m$$

$$\bar{J}_m = -j\gamma_0 \bar{J}_d \quad \frac{j}{\gamma_0} I_m L \bar{u} \delta(\bar{r})$$



$$\vec{E}_d(\vec{r}) = j\omega\mu_0 \frac{I_L}{d} \frac{e^{-jk_d r}}{4\pi r} \sin\theta \hat{u}_\theta$$

$$I_L = \int \partial \, dV$$

$$\alpha \vec{H}(\vec{r}) = j\omega\mu_0 (-\beta \frac{I_L}{m}) \frac{e^{-jkr}}{4\pi r} \sin\theta \hat{u}_\theta$$

$$\vec{H}(\vec{r}) = -j\omega\mu_0 \frac{\rho}{2} I_{mL} \frac{e^{-jkr}}{4\pi r} \sin\theta \hat{u}_\theta$$

$$= + j\omega\mu_0 \underbrace{\frac{1}{\gamma_0^2}}_{\epsilon_0} I_{mL} \frac{e^{-jkr}}{4\pi r} \sin\theta \hat{u}_\theta$$

## Self-duality

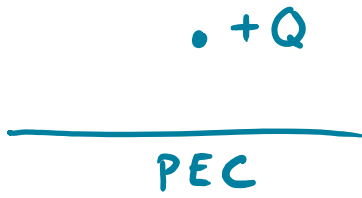
$$\bar{E}, \bar{H}$$

$$\bar{E}_+ = \frac{1}{2} (\bar{E} + j\eta_0 \bar{H})$$

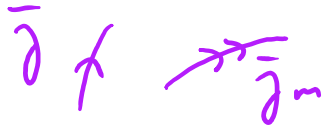
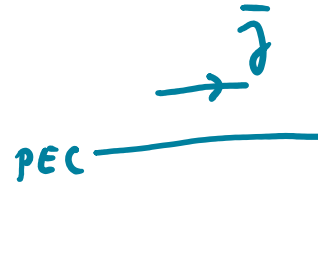
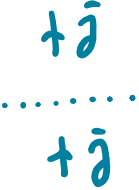
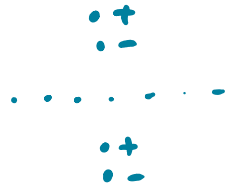
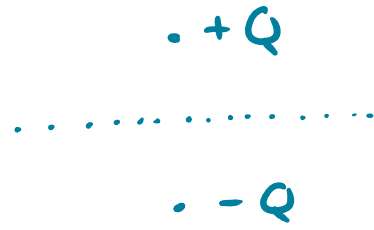
$$\bar{E}_{+d} = \frac{1}{2} (\alpha \bar{H} - j\eta_0 \beta \bar{E})$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left( -j\eta_0 \bar{H} - j\eta_0 \frac{1}{-j\eta_0} \bar{E} \right) = \bar{E}_+$$

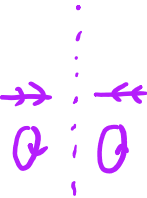
$$\bar{E}_+ \cdot \bar{E}_+ = 0$$



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TOP VIEW  
⊙ | ⊙

PMC



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PMC

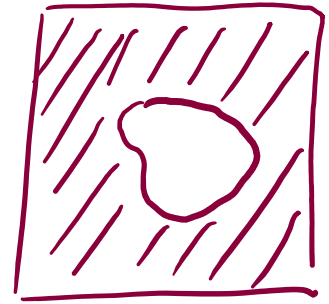


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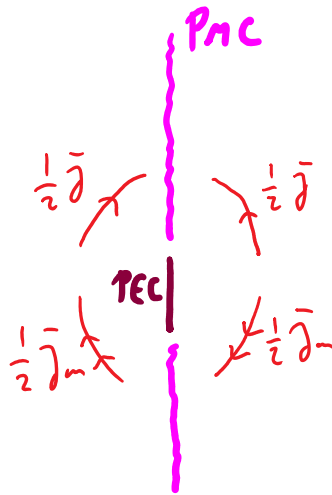
# BABINET



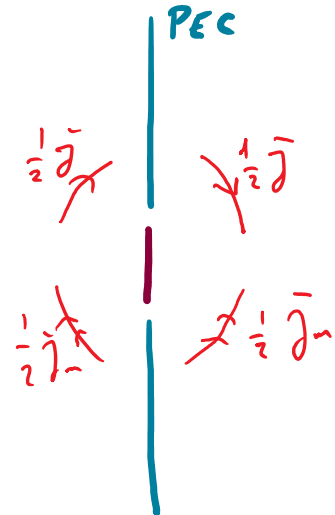
## PATCH



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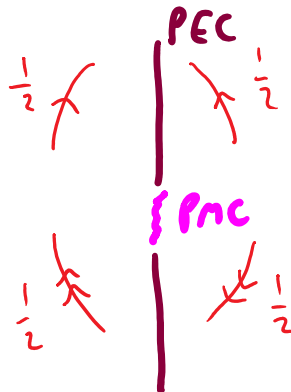
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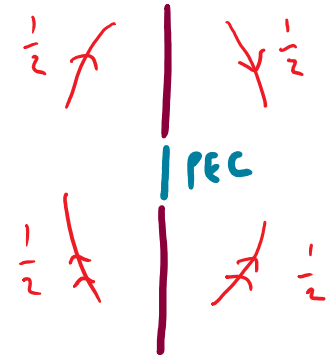
## APERTURE



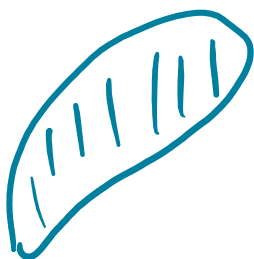
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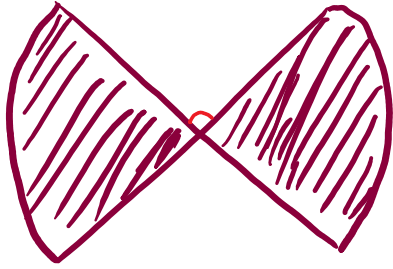


## SELF-COMPLEMENTARY ANTENNAS



$$Z_d Z = \left(\frac{\eta_0}{2}\right)^2$$

$$Z_d = Z \Rightarrow \underline{189\Omega}$$



BOWTIE ANTENNA